The Pittsburgh Commercial.

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LOCAL NOTICES.

Daily Prayer Meeting

From 12 m. to 12:30, at the Methodist Church, Fifth street, next to the Gazette office.

Burnett's Toilet Articles.

Cocaine, Kalliston, Cologne and Florimel; also Burnett's Flavoring Extracts of all kinds, and at the lowest rates at Fleming's Drug Store, No. 84 Market street.

The Triumph Cook Stove

With a Water Back, for supplying hot water for bath rooms, now on hand and for sale at Bissell & Co.'s, 235 Liberty street.

Bouquets.

At J. R. & A. Murdoch's, 127 Smithfield street, and

Joseph Horne & Co.,

Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fancy Goods, Ribbons, Notions, Trimming and Hosiery, Nos. 77 and 79 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Celebrated Triumph

Cook Stove for coal, warranted to cook, bake or roast equal to any stove in the Union. For sale by Bissell & Co., 235 Liberty street.

A New and Beautiful

[illegible] cheaper in price, for sale by Bissell & Co., 235 Liberty street. Call and examine.

Fine Grates

Summer Fronts and Fenders, very latest and best styles, for sale very low by Bissell & Co., 235 Liberty street.

The New Jackson

Cook stove for burning either coal or wood. The best combined stove in the market, now out and for sale by Bissell & Co., 235 Liberty street.

Havana Tobacco,

Yara, New York State, Connecticut, Leaf Tobacco, Branch of Julius Allen, 175 Water street, New York. Daniel F. Dunn, State street, corner Wood street, Pittsburgh.

Dry Goods at Wholesale.

We are offering full lines of Bleached and Brown Muslins, Prints, Ticks, Ginghams, and other cotton goods, making the largest stock in the West, and at less than Eastern prices. J. W. Barker & Co., No. 59 Market street.

The Daily Commercial

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Captain Phillips, Registration Commissioner and commander of colored militia, shot a man named Barth, at Gallatin, Tennessee, Saturday, inflicting a severe wound. Barth was intoxicated.

During the storm Friday night, about a dozen attempts were made by burglars to enter stores in various parts of Memphis. In one instance three were captured while attempting to blow open the safe in Tagg's paint store. In another three negroes attempted to enter Falconer's grocery on Madison street, by putting one of the members through the transom, but no sooner had he struck the floor when he was fired on and mortally wounded.

In consequence of the rain "commemoration day," or the ceremony of strewing flowers on the graves of the Confederate dead, was postponed in Memphis until Monday.

The *Central Christian Advocate*, the organ of the Methodist Episcopal Church in Missouri, states that while in 1862 there were but thirty-two ministers and 3,141 members of that church in Missouri, there are now about 200 ministers and 20,000 members, an increase of about 4,000 a year. It advocates the division of the State into two conferences, and predicts that four years hence they will each embrace 150 ministers and 20,000 members.

The St. Louis Baptist Union for Church Extension publishes its report for the year. Five church buildings have been finished, erected or purchased, two new churches organized, one new mission school established, and all the churches strengthened by accessions to their numbers. During the year the year the collections have been $15,297, and the expenditures $12,880. The outstanding liabilities of the Union at the time of the report were $25,517. Since the report was prepared there have been some additional donations received and others promised, and the Committee hope soon to report themselves out of debt.

A Port Jervis dispatch of Saturday says: The jury of inquest which has been in session since Saturday last, upon the body of Townsend N. Horton, who died from injuries received at the late disaster at Carr's Rock, rendered at four this afternoon the following verdict: "We find from the evidence given that Townsend N. Horton, of LaCrosse, Wisconsin, came to his death from injuries received on train No. 12 of the Erie Railway, Delaware Division, at Carr's Rock, Pa., on Wednesday, April 15, 1868, at 3:30 A. M., said train being thrown from the track by a rail broken in two places. We also find that the train was running at the rate of thirty miles per hour, between Lackawaxen and the scene of the disaster. From the testimony of officers of the road touching the condition of the track and quality of iron upon portions of the track, we deem the rate of speed too fast for the safety of passengers on the division."

Colonel Kelly, whose rescue at Manchester will be remembered, has returned to New York from a visit to Ireland.

A Havana dispatch says: Madame Ristori and troupe sailed to-day on the steamship Columbia for New York. Madame Ristori's gains during the season amount to over sixty thousand dollars in gold.

Late dates from Mexico are received. A great many foreigners were arrested during the past month, but only two expelled from the country, none of them Frenchmen. Negrete, with about two hundred men, was openly in arms against the Government. The war in Sinaloa was progressing. The revolutionists had three thousand men, and the Government troops, under General Corona, were about five thousand strong. The commerce of Vera Cruz and other towns was paralyzed. The worms had destroyed the cotton crop. Ortega's party was making strong exertions, and was allied with Chavi, Negrete, Lozada and others. Stages leaving the capital were almost regularly robbed. The war of races continues in Balize. The English are gaining ground.

Mexican intelligence by the steamer [illegible], confirms the reported submission of Gen. Jimenez to the supreme government in the State of Guerrero. Gen. Arce accepted his submission on behalf of the general government. In order to prevent further bloodshed Jimenez disbanded his troops. Affairs are quiet in Guerrero, and no opposition to the will of Alvarez. Advices from Guadalajara state that the commander of the forces was ordered to join Corona in Sinaloa, and refused to obey. [illegible] and Velasco have collected a force of about thirteen hundred, and are levying contributions on the inhabitants of the Bajio, which compels the general government to hold back troops for a new campaign.

The trial of Jesse Draper, a deaf and dumb negro, at Wilmington, Del., for murder, resulted in his acquittal. The fact was not denied, but the defense was conducted on the plea of deficient mental capacity. His own counsel failed to make him understand the proceedings.

The Mississippi Executive Committee has issued a call for the assembling of a convention on the 12th of May.

The Supreme Court of Louisiana has decided that a grand jury drawn under Gen. Hancock's order, composed entirely of white men, is illegal. Orders have been issued to discharge the jury. The Supreme Court has rendered a decision in the case of a negro convicted of murder, which was appealed from the District Court. The decision of the lower Court was reversed, and the indictment quashed.

The New York Trinity Church Corporation contemplate erecting a cathedral near Central Park.

President Eldridge, in his report to the Board of Directors of the Erie road, counsels the use of a portion of the large fund legalized by the Legislature in completion of a double track on the Delaware division, where the recent accident occurred, with steel rails.

A dispatch from Ottawa, Canada, dated Saturday, in relation to the McGee assassination says: The detectives have sworn to having overheard a conversation between Whelan and Doyle, in the jail, in which Whelan is said to have admitted to Doyle that he shot D'Arcy McGee, and that he would either be hung or go to the penitentiary for life [illegible]. He was prepared for either, and seemed to take pride in the idea that his name would be handed down to posterity as a great man. Doyle was placed in a cell adjoining Whelan's as a stool-pigeon to lead him into conversation, the detectives taking a position near by to listen. The evidence bears hard on Doyle as an accomplice.

The House of Commons on Friday night passed a bill providing for the support of the widow and family of McGee.

A large number of the sporting gentry left New York early Saturday morning, for a point in Warwick, to witness a prize fight between Robert Sellers, of Providence, and Peter English, of Baltimore. A posse of police followed them and reached there after the fight had been going on about forty-five minutes, in the second story of a fencing hall. Both parties were badly punished and nearly exhausted. [illegible]

[illegible] fering from the pistol shot wound in his head. The ball has never been extracted, and must ultimately result in death. There is a great interest manifested in this remarkable case.

Saturday was observed by the citizens of Jackson, Miss., in decorating the graves of the dead of the "lost cause." A monument to the memory of Colonel Robert Smith, of the 10th Mississippi regiment, was erected.

Bishop Hawks was buried Saturday, in Chicago, with imposing ceremonies. Bishops Whitehouse, of Illinois; Lee, of Iowa; Vail, of Kansas, and a number of clergymen from abroad were present.

Professor Charles Bronson, the celebrated teacher of elocution, died Saturday morning, in New York, aged sixty-six years.

Hon. Wm. C. Rives died at his residence at Castle Hill, near Charlottesville, Va., yesterday, in his seventy-fifth year.

The ceremony of the decoration of the graves of the Confederate dead occurred at Cave Hill Cemetery, Louisville, on Saturday. The weather was quite inclement, but notwithstanding several hundred persons were present.

Joseph Bloomgarten, who embezzled $22,000 from the Government in Louisville, some time ago, returned on Saturday from New York under arrest, and was taken before United States Commissioner A. J. Ballard. Bloomgarten waived examination, and in default of $15,000 bail, was committed to jail to answer the charge of embezzlement.

Mrs. Harriet Benham Prentice, wife of Geo. D. Prentice, of the Louisville *Journal*, died yesterday morning.

Captain J. C. Culbertson, a well known citizen of Cincinnati, died Saturday night, aged 77. He entered the army as ensign of the 22d regiment on the breaking out of the war of 1812, and was afterwards commissioned Captain. He was one of the organizers of the old Franklin Bank of Cincinnati.

The prize fight between Keating and Holliwood will take place to-day, at a point about fifteen miles below Cincinnati, on the Kentucky side. The parties will leave White Hall, opposite the foot of Fifth street, in boats at eight o'clock this morning.

The forty-ninth anniversary of Odd Fellowship in the United States was celebrated in Alexandria, Va., yesterday.

The extradition case of Charles H. Baker by special mandamus of the President of the United States, at the application of the British Minister at Washington, in behalf of the Canadian authorities, was again before United States Commissioner Gorham, of Buffalo, for examination on Saturday. Documentary evidence was introduced, witnesses examined, and the case postponed until Wednesday next. Great interest is manifested in the case, as it is thought if the prisoner is remanded to the British authorities, some developments will be made in reference to robbing the Royal Insurance Company.

BY MAILS.

Between seven and eight thousand emigrants have passed through New York during the past few days, coming chiefly from Saxony and Prussia. A Bremen letter says that emigration from that port has never been witnessed on so large a scale as at present.

The Germans of New York are making great preparations for the great International Schuetzen Fest which commences there on the 27th of June next. The fete will last for a couple of weeks, and will be, in all respects, one of the most imposing ever witnessed on this side of the Atlantic. Old Europe, as well as Young America, will be represented, and though the German spirit will permeate the whole, there are indications already that the native population will enter into the hilarity of the occasion with quite as much earnestness as the children of the Fatherland.

The Governor of Ohio has sent to the Legislature a communication from the Superintendent of the National Cemeteries of the Department of the Cumberland, in relation to Ohio soldiers buried in his department. He stated that he had explored 35,000 miles of army roads and found the exact location of more than 35,000 graves. The Governor recommends that correct lists of the Ohio soldiers be prepared for publication.

From our Maryland exchanges we learn that the fruit crop in Carroll, Allegany and Dorchester counties has not been seriously injured by the recent cold weather.

FROM TIDIOUTE, PA.

The Late Fire at Triumph City—Removal to Babylon—Oil Operations at Tidioute—Local Matters.

TIDIOUTE, April 23, 1868.
Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Commercial.

Although you may get news by telegraph nearly as soon as by mail, I have seen no mention of the destructive conflagration which destroyed the oil town of Triumph, last Saturday morning, the 18th. The fire originated in the United States Hotel, and in forty minutes time almost the entire village was a heap of ruins. Between twenty five and thirty buildings were consumed, many of the occupants losing almost everything. The fire is said to have been the act of an incendiary. An employee of the Triumph Oil Company was arrested on suspicion, but an investigation revealed nothing to connect him with the crime, and he was released from custody. Some of those who were burnt out have taken up quarters in Babylon, which had previously been almost deserted on the abatement of the oil excitement in that direction. Babylon is situated on a hill, a short distance between Tidioute and Triumph, and two years ago was one of the worst places in this region. Most of the buildings are now vacant, and the boys have spared no *pains* to make them look as unsightly as possible.

Business is moderate in Tidioute at present. Occasionally a new well is put down or an old one retested, but there is an absence of any excitement. Some of the principal oil operators here at present are Fisher Bros., Economy Oil Company, Tidioute and Warren, New York and Dennis Run, W. W. Hague, Porter & Seyhart, Ralston & Eckert, Shaw Bros., and Triumph Oil Company. The oil excitement now tends in the direction of Shamburg and Pleasantville, and many operators from here are securing leases and land at those places. Several flowing wells are now in operation at Shamburg and vicinity. Oil is not found at a less depth than nine hundred feet, and of course the expense of putting down wells is much greater there than at many other places.

As to other matters, our citizens have not been without intellectual entertainments and amusements during the winter. A course of lectures was provided, which were generally well attended and highly appreciated. B. F. Taylor delivered the last. Jas. E. Murdoch is expected to close the course. Several parties have also been given by prominent citizens at which fashion was not entirely ignored.

Rev. Mr. [illegible], for some years past Secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association of Philadelphia, has taken pastoral charge of the Presbyterian Church in this place, and entered on his duties a week or two ago. He is a young man, an earnest worker and seems to comprehend the peculiar wants of the church at the present time.

The M. E. Church, Rev. Jas. Sampson, pastor, has been closed for repairs.

But few traces of the fire which occurred here some months ago can now be seen. Most of the houses have been rebuilt. The new postoffice is one of the neatest in the State, and reflects credit on Postmaster Evans, who took for his model the offices in the larger cities.

But I will trespass no further than to say that the Commercial has a high reputation here, and is eagerly sought on the arrival of the evening train. Yours, A.

FROM MARTIN'S FERRY, OHIO.

Arrest of two Alleged Pittsburghers, Charged with Robbery—Suicide.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

MARTIN'S FERRY, BELMONT COUNTY, }
OHIO, April 25, 1868. }

Two men claiming to reside in Pittsburgh were arrested here Thursday morning, under the following circumstances. At an early hour two men were observed near the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad depot here in a suspicious manner, and having four heavy carpet-sacks in their possession. Policeman L. N. Sales was notified, and he promptly took them in charge and brought them before the Mayor. The carpet-sacks were opened and found to contain about $500 worth of goods, consisting of coats, pants, and men's apparel generally, they claiming they had bought them in New Orleans. The mayor subjected them to such a rigid examination that they finally owned they had broken open a store in Wheeling on Tuesday night, and taken the goods. They gave their names as John Ammon and William Seymour (or Terrence Kerr), saying their friends lived in Pittsburgh, and they had been on a trip down the river and were returning home. In the afternoon they were removed to Wheeling to await their trial.

John K. Newland, an old and respected citizen of this place, committed suicide yesterday, by shooting himself through the head with a revolver. The act was premeditated and caused by lowness of spirits. D.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

THE IMPEACHMENT TRIAL.

Argument of Mr. Groesbeck, of Counsel.

Williams and Stevens to Speak To-Day.

General Schofield's Nomination for the War Office.

Why Ewing's Name was Withdrawn.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

The Impeachment Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 25, 1868.

Mr. Groesbeck, of President's counsel, occupied the whole attention of the Senate to-day after a few moments spent in postponing a proposition of Mr. Edmunds to admit the official reporters to the final deliberation till Monday, and having read an order submitted by Mr. Sumner that the Senate will proceed to vote on the articles at noon succeeding the day the argument closes, and also a rule regarding the manner of voting on the articles, and prescribing that the presiding officer shall in case of conviction order the removal of the President from office. Mr. Groesbeck held the attention of the Senate from the first to the close of his argument. It was in the main *extempore*, delivered in an earnest, eloquent and dignified manner, and was in all these respects universally considered one of the very best efforts of the trial, and when he had finished the opinion seemed general that about the best thing had been said for the President which the case will admit.

It is conceded that both Mr. Williams and Mr. Stevens, of the managers, will speak on Monday, unless the debate upon the Edmunds order and the Sumner proposition consume too much time. The proposition of Mr. Edmunds is simply to have the official reporters take down the speeches made in their order under the rules adopted. It was not in any sense intended to promote delay, but only to preserve a full history of the deliberations had. Several Senators are trying to have the rule regarding speeches so amended as to allow each Senator to speak at length on each article. This latter movement is solely with the intent to delay as long as possible.

Since the very pointed demand of Mr. Nelson, of President's counsel, in his argument that the Chief Justice should assume judicial powers, some of the managers had an interview with Judge Chase to ascertain whether it was his intention to address the Court upon the law of the case after the managers had finally rested it. To this Mr. Chase replied emphatically in the negative.

Gen. Schofield's Nomination.

The nomination of Gen. Schofield as Secretary of War, turns out to be another move of Mr. Johnson made on his own responsibility, and without even consulting his friends. Even *ad interim* Thomas, who was at the Cabinet meeting as usual yesterday afternoon, knew nothing whatever of the contemplated move, and at first would not believe it had been made. But when finally convinced by the crowd in the hotel lobby where he first learned of it, he exclaimed, "well, it may be so; but at all events I am Secretary *ad interim* till Gen. Schofield is confirmed." It is understood that the name of Thomas Ewing was withdrawn at his request, and the publication of the speech of Ewing against the President's power of removal is said to be the real cause. General Schofield's recent visit to this city had nothing to do with the matter, but was wholly for purposes of consultation with General Grant regarding the condition of affairs in Virginia. General Grant has fully discussed the situation there with leading Republicans, and the action taken has been such as they approve. It is believed by all those that the President's offer of the Secretaryship of War has been made to Schofield for the purpose of making it appear that one at least of the military commanders indorses his action. It is fully expected that his success will be the same as in the case of Generals Sherman and George H. Thomas. The Senate will take no action in the matter, and if the move was made by the President to have any effect upon impeachment one way or the other, it has already failed.

Rousseau Arrived.

General Lovell H. Rousseau reached the city to-day from Portland, Oregon. He was summoned by telegraph on the 26th of March.

Anthony Trollope,

The English novelist, is in the city on a special mission upon postal affairs. He was in the diplomatic gallery of the Senate in company with the English Minister during most of Mr. Groesbeck's speech.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 26, 1868.

The Speeches To-Day.

Both sides are looking forward with great interest to the action of the Senate in the morning, upon the orders of Messrs. Edmunds and Sumner. The decision reached will afford a fair indication of the length of the trial. Both Messrs. Williams and Stevens are ready to go on in the morning. The former, to-night expects to speak three hours. The argument of the latter is about an hour long. On the part of counsel, it is now expected Mr. Evarts will follow these gentlemen, and that no other of counsel will speak. Mr. Bingham now supposes he may begin his argument on Wednesday, and that it will require two days. It is scarcely probable, however, that delay can be avoided. At no time since the trial began have the President's friends been more forward and even confident in expressing their belief of acquittal. This is so general as to excite much remark, and yet in the face of it all Republicans generally have some confidence in conviction.

Schofield's Nomination.

In connection with the nomination of Gen. Schofield, it has come to light that the President offered the place to Gen. Schofield a number of months since, and that the offer was promptly declined. He was in fact one of the first Generals the President attempted to draw into the political contest against Congress. His late visit here had nothing whatever to do with the President's late act, and in fact General Schofield did not see Mr. Johnson while here. Nothing was done with the nomination in the Senate.

Reconstruction Proceedings.

Gentlemen from South Carolina and Arkansas have arrived here with certified copies of the constitutions lately adopted by those States. They were acting under the impression that the subject could at once come before Congress by laying these copies before the Speaker of the House or President of the Senate, but the last supplementary Reconstruction bill provides that the President of the Convention of each State must send certified copies of the Constitution to the President of the United States, whose duty it is to transmit them to Congress. The next step is a joint resolution declaring the restoration of the State in case the Constitution is accepted, and this must go to the President for his signature.

Alaska.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs have not yet decided upon their report regarding appropriations for Alaska. The whole committee has not been together for quite a time. Of eight members assembled a few days since four were for the appropriation and four against it. The position of the absent members was not known.

Impeachment Trial.

Frank Moore, of the "Rebellion Record," is making preparations to print a full report of the impeachment trial.

Watch Presentation.

Hon. Joseph H. Barrett, late Commissioner of Pensions, has been presented with a very elegant gold watch and chain by his associates on the occasion of his leaving the Department. Mr. Barrett was one of Mr. Lincoln's first appointees.

Election Frauds in New Orleans.

A special to the *Chronicle* from New Orleans says prominent Republicans have filed affidavits [illegible]

To Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 25, 1868.

SENATE.

[illegible] ing in throwing the doors open to unlimited debate.

When the court opened, and the reading of the journal was completed, Mr. Edmunds moved to postpone action on his motion until Monday.

Mr. Drake moved an amendment to postpone indefinitely, which was lost by a vote of twenty-four to twenty-seven. The further consideration of the order was then postponed till Monday without division.

Mr. Sumner offered the following order:

Ordered: That the Senate, sitting for the trial of Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, will proceed to vote on the several articles of impeachment at 12 o'clock on the day after the close of the argument.

Senator Johnson objected, and it was laid over.

Senator Sumner—I send to the Chair two additional rules, the first of which is derived from the practice of the Senate on the trials of Judge Chase and Judge Peck.

They were read as follows:

RULE 23.—In taking the votes of the Senate on the articles of impeachment, the presiding officer shall call each Senator by his name, and upon each article propose the following question, in the manner following: "Mr. L——, how say you? Is the respondent guilty or not guilty, as charged in the articles of impeachment?" whereupon each Senator shall rise in his place and answer "guilty," or "not guilty."

RULE 24.—On a conviction by the Senate, it shall be the duty of the presiding officer forthwith to pronounce the removal from office of the convicted person, according to the requirement of the Constitution, and any further judgment shall be on the order of the Senate.

Senator Johnson again objected, and the rules went over.

Mr. Groesbeck then addressed the Senate on the part of the respondent. After a few introductory remarks, he proceeded to consider the question whether or not the Senate is now sitting as a court. He said he would not discuss it in the light of English precedents, but with reference to our own Constitution, which contemplated neither bills of attainder nor irresponsible tribunals to be laws unto themselves. He next called attention to the fact that the provisions of the Constitution as first drafted contemplated impeachment for malpractice and neglect of duty in office, but those adopted permit it only for treason, bribery and similar high crimes and misdemeanors. [illegible]

[illegible]

In regard to the constitutionality of that law, he adverted to the fact that those who formed it, he could not address with much hope of changing their opinion, but he would make the inquiry whether, assuming its constitutionality, the President's action could be deemed criminal. [illegible]

[At this point the Senate took a recess.]

[illegible]

The Court and Senate then, at 4:30, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

No business was done except the presentation by the Speaker of several executive communications. The members were, as usual, in attendance on the impeachment trial.

WASHINGTON, April 26.

COMMISSIONS PAID FOR SALE OF UNITED STATES BONDS.

Secretary McCulloch, in reply to a resolution of the House directing him to report the amount of commissions paid for the sale and disposal of the United States bonds, securities, &c., says:

Among other things it will be seen by Mr. Fessenden's letter of January 20, 1865, that having failed in negotiating the [illegible]

SECRETARY WELLES AND THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The Secretary of the Navy, in reply to a resolution of the House, says that the Department ordered the [illegible] to leave New London a day or two preceding the election, when no special necessity required it, [illegible]

FRACTIONAL CURRENCY.

The amount of fractional currency issued during the week is [illegible]

IMPEACHMENT SPEECHES.

Mr. Stanbery's health is rapidly improving. He yesterday dictated several thousand words of his closing argument for the President, and it is now supposed he may be well enough Wednesday or Thursday to read at least a portion of it. Managers Stevens and Williams will speak to-morrow. The former has had his argument printed, and will occupy about an hour in its delivery.

COUNTERFEIT FIVE CENT NOTES.

A number of counterfeit five cent notes of the last issue have been recently presented at the redemption bureau of the Treasury Department for redemption.

CHICAGO claims to be the third city in the United States, judged by the number of letters delivered. Says the *Times*: New York and Philadelphia are a little ahead, but not much, nor will they be long. One by one, Chicago is leaving behind its rival cities, until there now remain only two for it to pass. Give us ten years more, and Chicago will be neck-and-neck in the race of other cities on the western continent. The vote of Chicago last week, which was unusually large, indicated a population of about 200,000.

DISPATCHES from the Indian country indicate [illegible] Considerable amounts of stock have been stolen and many murders committed [illegible] Gen. Sherman [illegible] his departure from Washington.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Prince Alfred Slowly Recovering.

A CARD FROM MR. GLADSTONE.

The New Spanish Cabinet.

Trial of Clerkenwell Prisoners.

Important News from Abyssinia.

A Battle Fought Before Magdala.

THE TOWN CARRIED BY STORM.

King Theodorus is Slain.

Card from Mr. Gladstone.

LONDON, April 25.—Mr. Gladstone publishes a card denying, in lump, a host of personal charges against him.

Appointment.

The Earl of Kimberly has been appointed Governor of the Hudson Bay Company.

Spanish Cabinet.

MADRID, April 25.—Belda has been re-appointed Minister of War. Concha has been appointed Marshal of Camp. The policy of the new ministry will be identical with the former one.

Prince Alfred.

LONDON, April 25.—The particulars of the attempted assassination of Prince Alfred by an Irishman, named Farrel, known to be connected with the Fenian organization, are published. He shot the Prince in the back, on the 12th of March. The ball was not extracted for two days. The wound is dangerous and painful, but the Prince is doing well, even beyond the hopes of his physician. Recovery will necessarily be slow. Under medical advice he had sailed for England.

LONDON, Evening, April 25.—The attempted assassination of Prince Alfred has produced the most profound excitement throughout the nation. The press teems with denunciation of the assassin.

Clerkenwell Trials.

The trial of the Clerkenwell prisoners was resumed to-day. Four witnesses swore that the prisoner Barrett was in Glasgow on the 13th of December, the day on which the Clerkenwell explosion occurred, and though subjected to most rigid cross-examination, their testimony was completely unshaken. Many other witnesses were examined by the defense, when the case was rested.

The attorney General summed up the case for the prosecution. He urged that the proofs against all the prisoners was established beyond a doubt. He was compelled to admit, however, there were serious doubts about the complicity of Timothy Desmond, but there was no doubt in the case of Barrett. He ridiculed the attempt to prove an alibi in his case, and said all the efforts in that direction had been strongly outweighed by direct proof. The court adjourned till Monday.

Reduction of Prussian Army.

BERLIN, April 25.—Count Von Bismarck says officially that the loss of the bill relative to the Federal debt, which was withdrawn from Parliament on account of a disposition on the part of the liberal members to amend, will put an end to the building of ships and fortifications at once. The reduction of the Prussian army to the peace footing will begin on the first of May.

Important from Abyssinia.

LONDON, Sunday evening, April 26.—Despatches from Abyssinia give the following intelligence: A battle was fought on Good Friday before Magdala, between the British troops, commanded by General Napier, and the Abyssinian forces under the King in person. The latter were defeated and retreated into the town. Their loss was very heavy. On the Monday following General Napier ordered an assault upon Magdala, and the town and citadel were carried by storm. King Theodorus was slain, a large number of his warriors killed, wounded and taken prisoners. The entire capital remained in the possession of the British forces. The loss of the British was small.

All British captives were found in the city and alive and well, and were set free. Gen. Napier's instant return to the seacoast is expected.

French Fleet in Japanese Waters.

PARIS, April 26.—In consequence of the recent troubles in Japan, and the outrages committed there on French seamen, the French fleet in Japanese waters is to be augmented, and orders to that effect have been issued from the Minister of Marine.

Marine Exposition.

Many American naval officers are expected to be present at the opening of the International Marine Exposition at Havre.

Recovering.

LONDON, April 26.—Dispatches from Sidney, New South Wales, dated March 31st, state Prince Alfred was recovering from the effects of his wound.

Russian Minister at Paris.

LONDON, April 26.—Count De Stockelberg, the present Minister of Russia at Vienna, has been appointed to succeed Baron De Budberg as Russian Minister at Paris.

Shipping Intelligence.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 26.—The steamer Saxonia, from New York has arrived.

London Money Market.

LONDON, April 26.—Illinois Central shares were strong after the close of the stock market yesterday, and quoted at [illegible].

United States Bonds at Frankfort.

FRANKFORT, April 26.—Bonds quoted to-day at [illegible].

Havre Cotton Market.

HAVRE, Evening, April 26.—The nominal quotations of cotton to-day were 132f for tres ordinaire in port, and 152f to arrive.

Antwerp Petroleum Market.

ANTWERP, April 26.—Petroleum 42f.

How They Make General Grant a Drunkard.

Mr. Frederic Law Olmsted tells, in a letter to the *Nation*, a very instructive story. As the General Superintendent of the Sanitary Commission he had occasion, early in 1863, to visit Gen. Grant, at his headquarters just above Vicksburg. His assistant, Mr. E. Knapp, was with him. They were received by the General on board a steamboat, and engaged in conversation, sitting over a table on which was a pitcher of water with some glasses. The General gave them an account of the condition of his campaign, which then wore a very unfavorable appearance.

General Steele had just been foiled in an attempt to get around Vicksburg by way of the Sunflower; the idea of passing below the city by means of a canal across the peninsula from Young's Point was not promising; and there was a great doubt what should be done. Gradually the General was led into a review of the whole undertaking. "We were impressed," says Mr. Olmstead, "as much by the remarkably methodical clearness of the narration as by the simple candor and ingenuousness with which it was given to us who, the day before, had been strangers to him. He took up several hypotheses and suggestions, and analyzed them in such a way as to make prominent the uncertainties and uncontrollable elements which were involved in them; and I could not but think, so musing and quietly reflective was his manner, and yet so exact and well arranged his expressions, that he was simply repeating a process of 'thinking it out,' in order to assure himself that he fully comprehended and gave just weight to all the important elements of some grand military problem, the solution of which he was about to undertake." While they were thus engaged, a lady came past the curtain, behind whose screen they were sitting, to deliver a memorial to the General. He rose to receive it, and stood with one hand on his chair while she spoke to him. He then made an appointment for his medical director to call upon her the next day on the business she had presented, and she left, when the conversation was resumed.

A week or two later, Mr. Olmsted's companion, Mr. Knapp, met the same lady at a hotel in Memphis. She lamented the drunken habits of Gen. Grant, and, by way of proof, said that she had seen the General on board of a steamboat, near Vicksburg, carousing with two boon companions, and that he was so tipsy when he spoke to her that he had to steady himself by leaning on a chair; moreover, his voice was thick and he spoke incoherently. The next day, being ashamed to see her himself, he sent his doctor to find out what she wanted. Mr. Knapp then told her that, having been one of the boon companions whom she had observed with the General on the occasion, and that having dined with him and been face to face with him for fully three hours, he not only knew that he was under the influence of no drink stronger than the unqualified mud of the [illegible]

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

SOUTHERN ELECTIONS.

North Carolina.

RALEIGH, April 25.—Returns from the State come in slowly. Those received by mail to-day render the ratification of the Constitution quite certain. The Radicals claim ratification by several thousand majority. The additional reported majorities for the Constitution are as follows: Guilford, 500; Forsyth, 700; Wilkes, 600; McDowell, small; Warren, 1,281; Cumberland, 500; Rockingham, 400; Davidson, 600; Burke, 115; Washington, 452; Granville, 500. The reported majorities against the Constitution have been reduced in Alamenz to 50; in Orange to 400; Iredelle, 700; Catawaba, 676; Union, 300; Gates, 231; Caswell is reported Conservative by 150 majority, but this is doubtful.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 25.—Sufficient returns are received to warrant the conclusion that the Constitution is ratified by a small majority. This is conceded by the Conservatives. N. Boyden is probably the only Conservative elected to Congress. He has a majority of 2,500.

Georgia.

SAVANNAH, April 25.—The county vote is 15,120, 190 of which are challenged, nearly all the straight radical ticket. The city vote is still being counted; it will probably be Monday evening before the counting is through. Gordon is said to be ahead so far of Fitch, and is about 100 ahead in the city. Baker county, Gordon 390 majority; Ware county, Gordon 100 majority; Fitch, 200; majority for the Constitution, 300. Price county, for Bullock, 124 majority; Clift 99; Appling county, Gordon and Fitch have large majorities; against the Constitution 254; other counties have not been heard from.

AUGUSTA, April 25.—The election returns are conflicting. The Democrats claim Gordon's election by a small majority, but admit the ratification of the Constitution. The Republicans claim Bullock's election by 20,000 majority.

MACON, April 25.—Official, Pike county gives 268 majority for Gordon, and 261 majority against the Constitution. Clayton, Gordon 349, Bullock 326; Constitution 446; against the Constitution 225. Fayette, 74 majority for Gordon and 9 majority for the Constitution. Henry, 76 majority for Gordon, and 86 majority against the Constitution. Schley gives Bullock 389, Gordon 374; for the Constitution 390, against the Constitution 366. Ferrill gives Gordon 892, Bullock 337; for the Constitution 311, against the Constitution 866. Quitman, Gordon 366, Bullock 6; for the Constitution 17, against 356. Crawford gives Gordon 535, Bullock 514; for the Constitution 511, against 538. Clay, Gordon 438, Bullock 319; for the Constitution 412, against 434. North, Gordon 248, Bullock 84; for the Constitution 89, against 225. Baldwin, Gordon 713, Bullock 996; for the Constitution 990, against 733. A negro Representative and Senator were elected. Marion, official, gives 351 majority against the Constitution, 428 majority for Gordon, and Tift for Congress 415. A Democratic Representative was elected. Taylor, 33 majority against the Constitution and 39 majority for Gordon. Purill gives for the constitution 219, against 69; Gordon 95, Bullock 199; Fitch, for Congress 90, and Clift, 188. Muscogee gives 590 majority for the constitution and 520 majority for Bullock. In Baebe county the count will not be complete until Monday. The prospect is that the vote will be very close. Washington, unofficial, the entire Democratic ticket is elected by 150 to 200 majority. Sumter, unofficial, a small majority for Gordon and both Democratic Representatives elected. Dougherty, official, majority for the constitution, 552; for Bullock, 546. The county officers are all Radicals. Chattahootchie, official, the vote on the constitution is 394 for and 512 against; Gordon 557, Bullock 277. Stewart is reported to have gone Democratic by a large majority.

SAVANNAH, GA., April 26.—Of the election in this city the count at twelve o'clock last night was as follows: Bullock, Republican, 2,614; Gordon, Conservative, 2,614; for the Constitution, 2,619; against the Constitution, 2,459. The majority for the Republicans so far as heard from in this city and county is 1,800. The counting will be resumed to-morrow. Leverne county gives Bullock 673, Gordon 225, Clift 670, Fitch, 114. Several disturbances occurred last night and night before. The policemen were fired upon and numerous arrests made.

AUGUSTA, GA., April 26.—Richmond and Burke counties will give Bullock and the Constitution from 3,000 to 4,000 majority. The radicals claim the district by 1,000 majority.

Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.—Further returns from the country do not materially affect the results of the election already given.

What the Abyssinians Think of the English.

The correspondent of the *London Daily News*, accompanying the Abyssinian expedition, writes as follows from Antalo: "I asked yesterday one of our interpreters, a gentleman who resided for a considerable time in Abyssinia, what was the native opinion regarding us. He said, first they disbelieve that you are bona fide Christians; they say, 'You certainly pretend to be so, but you never come to our churches except to look at them; then, you do not kneel down or kiss the ground. You drink coffee, you eat the unclean hare and even the pig.' How they discovered this last item I don't know, as I have seen no tame swine to eat in Abyssinia. The same gentleman told me that there were two bonds of sympathy connecting the inhabitants with us—dollars, and hatred to Theodore; and that it was to the last he attributed the fact of our transport being so little plundered. When Theodore is conquered he considered our small parties must look out, as the wealth they carry with them may then be an irresistible temptation to the Abyssinians. With regard to our military strength, those who know the population say that the impression made is not what we would expect; our numbers at first produced an effect, for all our camp followers, our real source of weakness, at the commencement of the campaign, when there were a great many of them, were set down as fighting men; but this has been much lessened by what in Europe would make an army respected namely, our habit of paying for everything, and molesting no one. This they say is the conduct of traders, not of soldiers. Our tactics, and our movements from column into line, utterly despise they believe that, man to man, they are superior to us. Our cannon certainly interest them; but then those of Theodore are much bigger. Two points alone shake their conviction in their own superior fighting power; first, we are evidently taking a great deal of trouble to meet the King, whom none of their own princes care to confront; secondly, we are undeniably possessed of a large number of excellent fire-arms, such as they themselves covet more than anything else in this world; but to the discipline shown by our soldiers they do not attach any weight, and do not yet acknowledge the moral and physical superiority which the white man feels he possesses over the black and the brown."

A Portrait of Gladstone.

Here is a graphic pen portrait of Gladstone, the great English liberal statesman: "He is a broad-browed man, with a pale, darkish visage, and fine, earnest look, has lost the forefinger of one hand, by accident, and, they say, has suffered from neuralgia ever since; one often sees him putting one hand over the other, while his countenance indicates pain; and if he rises to speak at such times his opponent commonly gets the benefit of it. He speaks gravely, in a deep baritone voice, and a hard, curt, nervous, methodical manner, sometimes rising into eloquence, sometimes sending out little bullets of epigram or epithet, which go straight to the mark and always tell. A man more baited, more villified, more misrepresented than Mr. Gladstone has been does not exist in England—during the fight over his defeated reform bill, he attained a temporary pre-eminence in this respect over Mr. Bright. The tories hate him personally—first, because his heart and brain having outgrown his aristocratic predilections, they regard him as a deserter from their ranks; secondly, he is neither a nobleman nor a squire. There is no getting over that in England, you know—unless you are very rich. Mr. Gladstone doesn't hunt, nor keep race horses, nor gamble. He is simply one of the first commoners in the realm, a statesman, a scholar, and a philosopher. Hence the natural antipathy of the "country party," the ruddy, robust wearers of blue coats and white or buff waistcoats, the descendants of Squire Westerns of Fielding's days, "a set of human beings *fruges consumere nati*—born to consume the beasts of the field, or as it is commonly called, the game," and whose only function in the legislature was to vote, "ditto to Earl Derby," to cheer their friends as they do the hounds while hunting, or to hoot their foes like bedlamites broke loose for a holiday. Finally, he is high-church in religion (I have heretofore identified him with the minister Selwyn, of Shirley Brooke's clever novel of Aspen Court)—but so liberal in sentiment that he has praised Ecce Homo in Good Words—and he likes to introduce an apt classical quotation in his speeches."

CHICAGO has not yet determined on the place for holding the Republican National Convention. The *Tribune* of Tuesday says: "We understand that the committee having this matter in charge are taking steps to provide a more commodious place of meeting, either by securing and fitting up one of the large skating rinks, or by erecting a temporary structure on the lake shore. We have entire confidence that the arrangements made for the accommodation of the convention will be satisfactory to both delegates and spectators, and worthy of the city and the occasion."

THE Galaxy for May prints over the signature "T. W." a list of [illegible] William B. Astor at their head, [illegible] the assessed property of the city [illegible] lives, and of [illegible] from pure Yankee stock, [illegible] from the Huguenot-French, and two from the Scotch, or Scotch-Irish.

THE OIL REGIONS.

Affairs at Pleasantville—New Wells and Increased Production—The Tidioute Oil Field.

The oil territory about which the most interest now centres in Venango county is that at Pleasantville. Enterprising and energetic business men are locating there, and the growth of the town, already great, bids fair to be permanent. Blocks of buildings are going up, and as the situation is in the midst of a fine agricultural region, it is believed Pleasantville will be one of the liveliest towns in the entire oil regions. Thirty-two new wells are now being put down in that vicinity. The "spiritual well," whose strike caused the rush to that locality, is said to be yielding one hundred and fifteen barrels of oil daily, by actual measurement.

Since the early part of the present month about fifteen new wells have been completed in the oil regions, and the Titusville *Herald* says eleven of them are now producing oil in paying quantities. On upper Cherry Run the Ring well on lease No. 110 of the Atkinson farm, was first tested about ten days ago, and the production is now fifty barrels. The Allshouse well, on lease 98 of the same farm, has been pumping about one week, and the production is at the rate of one hundred and twenty-five barrels. The Fee well No. 2 and the Thompson well, both located on the Atkinson farm, have been pumping about eight days, and the production of the former is one hundred, and of the latter fifteen barrels per day. The well on the Tollman farm, near the Atkinson farm, which was struck about five days ago is producing about one hundred barrels per day. This well is flowing through the casing. On the Rooker farm, at Pithole, a thirty barrel well has been struck. On the Benninghoff farm, two new wells have been tested, which are each producing from seventy-five to one hundred barrels. On the Woods Farm, pumping was commenced on a well four days ago, and it is now producing about one hundred barrels. In the Tidioute district, two new wells have been tested, and each of them is producing about fifty barrels per day. The amounts which are given as the production of all of the above wells may be safely set down as the highest which have actually been reached. It is probable that three or four of them will increase slightly in production during the coming week. As all of the wells are being pumped, they cannot be counted on with any degree of accuracy, to produce more than four-sixths of the time. The actual increase of the product by these new wells will probably not reach over four hundred and fifty barrels per day.

Affairs in Pithole are quiet. The *Record* says: Well No. 198, Rooker Farm, mention of which we made a few days since as being nearly ready to test, has been pumped with but an indifferent show up to Friday night when the oil came to the surface in large quantities, and for the first twenty-four hours produced thirty-six barrels of oil by measurement. This well was brought up to its present production by the use of a "blower" or rotary pump, which are used for the purpose of increasing the flow of gas. By its use enough gas was procured to run several wells in the immediate vicinity. The fortunate owners are Messrs. Ruby & Murray, old oil operators. The Rooker Farm oil territory has not "run dry" as is supposed by many, but on the contrary bids fair to yield a great deal of oil yet. Two or three wells on this farm will soon be finished.

In a review of the Tidioute oil field, the *Journal* of that place has a hopeful view of the future, and says events seem to foreshadow a larger measure of promise for that territory than any other in the whole oil region. The editor concludes as follows: "With an average daily yield equalling that of two years ago—a steady production of oil in proportion to the capital spent in developing new territory—an increased home and foreign demand—a marked upward tendency in prices—large tracts of territory capable of development all around us, and an enterprising stable and reliable business population, we see no reason why our growth and prosperity should not be in proportion to the apparently inevitable and general increase of demand, and if these premises are correct the conclusion is an obvious one, that the best day of the Tidioute oil field is yet to come and the present favorable 'signs of the times' are the heralds of its speedy dawning."

A Novel Gunboat.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* gives an account of a gunboat named the *Staunch*, which has recently been completed for the British Admiralty. The boat, which was recently tried at sea, off the mouth of the Tyne, was built upon the proposition and plans of Mr. George Rendel, of the firm of Sir William Armstrong and Company. The following is an account of the boat:

This vessel, though wholly insignificant in appearance and cost, represents some very novel principles. She is only seventy-nine feet long and twenty-five feet beam; her draught of water when loaded, six feet, and her displacement one hundred and fifty tons. She has twin screws, driven by two pairs of condensing engines, of twenty-five horse power (nominal) combined, giving her a mean speed of seven and a half knots. She carries as heavy a rifled gun as any in the navy, and, to all appearance, carries it most efficiently. The gun, a 12 1-2 ton 9-inch Armstrong, is mounted in the fore part of the boat, in a line with the keel, and fires through a bulwark or screen over the the bow, which is cut down and plated something like that of a Monitor. Thus placed, it is easily worked in a rolling sea, and its change of position by recoil does not appreciably affect the trim of the vessel. At the same time, to provide for heavy weather, it is made capable of being lowered into the hold, so as to relieve the little vessel of its deck load, and enable it to carry the weight as cargo. Machinery is also employed for the purpose of working the gun, by which means more than half of the ordinary gun's crew can be dispensed with. The operation of lifting and lowering is performed by simple but powerful machinery.

During the recent trials, the gun, with its carriage and slide, and the platform carrying them—weighing in all twenty-two tons—was raised and lowered in a rough sea, with the boat rolling 11 deg. each way, in from six to eight minutes. When the gun is lowered the gun-well is closed and the deck is left perfectly clear, but in a few minutes the gun can be again brought up ready for action. For working the gun small capstan heads on deck are used. These are turned by machinery from below, and instead of the gun tackles being hauled by a large gun detachment, one man on each side has merely to take a turn with his rope round the nearest of the revolving capstan heads. The capstan, upon his tightening his end of the rope, draws the rope for him, and on his slackening his end frees it. Thus the gun is run in or out, or trained right or left, with great ease and precision. In the same way shells are run up out of the shell room, and other analogous services performed. This simple method of economizing manual labor has been already applied in many ways, such as for drawing trucks and moving heavy weights in railway goods stations, in conjunction with hydraulic machinery. With such assistance, during the trials of the *Staunch*, the 12½-ton gun was easily handled by six men instead of sixteen, and fired with extra charges of 56½lb. of powder, and 285 lb. shot. It must be observed that very little, if any training is requisite with the gun of the *Staunch*. The vessel is so small as to be a sort of floating gun-carriage. Her twin screws enable her to turn rapidly in her own length. Her helmsman is placed just behind the gun. The gun, therefore, can be laid by rudder right or left with far more ease and speed than any gun of similar weight otherwise mounted. During the recent trials with the engines driving reverse ways, the vessel made the full circle in her own length in 2¾ minutes. With both engines going full head, she made by the helm a complete circle of seventy-five yards diameter in 2¼ minutes. The *Staunch* is wholly unarmored. Her strength and security lie in her great gun and her diminutiveness. And she must be considered as one of a flotilla of similar vessels. Sixty such could be built at the price of a single armor-clad frigate, and ten of them, acting from different points, doubling in their own length, escaping into shallows, sheltering under forts, would drive off, or render a good account of any hostile vessel venturing to attack our harbors. Primarily, they are intended for harbor defense; but the power of lowering the gun and carrying it as cargo would afford a great security for these vessels at sea, and enable them to be sent from harbor to harbor with safety. The *Staunch* is now to be sent round to Portsmouth, where she is to be attached as experimental gunboat to the gunnery-ship *Excellent*.

Disraeli as His Enemies See Him.

The London correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* thus gives one of the two extreme views regatding the character and abilities of the new English premier:—

His face is a blank. As his supporters cheer, he looks into vacuity, as some preachers do when they know every eye is upon them. A black curl lies upon his forehead, and his neckerhief is tied with studied negligence. But to all observers he appears indifferent. He neither smiles nor frowns, nor looks inquisitive. When he speaks, it is with excessive deference to the house. The only compliment he would ever bring himself to pay to Sir Robert Peel, was, that he was the greatest "member of Parliament,"—not the greatest Statesman,—of his age, and this is what Disraeli is striving to become. He watches every passing humor of the house, and trims his sails. Not too far does he carry his deference. He knows what Parliament will stand and what will nauseate it, and he can affect an independent tone with anybody. But still it is as I have said; he studies men, not principles, and his system successful up to now, is undergoing its severest trial. How insufferable it is to men of a different temper of mind [illegible] Mr. Disraeli's lips, [illegible] a charlatan's reign.

POLITICAL ITEMS.

Pure and Undefiled Democracy.

The following article appears as editorial in *The La Crosse Democrat*, the most popular and widely-circulated Democratic journal in the Union—a paper that has probably twice as many subscribers in the party as *The World*, and ten times as many as *The Albany Argus*. That the sentiments expressed in the article are those of the party at large cannot be doubted, though very likely nine-tenths of them would deny that they held any such opinions. When they rush by thousands to the support of the beastly, profane, and indecent sheet which indulges daily in such writing, their denials of sympathy with the articles amount to nothing:

THE CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATIONS AWAKENING.

These *long-haired imps of niggerism* and bitter foes to true religion, the Young Men's Chrstian Associations (so called) who infest the State of Wisconsin, have issued a "call" for a general love-feast of the brethren, to be holden at Madison this week. The ostensible object of the pow-wow is to extend the evangelical faith into the rural districts through the efforts of lay missionaries, the brethern claiming that the people are so anxious for orthodox religion that the regular ministers cannot supply the spiritual wants of their flocks; hence the necessity that the lay brethern do *lay hold and flop round in the Lord's vineyard* until they do lay out the unbelievers. This plausible yarn may do for school marms or wheezy Puritans, but to the mind's eye of an able bodied working white man, it looketh amazingly like a huge Sabbath school lie. In the first place, *the demand for Evangelical faith is dull with a downward tendency*. Thousands of high-pressure divines are out of commission, perambulating the country, selling the "lives" of the Late Lamented, peddling patent Itch Killer, and picking up a precarious subsistence in various other itinerant callings, for which their ministerial experience has well qualified them. In the next place, *who ever heard of a great missionary effort being started in the Spring, at the commencement of the busy season, when every one is hurried*, while the dull Winter months were allowed to pass by unimproved.

No, the true object of the forthcoming Devil's Auction, or Young Men's Christian Association campaign, is to put a large force of semi-clerical vagabonds in the field to browl through the country, *dead-beating it all around, sponging their victuals*, organizing prayer circles on the Ethiopian basis and setting up Grant clubs in every town, village and hamlet. *What care the bankrupt scoundrels, who compose the Y. M. C. A. for the cause of Christ and him Crucified?* Who ever knew a broken down scalper (on the Chicago or Milwaukee Boards of Trade) who failed and settled up at 20 cents on the doller, three years paper, that was not a loud-mouth member of the Assoiation? Who ever knew a man go through bankruptcy on false affidavits and bogus schedule, who was not a hard praying member of the Association? Where is there *a defaulting bank clerk, a thieving Railroad officer or a dishonored merchant, who is not a stockholder in the Y. M. C. A. cities?* In the Western cities their rooms are generally located near the Board of Trade, who compose most of their membership, and it is notorious that no such collection of *finished, polished, heartless rascals*, are to be found elsewhere on the planet as the men, who compose these same Boards of Trade. The mongrels are using their religious understrappers to sandwich bondholding politics in between their hymns and sermons. And it devolves on Democratic journals and speakers to warn people against the Satanic *white nigger mobs, known as Christian Associations*, Aid Socities, Mission Clubs, etc, Democrats, avoid them as you would the plague. Protect your children from their insidious wiles; they are the bastard foes of you and *your* God. The Almighty is wiping the foul breed from the face of the earth. Their missions, their assoications, and their reign will soon terminate. White men, we must checkmate those *psalm-singing hypocrites* this year, and their power will be gone forever.

American Eating Habits.

The amount of poor food eaten and drinks consumed by Americans, is quite astonishing to Europeans. They profess to be disgusted with flannel cakes and divers Yankee flirtations with the palate, which abound in this country, and announce in high sounding phrases that there are considerable families of the human race who are strangers to the witchery of plantation bitters and Bourbon whisky. The amount of ice-cream eaten by a country lassie shocks the fastidious Frenchman and the Englishman holds up both hands in holy horror wondering what kind of leather is used in the manufacture of American stomachs.

Possibly, as Mrs. Caroline H. Dall says in her book, the College, the Market, and the Court, the delicate ladies of Fifth Avenue who order their ices and creams flavored with vanilla or pearjuice, may not know that bituminous coal, rope ends and creosote, furnish a larger proportion of the piquant seasoning than the blossoming bean or the orchard tree, but every man of science does. This is one of the fine art aspects of eating, which it will not do to pursue too far, as it will bring us face to face with every repellant fact of nature, and we shall find ourselves drinking at a turbid fountain instead of the pure hillside stream. We simply mention this fact in connection with a view to checking somewhat, if possible, the habits of those who consume such enormous quantities of it, much to the detriment of their health as well as purse.

American society is not yet old enough to produce that rare product, the epicure, and we hope it never will be. When men think more of their stomachs than they do of their brains, they have ceased to be useful; when the artificial is placed before the natural, a great mistake is made, and the decay of all that is pure, beautiful and healthy, commences. Nevertheless, it is undoubtedly a truth, that the American people need educating in the gastronomic art, and that a little more attention paid to the subject of fine eating would do ourselves and table credit.

The quantity of food which we eat, as well as the quality, needs to be taken into consideration. For the present we are simply "death on victuals;" we annex food by the wholesale, hurry it away, and drink, standing at bars, afterwards. We help each other to an abundance, and fill up our tables until they smoke to heaven with the steaming fragrance. Some of the dinner table scenes on board the steamers which ply upon the Hudson between Troy, Albany and New York, when a group of traveling western merchants, farmers or drovers, on the way to the metropolis sit down with a bill of fare in their hands to order, are highly amusing to those who know the capacity of the human stomach, and have anything like a fastidious appetite. The varieties of food which they order, gathered from fields and waters, are extraordinary, although some of the materials are exceedingly delicate, if they are not spoiled in cooking.

The American cook has a rough hand, and attacks a pineapple like a potato, and probably will continue to do so as long as she is imported raw from Ireland and remains in her ignorant condition, with no Prof. Blot to whisper a kind word in her ear. It will do but little good to teach American ladies the mysteries of French soups and pastry as long as they are content to stay in the parlor, and play the harp or piano. As times go, the opera of the Grand Duchess has more charms than the manufacture of a grand dumpling; and the singing of Parepa Rosa, is finer than the music of boiling potatoes, it is better to witness Pipell than to make pies, and Don Bucefalo throws the roasting beef into the shade. Education must begin in the kitchen—at the very foundation of the house. It will not only improve the quality of the food sent up through the dumb waiter, but it will pay as a matter of economy.

PIUS IX. wishes to make a display of his military strength, and for that purpose will concentrate the greater part of his army in Rome for the ceremony of Easter-Sunday. By leaving the outside post to be garrisoned by the French, it is thought that he will be able to muster pretty nearly fifteen thousand, and the double object will be accomplished of giving them his blessing and having the splendor of the pageant much augmented. As the breach with Austria widens, the Pontiff becomes more completely dependent upon France, and although there will continue to be a show of opposition to policy dictated from the outside, the Imperial *ipse dixit* will be pretty likely to give the law in the long run.

Voluntary Testimonial.

The following unsolicited and unexpected testimonial will speak for itself:

"This is to certify that I was afflicted for several years past with discharges from both my ears, which was very painful—losing my hearing partially, which Dr. Aborn, at 134 Smithfield street, has entirely cured in a few days treatment, without any pain. As six months have elapsed since my cure was effected, I feel confident it is permanent. I will cheerfully answer all inquiries.

DAVID WOODRUFF,
BRIDGEPORT, Beaver Co., Pa., April 22, 1868.

Dr. Aborn, Eye and Ear Surgeon and Physician for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Office 134 Smithfield street. tf

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BOARDING—Two Young Men can be accommodated with good Board, and well furnished Room, by addressing "Boarding," Commercial office.

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BOARDING--EMPLOYMENT

WANTED—AT THE EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 249 Penn street, Fifty Men to work a Stone Quarry near the city; One Hundred Coal Miners to go to the best mines in West Virginia; good pay and steady work. Also, Clerks, Agents Mechanics, and all kinds of help. Situations of all descriptions obtained. Applicants by mail enclose 25 cents, to insure correspondence. GEO. T. HEBARD & CO., 249 Penn st.

THE PITTSBURGH BOARDING HOUSE BUREAU, 249 Penn street, furnishes every one with such board as desired. Furnished Rooms to rent. GEORGE T. HEBARD & CO.

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE PROPERTY—The Property lately occupied by Alexander McKee, at the mouth of Chartiers Creek, near the Rocks, and embracing about Six Acres, with the large Frame Dwelling of Ten Rooms and Finished Attic, with large Barn, Stable, Ice House, and other Out-buildings, Garden, Fine Orchard of different varieties of Fruit; good Pump, plenty of water all year round, and everything suitable for a comfortable home. Apply at 167 Wood street, up stairs. HUGHES & BECKER, Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

FOR SALE--CITY.

FOR SALE—STOCK—$5,000 E. Ball & Company, Canton, (Ohio), Reaper and Mower Stock, for sale. The Company will declare a dividend of 25 per cent. this year. Address "Stock," Canton, Ohio.

FOR SALE—HORSE—The Bay Horse taken up by the Police, and advertised to be sold on Saturday last, will be sold to-day at 3 o'clock P. M., by Public Sale, at the Stables of Rody Patterson, Jr., on Fourth st. MATTHEW I. GREENE, Chief of Police.

FOR SALE—FAST HORSE—That well known fast Horse "Mike Goodwin." He is a chestnut sorrel, about 15 hands high, in good order. Has made his mile in 2:32. Will make a first-class Family Horse. For further particulars address HARBOUR & DITTMAN, 143 Main street, Wheeling, West Virginia.

FOR SALE OR LEASE—COAL MINE—Valuable Coal Mine, twelve miles from city and City Depot, for sale at a bargain or will be leased for a term of years. Is thoroughly improved and stocked with everything necessary to the business, and has large established trade. Proprietors have business requiring their absence for several years. Address, with real name, Postoffice Box 1,292, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT—A Patent Right that will pay well. Inquire at No. 1,018 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY—A new and well fitted Photograph Gallery in Lawrenceville; good skylight. Sold with or without instruments. G. A. WHITE, corner of Butler and Sycamore streets.

FOR SALE—SEWING MACHINE—One of Grover & Baker's celebrated Family Sewing Machines, can be bought at a bargain. Address Box 4, Commercial office.

FOR SALE—ENGINE AND BOILER—Second-hand Portable Engine and Boiler, 10-horse power, in good order, very cheap, can be seen at C. C. LAMM & CO.'S Spoke Factory, near Union Skating Park, Allegheny city.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE PROPERTY—That desirable Lot of Ground on the corner of Sixth street and Foster's alley, 33 feet front by 100 feet deep.

Also, a Lot on Webster street, No. 140, 24 feet front by 90 feet deep to Wide alley, having two Brick Houses, each containing six rooms, erected on the rear end. Inquire of SAMUEL HARPER, Attorney-at-Law, 93 Diamond street.

FOR SALE—REFINERY—Located on Oil Creek, five miles above Oil City. Has all the late improvements and excellent facilities for shipping Refined and receiving Crude Oil; capacity 400 barrels refined per week. Price $12,500. Address SCOTT, CRANE & CO., Tarr Farm, Pa.

FOR SALE—TWO SCHOLARSHIPS—One of Commercial Colleges of this city. Apply to this office.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Two front Rooms, furnished or unfurnished, suitable for one or two gentlemen. Corner of Watson and Boyd streets.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Handsomely furnished Rooms to let for gentlemen. Apply at 31 Hand street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS WITH POWER—Inquire of C. C. LAMM & CO., Spoke Factory, near Union Skating Park, Allegheny city.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—Two small Houses in Sixth Ward, four and five Rooms. Rent low. Inquire at 121 Center Avenue.

FOR RENT OR LEASE—WAREHOUSE—No. 153 Wood street, between Fifth and Sixth streets. Apply to H. W. OLIVER, corner Water and Market streets. tf

FOR RENT—ROOMS—Two furnished rooms, suitable for gentlemen's sleeping apartments, within a few minutes walk of Market street. Terms moderate. Address D., Pittsburgh Postoffice.

FOR RENT—ROOM—A Furnished Room suitable for Single Gentlemen or a Gentleman and Wife. Inquire at 157 Second street.

FOR RENT—HOUSES—One of the Cottages near the Fair Grounds, in Pitt township. Possession given immediately. Also, Store on the corner of Market and Second street. For terms, apply at office of Mrs. E. F. DENNY, No. 66 Third street. tf

FOR RENT—OFFICES AND ROOMS—In the new building erected by the Keystone Savings Bank, 293 Liberty street, corner of Garrison alley. Immediate possession given. For &c., apply at the Bank.

EXTRA DINNER TO-DAY
AT
HERBST ORDINARY,
NO. 64 FOURTH STREET,
THE ONLY PLACE IN THE CITY WHERE
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
CAN GET AN
ENJOYABLE MEAL,
AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

Among our patrons are to be found representatives of almost every business and banking house in the city. The Bill of Fare to-day embraces all kinds of

MEAT DISHES,
WITH
GREEN PEAS, TOMATOES, GREEN CORN,
LETTUCE AND OTHER LUXURIES.
ICE CREAM AND WATER ICES.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received by the Water Committee of the City of Pittsburgh, until 7 o'clock P. M., of

TUESDAY, MAY 12th,

FOR THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:

AN ENGINE AND PUMP,

At the Lower Works, suited to present building, and of equal capacity to the Engine erected at the Works in 1866.

Sealed Proposals will also be received for furnishing the Lower Works,

FIVE BOILERS,

Each 42 inches by 26 feet, with two 16-inch Flues, Smoke Stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums. Also, for

FOUR BOILERS,

At Upper Works, each 40 inches by 26 feet, two 15 inch Flues, Smoke Stack, Steam Pipe, Steam and Mud Drums.

Proposals will also be received at same time for

LAYING WATER PIPE

During the present season, on such streets and alleys as may from time to time be directed by the Committee.

Details of the proposed work, and specifications of the Machinery, can be procured at the Office of the Water Works, or at the Lower Works, after the 28th instant.

Terms—Monthly Cash settlements.

[illegible]

JOSEPH FRENCH,
Superintendent Water Works.

NINETY-THREE SHARES UNION [illegible] [illegible] A. McILWAINE, Auct.

The Daily Commercial

MONDAY, APRIL 27, 1868.

THE COMMERCIAL is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.

As proof of the estimate placed on the market reports of the COMMERCIAL, we will state that they are regularly copied by the New York Economist, Shipping List, Iron Age, and other papers of like character in that and other cities, and that leading English commercial papers and circulars regularly reprint them with credit. There is within five hundred miles, hardly an Iron Factory, Oil Refinery, or leading manufactory of any kind that is not a subscriber to the COMMERCIAL, principally, because its reports are the only full and reliable given of the Pittsburgh markets.

WEEKLY COMMERCIAL.

Presidential Year—20 Copies for $25.

In clubs of twenty the WEEKLY COMMERCIAL will be sent for $1 25 a copy—but in no case will an order for less than twenty be received. This reduction has been made to meet the wishes of many friends who stand ready to give the COMMERCIAL an extensive circulation.

At this rate it is the cheapest—as it is one of the largest and best—papers in the country. Besides political reading, each number will contain all the news, a large variety of Literary, Agricultural and Home Reading, and the fullest Reports of all the leading markets of the country. The market reports alone are worth ten times a year's subscription.

Our friends everywhere are requested to act as agents. Address,

COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

CROP AND FRUIT PROSPECT.

Our friends everywhere will confer a favor by writing us briefly concerning the grain and fruit prospect, and the farming and business prospect generally. We shall be obliged for any item of local interest that may be within their knowledge.

THE returns from Georgia and North Carolina are better, and leave scarcely any doubt that in both States the new Constitutions have been adopted. The Democratic rejoicing over those States was premature, for in both it is highly probable the Republicans have been successful, as they have been also in Louisiana and South Carolina.

IT looks now as though the present week would elapse before all the speeches in the impeachment case are delivered. The Hon. THOMAS WILLIAMS it is understood will speak, and perhaps Mr. STANBERY will be able to make the argument he has prepared. Mr. EVARTS will close for the defense and Mr. BINGHAM for the prosecution. There is some talk that considerable time may elapse thereafter before the verdict is reached. The belief that when it does come it will be against the President, is now all but universal.

SOME of the Washington dispatches repeat a rumor which was afloat some time ago, that the President will resign, and that his resignation has been written, and will be sent to the Senate when his counsel have concluded their arguments. In regard to such a rumor, it is to be said that Mr. JOHNSON is not likely to manifest so much good sense as must lie back of such an act; and if he did send in his resignation, it is extremely doubtful if the Senate would, at this stage of the trial, accept it; since it would be permitting him to escape the full penalty of his offense. The acceptance of his resignation would contravene settled principles, though the proceeding would not be seriously found fault with.

SO generally is it taken for granted that Mr. WADE will succeed Mr. JOHNSON that nearly everybody has left off speculating about the verdict and taken to Cabinet making. Within the last week material for half a dozen cabinets has been selected, but whether Mr. WADE has been materially assisted thereby is at least doubtful. A correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* sums up as follows:

> "The candidates thus far are largely from Western [illegible] General Butler [illegible] Mr. Boutwell [illegible] Horace Greeley [illegible] Postmaster General [illegible] Secretary of the Interior [illegible] Mr. Wade in the Senate [illegible] March 4, 1869, and a successor has already been elected."

MEXICO is in our market for as many millions as she can negotiate for. Our people are not likely to lend to her on any ordinary terms. The last batch of bonds peddled off here are not in high repute. Nevertheless, parties no doubt could be found here who would furnish almost any amount on such security as Mexico could give. Nowhere else can she borrow a dollar, and her necessities are immediate and great. Our people want land, particularly Lower California and Sonora. These would be ample security, or a sale outand-out of these districts could be effected, we presume. To this, or something like it, we scarcely question will Mexico come at last. Let her offer terms like these and she can get plenty of money in Wall street. It is not strange, however, that those at the head of affairs should refuse to offer them yet; for they well know that the security pledged would ultimately be sacrificed, with perhaps all that remained of the so-called Republic, for it is her habit not to pay except on compulsion. It is probable, therefore, that they will resort to whatever is in their power before pledging any part of Mexican territory, though with any other security, their efforts must be fruitless, more especially as a coin loan is wanted.

THE earnings of the thirteen leading railroads of the country show an aggregate increase in four years of eighty per cent. We can safely conclude that in the next four years the increase will be still greater. Every line between the West and the seaboard is now taxed to the extent of its capacity, and new ones even now are a necessity. The completion of the Allegheny Valley and the Connellsville Roads will supply links whereby two new lines will be opened between all the West and tidewater. The policy of the Pennsylvania Central in virtually abandoning the Fort Wayne, except as an instrument to advance its purposes, renders the construction of these two roads of the highest consequence to the Fort Wayne. The Pennsylvania Central has a business fully equal to its capacity, and without another track cannot participate to any considerable extent in the prospective increase. There will be trade enough for the two new routes, and the Fort Wayne has the highest motives for assisting to complete them. It is noticeable that notwithstanding the great increase in railway traffic in the last few years, the commerce of Philadelphia has, during that time, increased little or none at all, which is a virtual decline. The Central Road is now, to all intents and purposes, run to and for the benefit of New York, and Philadelphia is scarcely so much as second in the calculations of those who control the policy of the Company.

The Pennsylvania Central is no less a New York road than the Erie and New York Central. It is manifestly Philadelphia's duty to look at her interests. New York is putting out long arms to control the commerce of the West, and Baltimore is setting an example Philadelphia would do well to imitate. The Allegheny Valley Road affords her a chance to obtain a competing line to the West, and she can, if she will, have a continuation of the Connellsville to her direct.

Leaving out of the account local interest wholly, the business of the country fully warrants the construction of new railway lines. In the competition for the internal commerce of the country, Philadelphia has suffered herself to fall behind. She may yet repair the damage she has sustained. The same is true of the Fort Wayne road, for the managers of that company have suffered themselves to be run around, and lose that which will cost a struggle to regain. To participate in the prospective increase of business, the Fort Wayne must secure independent connections eastward, whereby it will emancipate itself from the control of an enemy.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD AND NEW YORK.

So satisfied are the Erie Directors that DREW and VANDERBILT are acting in collusion and "cooking up" an arrangement for their own benefit and not for the public, that they seriously think of removing the former from his position as Treasurer of the Erie Company. That these great gamblers, either separately or alone, would hesitate to do almost anything, no one believes. When the New York Chamber of Commerce lately resolved that the supremacy of New York depended on free railway competition, they enunciated a policy which they are never sure of realizing so long as DREW and VANDERBILT control the roads connecting that city with the West. The Chamber probably have as much reason now for protesting as ever they had; and if that body take an enlarged view of our internal commerce and its relations to New York, as affected by railroads, they will not consent to depend wholly on the lines which already exist, but will turn their attention to new and independent routes. This view of the question is undoubtedly the true one for the commercial men of New York to take; and we invite their attention to the Allegheny Valley road as eminently worthy of their confidence and support. When completed this road and its connections will constitute the shortest route and the easiest of grade of any between New York and all the principal points in the West. A small part of the aggregate losses by New York in consequence of the DREW-VANDERBILT imbroglio, within the last month, would secure to that city this route in one year. We apprehend that its advantages are not properly understood by the commercial men of New York; that they do not realize how easily can be secured an unbroken and independent line for both freight and passengers that would defy competition. At the very least its construction would add another to their list of great roads to which New York is so much indebted for her commercial supremacy. The enterprise has made a progress and is in hands which should enlist the co-operation of New York. Since the Chamber of Commerce have manifested a disposition to guard the vast interests they represent against the encroachments of monopoly, we suggest that it would be entirely consistent with this purpose to assist in the construction of an enterprise which more than anything else yet proposed will tend to destroy monopoly, and add materially to the Railway advantages which New York already possesses. Let the Chamber, therefore, inform itself in regard to the Allegheny Valley road, and prepare to extend to it encouragement equal to its importance to the commerce of New York.

A VERDICT BY BALLOT.

As a reason in support of the suggestion that the Senate should decide the President's case by ballot, the New York *Times* says this mode is the "best possible means of enabling Senators to vote conscientiously and without regard to the "tremendous pressure," which, according to all accounts, is being brought to bear on the minds of members." This is as false in logic as it is unjust as a reflection on the members of the body to which reference is made. It is another way of saying that Senators have not the courage to act honestly unless secretly; that unless the decision is by ballot, the oath they have taken will be deliberately violated. The adoption of the ballot for such reasons as these would be a disgraceful confession. We may safely conclude that Senators who need such a cloak to enable them to keep their oaths and record a "conscientious" verdict, would not scruple to use it to perpetrate an outrage. It certainly is not a forced inference that the ballot is wanted to shield those who intend, if they can do it and not be known, to cast their votes under unworthy influences, and as the means of enabling them to yield to the "tremendous pressure" without incurring the penalty. The argument of the *Times* is suggestive of the idea that members of the Senate are ready to do in secret what they dare not do openly; and the adoption of the ballot under such circumstances would inevitably give color to the suspicion which the reasoning of the *Times* is calculated to create.

SENATOR YATES, of Illinois, has written a letter making a full confession of his habitual and disgraceful drunkenness and promising complete reformation—a promise he has frequently made and as often broken. In his letter he seems to think that those who have complained of his habits and demanded his resignation or removal, are actuated by a policy opposite to friendship. He refers to his repeated backslidings as his "misfortunes," and intimates that they afford those who opposed his election to the Senate "occasion to congratulate themselves upon the verification of their prophecies of evil" concerning him. Conceding everything, this is not the language the gentleman should employ, and it is not likely to gain him much sympathy.

THE *Herald* correspondent dishes up a mess of rumors floating about the capital concerning change of administration. We quote as follows:

> The great trouble is to find a Secretary of the Treasury. Wade favors E. B. Ward, of Detroit, an [illegible] capitalist, who has made several millions, and now wants a position. This would suit Chandler, but Morgan and Conkling, for New York, and several New England Senators protest vehemently, and demand somebody who will represent capital, bonds and special interests. So there is a [illegible] among the Republicans in advance about the distribution of the spoils, and particularly about the Treasury, [illegible].

The writer of the above declares that Grant's nearest friends are working for Colfax, and that Colfax and Wilson have hitched teams against Wade.

EVERYBODY is poking fun at Nelson, of the counsel of the President, for his two day's stump speech before the Senate. In every respect it was unfortunate for the defense, nevertheless, although appropriate. Nelson was brought in from Tennessee to play this part; and the selection evinces the same degree and kind of wisdom which Johnson has usually shown when good judgment was needed. Of course he damaged his own cause. For Mr. Johnson to do anything else, would be quite unlike himself.

A DELEGATION of gentlemen, it is reported, called on Mr. Wade a few days since concerning appointments, and to assure him of their support at Chicago, whereupon he is understood to have made the following "neat little speech:"

> "Gentlemen, I am not open to buy or sell, and do not intend [illegible]. If I shall be President for a few months, I shall try to get the best and most [illegible] I don't care enough for the office to turn from this course."

NOTWITHSTANDING the great outcry about the destructiveness to fruit by the frost a short time ago, it now appears that the yield will be abundant, unless some new reason to the contrary arises. Throughout the West the peach crop promises well, and the season is progressing favorably in almost every respect. So let the croakers dry up.

EDITORIAL CHANGE.—George Baker, Esq., for a year past the editor of the *Evening Bulletin*, has retired therefrom, and accepted a position on the editorial staff of the *Morning Chronicle*. Mr. Baker is an amiable gentleman and clever writer.

THE "Boys in Blue," of Philadelphia, held a meeting on Friday evening, and took the preliminary steps towards organizing for the campaign. A convention was called to be held on the third Tuesday of May, to nominate candidates for office.

THE La Crosse *Democrat* says "it devolves on Democratic journals and speakers to warn the people against the Satanic white sugar nests, known as *Christian Associations*, aid societies, mission clubs, etc. Democrats, avoid them as you would the plague."

IT is estimated by well informed persons that Mr. Dickens's visit netted him about $100,000 in gold, his expenses having been, it is said, about $40,000.

Fifth Street.

The extension of the sidewalks on Fifth street, has already been made in one or two places, and every one who passes along is struck with the improvement. People are now beginning to wonder why any one ever thought of opposing a measure fraught with incalculable benefit to the public. Merchants and property owners on the street are beginning to see it in a proper light, and to realize that traffic will be increased by the change. Those landlords who dreaded the expense of adding two feet to the pavements, will be ere long, if they are not already, convinced that the extension will be worth ten times the cost. Those residing between Smithfield and Grant streets are now agitating the extension of the sidewalks there, and petitions are already circulating for that purpose. There are those who would even have the extension carried out the entire length of Wylie street, and we have no hesitation in saying that the public would not only be benefited thereby, but property on the street would be rendered more desirable, and hence more valuable. We hope to see the sidewalks widened as far as the Court House and Cathedral, at least. There is no good reason why this improvement should be suffered to drop at the Custom House and Post Office.

We have a word to say in regard to the manner in which the work ought to be done. The City Engineer should insist upon a general leveling up wherever the pavement has fallen below the proper grade, and a general smoothing down where the reverse is found. Let there be no miserable "patch work" allowed. In some places, for instance, the old brick sidewalk is very irregular, and so far below the grade as to hold the water in puddles. Another great defect consists in this, that the brick and stone pavements do not join smoothly in some instances. It is very important to have these defects remedied now. Where the bricks are worn out, they should be taken up entirely and replaced by new ones. We noticed that after the removal of the flagging, at the corner of Market and Fifth streets, the same old guard posts, which have been in use for a great many years, were set in with the flagging. These posts were unsightly in the first place, never having been dressed, but they have been rendered more so by the penknives of loafers and the effects of the weather. We do hope the city authorities will not allow these unsightly sticks to remain, but procure new ones, properly dressed and painted. Unless these little details are looked after, the beauty and uniformity of the sidewalks will not be improved in the least. It is specially important, however, that the entire sidewalk, from one end to the other, should maintain the same grade. The ordinance requires this, and the Street Commissioner should see that the law is complied with. All the "ups and downs, hills and hollows," should be leveled off, and we will then have a promenade worthy of the name.

Mr. Chase's Position.

"J. S. P." writing from Washington to the *Tribune*, takes Mr. Tilton severely to task for abandoning Mr. Chase and intimating grave things about the soundness of his principles. The *Independent* article in question was produced, it is charged, after an interview with Mr. Chase, a proceeding, as "J. S. P." maintains, altogether questionable in taste and fairness, especially as the interview did not warrant the representations of Mr. Tilton. Concerning Mr. Chase's views on finance, "J. S. P." says:

> "It is a 'refreshing' [illegible] on his well known and uniformly expressed opinions, his historic connection with our finances, [illegible] of even Mr. McCulloch's slow approaches toward resumption of specie payments, to ask the question. [illegible] the one [illegible] man of the Republicans who has been [illegible], in season and out of season, insisting on the honest fulfillment of the obligations of the government to [illegible]. He has supported and still supports the most advanced men of the Republican party in their financial views and their financial measures, such as Senator Morrill of Vermont, for example, [illegible]."

It is maintained that Mr. Chase is in accord with the Republican party on the two leading measures of public policy, and which are of permanent character and enduring importance, and that there is no ground for "the scandalous intimations of the superfine politicians of the *Independent*;" and the suggestion that Mr. Chase would not accept the Republican, but would the Democratic nomination for the Presidency, is ridiculed as "the offspring of a loose bewilderment of ideas, the dross of a melting pot, in which he has vainly undertaken to precipitate into form the checkered scraps of unguarded desultory conversation." That Mr. Chase holds that it would have been "better to endure Mr. Johnson to the end of his term than to impeach him," is not denied; but "J. S. P." insists that a good Republican holds to such an opinion as this; and he insists further that Mr. Chase is no less a Republican because he does not believe in extreme legislation and policy in many other respects. Such opinions the writer maintains he and all other public men have a right to hold without them "being outraged by presentation to the public as tremendous examples of backsliding politicians, guilty of some vast and indefinable tergiversation which requires to be sulked over with sorrowful ejaculations, and baptized with jeremiads, after the manner the *Independent* has served Mr. Chase, before the subject of lamentation will bear to be looked upon without disgust and horror."

A Dangerous Practice.

In another column we record the death of a young man, resulting from a habit so common among boys and young men who travel on railways, as to beget wonder that fatal accidents from this cause are not much more frequent. We allude to the reckless practice of jumping on and off railway cars while they are in motion. Women and girls never run such risks, and hence are not mangled or killed from that cause. Those who manage our street railway cars are required to stop while receiving or discharging a passenger, and will always do so provided the passenger insists upon it; but, in this fast age, young men—and some even who are not young—rush on and off the platform, either in front or rear, and by their manner virtually say to the driver or conductor, "You need not stop for me; I'll take all risks of accident." We cannot see how this dangerous practice is to be prevented. We can only appeal to thinking, sensible men, not to incur such risks, and never to permit those boys over whom they may have control to fall into this reckless habit.

Division of the Diocese of Pennsylvania.

The annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church for the Diocese of Pennsylvania will meet in Philadelphia, on Tuesday, May 12th, when the most important question the division of the diocese, will probably be disposed of. As originally proposed, the Diocese of Pennsylvania would comprise only the counties of Philadelphia, Bucks, Montgomery, Chester and Delaware, while the Committee on Division of the Diocese insist that the counties of Northampton, Lehigh, Carbon, Monroe, Luzerne, Wyoming, Susquehanna, Wayne and Pike shall be added to the five first named. The proposition of the Committee was referred to the rectors and vestries of the respective parishes to be affected, and it is stated that an almost unanimous negative response has gone from the counties interested. It is therefore not unlikely that the division, if it takes place at all, will be agreeable to the original proposition.

IN its principal particulars the *Erie* accident was not an exception to most of its character, for it was the result of excessive speed in disregard of the rule. Before the Coroner's jury it came out that the train was running at the rate of forty miles an hour. It would seem from the evidence that the number who lost their lives is thirteen. Experience is placing heavy obligations on practical railroad men. In view of the disregard of its warnings, it is suggested that the time has arrived for the establishment of a board of Government inspectors, answering in some respects to the French *Corps Imperial des Ponts et Chaussees*, whose duties should be to inspect and report upon, at stated intervals, all roads operated in the country, as well as to give peremptory notification to the railroad companies to repair all dangerous portions of their track under certain penalties, with authority to remove the rails at such points if their notice be neglected.

GEN. MEADE has become the object of Copperhead abuse. He has escaped, however, longer than he has any right to expect. When the President selected him to succeed Gen. Pope, it was doubtless expected that he would assist in defeating the policy of Congress. But like a true soldier he has done his duty; and furthermore, the Southern sun, under which he has lived for the last four months, has pretty thoroughly bleached out of him whatever conservatism there was in him. Because he has not served the President, he is charged with seeking to obtain the favor of Congress, in order to get through a claim in which his father, now deceased, had an interest. Except Hancock, not a Union General of any distinction but stands by Congress, and enjoys the advantage of being abused by the Copperheads.

THERE is much discussion as to Mr. Wade's successor *pro tempore* of the Senate. Williams, of Oregon, and Wilson, of Massachusetts, seem now to be prominent candidates. The latter being a candidate for Vice President on the Chicago platform, for whom his State delegates have been instructed to vote, is probably the one who stands the best chance. There are many on the floor who would stand a better chance, but they do not want the position.

STATE POLITICS.

XXIVth Congressional District.

The absorbing question in the Republican ranks in this part—and in fact in all parts—of the Twenty-fourth District, has been for some time past: Whom shall we choose to represent us in the next Congress? The names of several gentlemen have been mentioned. Dr. Wallace, of Lawrence, through his friends and relatives in this section, is making strong efforts to secure the vote of Beaver county for himself in the approaching convention. In this effort he and they are, however, sure to meet with disappointment and overwhelming defeat. Beaver county is justly entitled to the candidate, and will contend resolutely for her rights. Ten years have past since a candidate was chosen from among her citizens, and it is presumed that the other counties of the district will not in the coming conventions ignore her rights.

As we have already said, several gentlemen have been mentioned in connection with the office, but none so generally and favorably as Michael Weyand, Esq., our present very worthy and efficient Prothonotary. Public opinion has already declared Mr. Weyand as the choice of this county, and inasmuch as Beaver county is unequivocally entitled to the candidate, his nomination and election are a foregone conclusion.

Of Mr. Weyand's ability we need say nothing, since he is intimately and favorably known by every citizen of the county. Unflinching and unswerving fealty to the principles of the Republican party and sterling integrity are the qualities which are in these times most needed; and that Mr. Weyand possesses these, all who know him most intimately can cheerfully testify.

NEW BRIGHTON.

We have already announced the action of the Greene County Republican Convention, in electing conferees favorable to the nomination of J. B. Donley, Esq., of that county for Congress in the Twenty-fourth district. The convention also made the following nominations: G. G. Miller, of Dunkard township, for Assembly, by acclamation; Thomas J. Penn, of Washington township, for County Commissioner; Thomas Rose, Esq., of Morgan township, for Poor House Director, and H. W. Taylor, of Jackson township for Auditor.

The following were appointed conferees to the District Convention: John L. Worley, of Wayne township; Major J. B. Morris, of Perry township, and F. H. Crago, of Carmichaels. As alternates, G. W. Daugherty, of Carmichaels; Dr. W. D. Rogers, of Jefferson township, and G. L. Wiley, Esq., of Marion township. The action of the Convention does not seem to please all the Republicans of the county, and the *Republican* intimates that it ought not to be binding, but gives no reasons therefor.

The Chairman of the Fayette county Conferees calls a meeting of the Conferees of Fayette, Westmoreland and Indiana counties, at the Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, on the 6th day of May next, to select a delegate for this Congressional District to the National Nominating Convention at Chicago.

George Connell is a candidate for re-election from the Fourth Senatorial district, and George H. Moore, late clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Philadelphia, is also a candidate for the Senatorship of the Fourth district, while for the same position the name of Albert C. Harmer, is mentioned. Jacob E. Ridgeway is a candidate for re-election in the Second Senatorial district, with Charles O'Neill, late Receiver of Taxes, Elisha W. Davis, late Speaker of the House, James H. Kerns, and Mr. Hennessy, of the City Council, as his opponents.

The Crawford County Republican Committee have fixed upon Friday, June 5th, for the holding of the primary elections for the nomination of candidates.

The Republican voters of Butler county will meet on Saturday June 13th, and vote by ballot for candidates for Congress, Senator, Assemblyman, Commissioner, District Attorney, Surveyor and Auditor.

The Republican nominating Convention of Jefferson county, will be held on Monday, May 4th.

The first election under the new city charter of Franklin will take place Tuesday, May 5th. The new city comprises three wards, with a population of 6,000.

Peter Herdic, Esq., announces himself as a candidate for Mayor of the city of Williamsport. Dr. Logan, the present incumbent will be the Democratic candidate.

The Lawrence county Republican primary meetings will be held Saturday, May 30th, when voters will vote by ballot for candidates for county offices. Mr. Edwards is again a candidate for Legislature.

The Republicans of Clarion have organized a campaign club, with the following officers: M. A. K. Weidner, President; F. X. Guth, Vice President; J. T. Arnold, Corresponding Secretary and John C. Reid, Treasurer. The Executive Committee consists of the following named gentlemen: J. H. Patrick, chairman, G. W. Arnold, Miller Beatty, W. Cramer.

PERSONAL.

—Mr. Anthony Trollope, well and favorably known to the world of letters, arrived in New York the same day Mr. Dickens left. He comes as the agent of the British Postoffice Department to complete arrangements for carrying into effect the postal treaty between England and the United States. According to the almost invariable custom in England, he entered the London Postoffice as a clerk, on the small salary of $400 a year; was retained during good conduct, as is the custom also, with an annual increase of salary and various promotions in grade, [illegible] St. Paul's.

—G. A. Townsend makes this [illegible] sketch: "Morton, of Indiana, one of the very ablest, if not the ablest, Senator on the Radical side, is a dark, blacksmith-like man, with thick moustache, and black goatee reaching down upon his breast. His round, strong, [illegible] skull is thinly covered with short, black hair, but he is a little bald. He walks with a couple of canes, having been paralyzed."

—A correspondent, who saw the Queen the other day in a London park, says: "In a moment of two, a few equerries came in sight, dressed in scarlet, and behind them was an open carriage containing three ladies. One was a personage formerly better known to us than she is now—looking thinner than of old, somewhat red of face, with a quick, observant glance of all that was going on around, [illegible]. She was dressed in plain black and since every one took off their hats to her, even a stranger might have known that the lady was the Queen of this realm of England. By her side was Princess Christian, and on the back seat was Princess Louise. I was very much struck, not with the Queen, but with the [illegible] which she left behind her. The women folks seemed to be, as I heard one describe it, "all of a twitter.""

—It is currently reported in Paris, that the Empress has long wished to visit the Pope, accompanied by her son; and that now her wish is about to be gratified, the programme, as laid out by the newsmongers, is, for the Empress and the Prince Imperial to embark on the royal yacht Reine Hortense, meet Prince Napoleon's yacht in the Mediterranean, and proceed in company, attended by the whole imperial fleet of France, to Rome.

—Warren Jones, chief "rotunda man" at the Astor House, died last week, aged seventy. He had been at his post thirty-three years, and never used liquor or tobacco. His estate is valued at $35,000.

—Good news for California travelers: William H. Webb, who is running the opposition line from New York to California, had an income last year of near $200,000. That looks as if low prices might continue some time longer.

—The London *Spectator* says: "Gifts of princely amounts—amounts which would yield fortunes in mere interest, have been repeatedly made to great American cities for colleges, to libraries, and this during the lifetime of the donors, but we can scarcely recall an instance of the kind in Great Britain."

—Beecher has invented a new religion, founded upon the dogma that "when the millenium comes, it will be known by the universal prevalence of sweet, pure ladies." There is Bible authority for the doctrine: "Man shall not live by bread alone."

—Some gossip was created in fashionable circles last week by the rumored appearance of a lady on the streets from the wealthy circles of Boston, in company with a smart Irish lad, with whom she had stepped off to this city, where their fates were duly sealed by one of the many accommodating hymeneal agents in this city. The circumstances connected with the romantic match are said to form a parallel with the famous John Dean affair. It is reported that the fair one is sole heiress to about one hundred thousand dollars.

STATE NEWS.

About two months ago, Mr. S. G. Gray, of Brokenstraw township, took a man from the Warren county Poor House to Youngsville, who has since that time worked faithfully for Mr. Gray, and last Sunday he married Mr. Gray's daughter.

The drug store of Messrs. Siegler & Co., in Mercer, was entered by thieves on the night of the 17th inst., and two hundred dollars worth of articles stolen therefrom.

Capt. Andrew Klaus, a soldier of the war of 1812, died in Hanover on Friday, in the seventy-third year of his age.

Kate Stoner, a resident of Yellow Springs, Blair county, last week forged a check and obtained from the First National Bank of Altoona, seven hundred dollars. The money was subsequently recovered, but the forger was permitted to escape.

The Brookville *Republican* says: During the latter part of last week our lumbermen took advantage of the best freshet of the season. A very large number of rafts were started, and although quite a number were stoved up and broken, many are being safely taken to market. In the absence of any authentic report of the number got safely out, we cannot make a definite statement, but have heard it estimated that as high as six hundred rafts were safely run out of Redbank creek.

Charles Hirt, of Erie, while returning from a ball on Friday morning, fell into the canal and was drowned. A wife and five children are left without support.

The St. Charles Furnace property, in Porter township, Clarion county, was sold at the court house in Clarion on last Tuesday, at Sheriff's sale. James E. Brown, Esq., of Kittanning, purchased it, and has since sold it to a company of gentlemen in Pittsburgh and Clarion, who intend to put in repair and start the furnace again.

An election for the consolidation of the boroughs of Lebanon and North Lebanon was held on Friday of last week, and resulted in favor of the measure by a majority of 40 out of 667 votes polled.

As an evidence of the spirit of improvement existing in Reading, it is stated that fourteen hundred new buildings will be erected in that city this season.

The Bucks County Agricultural Society will hold its fall exhibition on the 22d, 23d and 24th of September next.

An ordinance has passed the Town Council of Hamburg, Berks county, extending the present limits of that borough.

Lafayette College, at Easton, has received a donation of $20,000 from Wm. E. Dodge, Esq., of New York.

There is an old lady named Elizabeth Wood, in Philadelphia, who is one hundred and seven years old. She was present at the time Washington crossed the Delaware on the memorable Christmas eve, preceding the battle of Trenton. She is quite intelligent, and retains to a remarkable degree the use of all her faculties.

THE NATION'S DEFENDERS.

Announcement by Lieutenant Gen. W. T. Sherman for a Meeting of the Societies of the Armies of the Tennessee, Cumberland, Ohio and Georgia.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 20, 1868.

Notice is hereby given that the Societies representing the armies of the Tennessee, Cumberland, Ohio and Georgia, will meet on the 15th and 16th days of December, 1868, at Chicago, Illinois.

The object is purely social, and designed to preserve the memories of the war, and to cherish the friendships formed during that period of our national history. All are cheerfully invited to be present and participate.

An orator has been appointed for each army; addresses will be delivered on the 15th of December and a grand banquet will be held on the night of the 16th.

Letters of inquiry may be addressed to Gen. William E. Strong, Chicago, Illinois, who will attend to all preliminary business until a Joint Committee on Arrangements has been appointed to carry into effect the above plan.

W. T. SHERMAN,
Lieut. Gen. U. S. Army.

What Mr. Johnson Thinks.

The Washington correspondent of the Chicago *Tribune* writes as follows: "I was told this evening by a gentleman who has conversed with the President within twenty-four hours, that he is still half confident of his vindication, and looks forward to the vote with entire composure. He believes that the vote will be a close one—just close enough, he says, to save the party, as the Republicans believe, from defeat in the fall. The President is far from being cheerful and happy; he impressed his visitor, on the contrary, as being angry and sullen. When asked as to his future course in case he is expelled from the White House, he gave no direct answer, but it was inferred that he never allowed his mind to rest on that contingency—that he had always been so sure of acquittal that no course had been marked out contingent upon such a possibility. I hear that he declared recently that whatever might be the result of the trial, he would leave the White House a ruined man pecuniarily, if the trial continued for the length of time he expected. His position to-night is certainly one that no amount of philosophy can illumine or make enviable. If he is not, he has reason to be the unhappiest man in America."

THE newest bit of church gossip relates to a progressive movement about to be undertaken at Zion Church, New York, of which Bishop Southgate is Rector. A boy choir with surplices is to be introduced on the first Sunday in May, with other ritualistic developments, which, it is said, will be fully justified by a sermon which the Bishop has prepared for the occasion.

In the same connection, it may as well be mentioned that the Rev. Mr. Dix will soon commence a series of discourses in favor of the multiplication of Sisterhoods in the Episcopal Church. There is one such Sisterhood—the Sisterhood of Saint Mary—already in existence, but the necessities of the Church, and of the times we live in, he says, demand more.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUNDRIES! SUNDRIES!!

5 cases Turkish Prunes;
20 bbls New Currants;
300 bxs prime Messina Oranges;
200 bxs prime Messina Lemons;
100 cases, gallons, hf gallon and quart Pickles, in glass;
50 cases French Mustard;
25 cases Pickled Oysters;
75 cases assorted Jellies;

Just received and for sale by

REYMER & BROS.,

NOS. 126 AND 128 WOOD ST.

GROCERIES.

500 bags Coffee, fair to choice;
300 bbls Syrup, common to choice Drips;
200 bbls New Orleans Molasses;
100 bbls Cuba and P. R. Sugars;
300 bbls Refined Sugars;
75 bags Rangoon Rice;
400 half chests Teas—all kinds;
500 pkgs Mackerel;
100 kegs Bi Carb Soda;
300 bxs Baltimore Herring;
3 casks Turkish Prunes;
25 bbls Zante Currants;
300 pkgs Layer Raisins, boxes and hf boxes;

With a full stock of other goods in our line, to which we invite the attention of city and country dealers.

J. S. DILWORTH & CO.,
130 and 132 Second street.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The partnership heretofore existing under the name of M'ABOY, SPANG & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. Lynn M'Aboy and Norman Spang will attend to the settlement of the business.

(Signed)
J. LYNN McABOY,
NORMAN SPANG,
B. C. BENHAM,
JOS. CRAWFORD.

Pittsburgh, April 22, 1868.

PARTNER WANTED.

EITHER SPECIAL OR ACTIVE.

With from $10,000 to $15,000, to engage in a manufacturing business. The increase of capital is required to enable the present firm to prosecute a profitable contract which will furnish employment for a term of five years. Apply at once to

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
No. 115 Fourth street.

FRESH PINE APPLES.

FRESH PINE APPLES.

10 bbls Fresh Pine Apples, just received and for sale by

REYMER & BROS.,
Nos. 126 and 128 Wood street.

STOVE POLISH.

25 GROSS DIXON'S FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
Corner Wood and First streets.

MORPHIA.

100 OUNCES FOR SALE BY
B. A. FAHNESTOCK'S SON & CO.,
Corner Wood and First streets.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1862.

Open Daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of six per cent, free of tax, and if not withdrawn compounds semi annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

BOARD OF MANAGERS:
GEO. A. BERRY, President.
S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, Jr., V. Presidents.
D. E. M'KINLEY, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, John Scott, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.
D. W. and A. S. Bell, Solicitors. mThfp

SILVER LAKE ICE.

2,500 TONS OF THIS

Pure Spring Water Ice,

Carefully packed and now ready for delivery, Wholesale or Retail, and at the usual rates. Wagons will be started soon to supply the citizens of East Liberty, those living on the Greensburg Pike and Fourth Street Road to Pittsburgh and in the city. Send orders to SILVER LAKE ICE HOUSE, Collins township, to W. H. DENNISTON, corner Seventh and Smithfield streets, or ADAM BERRY, Agent, at Eagle Ice House, Strawberry alley.

NEW PLUMBING GOODS.

The largest and best SELECTED STOCK of all the latest improved

PLUMBING MATERIAL,

In the city. Purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash. Parties about fitting up their houses with HOT AND COLD WATER, &c., will consult their own interest by calling before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHN M. TATE, Plumber,

327 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh; and 50 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny. MWF

BRICK, BRICK, BRICK

To Builders and Contractors

GARD, ORTH & CO.,

Are selling the CHEAPEST BRICK in the city.

OFFICE AND YARD,

CORNER ERIN AND DUNCAN STREETS.

TO THE LADIES.

Having procured the best of Operators, we are prepared to do all kinds of

Plain and Fancy Work,
Stitching, Tucking,
Quilting, Cording,
Braiding, Embroidering, &c.

On shortest notice, by the yard or piece. Instructions free.

GROVER & BAKER S. M. CO.,
51 FIFTH STREET.

FURNITURE AND FURNITURE COVERINGS,

FIRST-CLASS NEW FRENCH STYLES,
At Low Prices,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.,
447 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
Agents for DELAFORGE & CO.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.

A New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and what to Live For; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; The cause of Indigestion, Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, &c.

Pocket volumes containing these Lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps by addressing SECRETARY, NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE, 618 Broadway, New York. MWF

NOTICE,

That in the case of JOHN HENSLER,

Convicted in October last, of unlawful cutting, there is an application made to the Governor for his pardon. WM

ROOFING MATERIALS.

SATURATED FELT,

ROOFING CEMENT.

LUPTON & CHRISTY, 362 PENN STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION.

OFFICE OF THE INDIA RUBBER COMB CO.,
44 CLIFF STREET,
New York, April 10, 1868.

Dealers in INDIA RUBBER GOODS and the public generally are cautioned against buying or selling COMBS or other HARD RUBBER GOODS, purporting to be made under a Patent granted to William Mullee, on the 31st day of March, 1868.

The Patent referred to gives him no right to make or sell such Combs without a license under the GOODYEAR PATENTS, which license has not been granted. Suits are now pending against Mullee's agents and other parties for selling such Combs and it is our determination to prosecute all who may be found dealing in them.

The statement published a few weeks since in a Philadelphia paper that Judge Cadwallader had refused to grant an injunction against Mullee's agents for selling infringing Combs was *false*, and was made by interested parties to mislead the public. The statement was corrected in a subsequent issue of the same paper, but as we find the correction escaped the notice of many parties, we refer to it here.

An ample reward will be paid to any party furnishing to us or to any of our agents or attorneys proof of the sale of any infringing combs by any responsible jobbing house in any part of the country.

eod THE INDIA RUBBER COMB CO.

THE "HOWE" SEWING MACHINES

ARE THE

OLDEST ESTABLISHED

OF ANY IN THE WORLD.

They being the first Sewing Machines ever made, and having been manufactured continuously under the Supervision of the Original Inventor, ELIAS HOWE, Jr., since their first introduction in 1845. They have invariably won the highest honors at the great Exhibitions of the world, culminating at the late Exposition Universelle at Paris, where

The Grandest Combination of Prizes ever Awarded at any Exhibition, to any Exhibitor, for any goods whatever exhibited,

Was awarded to THE HOWE MACHINE CO., and their President, ELIAS HOWE, Jr.—the Imperial Prize; the Cross of the Legion of Honor; a Gold Medal, the highest prize within the gift of the Jury, being the result of the

EVIDENT EXCELLENCE OF THE HOWE

SIBLEY & STOOPS,

Sole Agents for Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, West Virginia. Office, 23 SOUTH EIGHTH STREET, Philadelphia.

No. 4 St. Clair Street,
PITTSBURGH.

BEWARE OF THAT REMORSELESS and insidious destroyer of the human race,

CONSUMPTION.

Check and conquer its advances, lest you fall its victim. When attacked with any of its preliminary symptoms, no matter how slight, be on your guard, and promptly use the remedy ere too late.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Is an old, well tried, certain and standard remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain, or Oppression in the Chest or Lungs, and all diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. Its sure and certain efficacy has been fully tested and indorsed for many years by numbers of well known citizens in our midst, and their certificates are on record. Have you a cough which has gradually increased from a slight one to one of permanent standing? Lose no time but procure a bottle of Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup, which will surely relieve you of the dangerous premonitory symptoms and effect a permanent cure. Do you spend miserable days and long sleepless nights of torture and pain from attacks of Asthma or Difficulty of Breathing? Dr. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will act promptly, relieve you, and gradually restore you to your freedom from pain, and sound pleasant sleep. Are your lungs sore and irritated, indicating inflammation? This is one of the most dangerous symptoms, and should be promptly removed.

DR. SARGENT'S COUGH SYRUP

Will heal the soreness, allay the inflammation and restore the lungs to their pristine health and vigor. This Cough Syrup is pleasant and agreeable to take, while powerful and sure in its action. For sale by all druggists in the country. d*

CRAIG BROTHERS,

Brass Founders,

PIPE FITTERS, PLUMBERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Iron and Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Pumps, Pipe Fittings and Gas Fixtures.

152 FIRST STREET, near Smithfield.

Would solicit Orders for New or the Repairing of Old Work.

The Personal Supervision of one of the members of the firm will be given to all the Work entrusted to us. MTh

HOUSEKEEPERS,

Use the Queen.

QUEEN OF THE WASH TUB

A House Cleaner; A Clothes Washer; A Stain Remover; A Spot Eradicator; A Color Restorer.

Cheaper than Soap. Sold in Bottles by all respectable Grocers. Indorsed by the first families of Allegheny county. Manufactured by the

HESS MANUFACTURING CO.,
Office, No. 136 WOOD STREET Pittsburgh. eod

PEIRCE'S

STONE SURFACE,

An Anti-Oxidizer for coating Roofs, Iron Railings, Oil Tanks, Acid Tanks, Tubing, Boilers, Sugar Refining Vessels, &c., &c.

This surface has been put to the most severe chemical tests, and has been proved to resist all change or decomposition. As an Anti-Oxidizer it has no equal; never cracks or scales off. Iron coated with this surface will not corrode, even in salt water. Manufactured by

I. NEWTON PEIRCE & CO.,
427 North Eleventh st., Philadelphia, Pa.
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THE PITTSBURGH

Steam Brick Manufacturing Co

THE BEST PRESSED BRICK EXTANT.

Works Adjacent to the City Farm.

Office, over the People's National Bank of Pittsburgh, corner of FIRST and WOOD STREETS. Office hours from 8½ to 9 A. M.

H. DICKSON, President.
W. W. BURCHFIELD, Vice Pres. and Treas.
eod

WHITE ROCK SAND AND BANK SAND.

We are now prepared to supply Flint, Lime and Green Glass Manufacturers with the Purest and most Desirable Quality of WHITE ROCK SAND ever offered in this market. Also, a Superior Quality of CLEAN WASHED BANK SAND for Green Glass Manufactories, Rolling Mills, Plasterers, Brick Layers, &c. Both of these Sands are prepared by our PATENTED PROCESS, and is warranted *Free from Foreign Substances*. We invite attention to our process of crushing and washing.

L. M. & N. Q. SPEER,
On River Bank between Grant and Ross streets.

WALL PAPERS.

Gold Papers for 50 cents;
Glazed Papers for 30 cents;
Good Papers for 10 cents;
Elegant Panel Papers;

FOR SALE BY

W. P. MARSHALL,
87 WOOD ST., NEAR FOURTH.

TREASURER'S OFFICE,
EAST BIRMINGHAM, April 9, 1868.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE fifth and sixth sections of an act of Assembly, passed March 23, 1868, supplementary to the act of Assembly erecting the village of East Birmingham into a Borough, I, August Ammon, Treasurer of said Borough, do hereby give public notice that from and after the eleventh day of May next, I will attend at my office on Carson street, above railroad, daily (Sundays excepted), from 8 o'clock A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of receiving Borough and special taxes.

On all taxes paid within four months from May 11th next a deduction of five per cent. will be allowed, and all taxes remaining unpaid after the expiration of said four months will be placed in the hands of a collector, who will add ten per cent. to the amount of said tax as his commission.

MWF AUGUST AMMON, Treasurer.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY SS:

In the Orphans' Court in and for said county, in the matter of the estate of JOHN A. ROBINSON, deceased. No. 53, March Term, 1868.

And now March 14th, 1868, JAMES EVANS, Esq., appointed Auditor in this case.

BY THE COURT.

From the Record.

A. HILANDS, Clerk.

Notice is hereby given to all parties interested that the Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at his Office, No. 93 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, on FRIDAY, the 17th day of April, A. D., 1868, at 2 o'clock P. M.

JAMES EVANS,
Auditor.
M

THOMAS PALMER..........JOHN C. DODGE.

WALL PAPER,

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS,

In great variety, for Spring Sales.

Gold Bordered Muslin Shades and Fixtures,

All at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Call and examine, at the Wall Paper Warehouse, No. 91 WOOD ST., second door below Diamond alley.

THOMAS PALMER & CO.

SEED POTATOES.

30 BBLS. HARRISON,

For sale by

JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen,
112 Smithfield street.

PIT AND CHECK POSTS.

A LARGE LOT OF

PIT AND CHECK POSTS,

Of a Superior Quality, on hand and for sale. Inquire of

JAS. P. WHITE, or
WM. H. HILL'S Drug Store,
McKeesport.

LINNAEU'S RHUBARB.

Also, VICTORIA.

LARGE ROOTS for sale at 137 Liberty street.

J. KNOX.

NOTICES.

☞ THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Co. of the United States, for the purpose of electing a President and Six Directors, and transacting such other business as may be brought before them, will be held at the Board of Trade Rooms, TUESDAY, May 5th, 1868, at the hour of 11 A. M.

EDWARD JAY ALLEN, Secretary.

☞ ELECTION NOTICE.—TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE BIRMINGHAM, EAST BIRMINGHAM AND SOUTH PITTSBURGH GAS CO.: The Annual Meeting for the election of a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, will take place on MONDAY, May 4th, at the Office of the Company.

D. ROBINSON, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH CO. OF THE U. S., having declared its Eleventh Quarterly Dividend at the rate of TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM, it will be paid on demand at the office of the Secretary and Treasurer, No. 67½, corner of Sixth and Wood streets.

EDWARD JAY ALLEN, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

PALMER & PHILLIPS, No. 60 Fifth Street.

PALMER & PHILLIPS,

AUCTIONEERS,

AND

Commission Merchants,

OPERA HOUSE AUCTION ROOMS,

No. 60 Fifth Street.

PITTSBURGH.

BOOTS, SHOES, CARPETS,

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

At Private Sale Day and Evening.

☞ Consignments Solicited. Prompt Returns.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

ALLEGHENY TRUST COMPANY

A BANK OF

Discount and Deposit,

No. 67 Diamond, Allegheny, Pa.

DISCOUNTS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING.

Bank open Daily (except Sundays) from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Six Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Time Deposits.

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W. A. REED, Cashier.
WILLIAM HAMILTON, Assis't Cashier.

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TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Wood Street, corner of Second.

A. BRADLEY, President.
W. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier,

Capital, . $400,000.

Collections made on all points in the United States on most Favorable terms.

Particular attention given to the Purchase and Sale of Government Bonds.

Interest Allowed on Time Deposits,
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d*

BANKERS.

N. HOLMES & SONS'

BANKERS,

No. 57 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUND AND CURRENCY.

Collections Made on all the Principal Points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION,

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

UNITED STATES SECURITIES. eod

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

Hart, Caughey & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

CORNER THIRD AND WOOD STREETS

PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.,)

Dealers in EXCHANGE, COIN, COUPONS, &c. Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON LONDON

GROCERIES, &C.

M'MASTERS & OSBORNE,

DEALERS IN

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 276 LIBERTY STREET,

NEAR EAGLE HOTEL, PITTSBURGH, PA.

2,500 BARRELS

EXTRA No. 1 SALT,

FULL WEIGHT,

IN STORE AND FOR SALE BY

JAS. CONNOR,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 355 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. MILLER,

(LATE MILLER & RICKETSON),

Nos. 221 and 223, corner Liberty and Irwin Streets,

Offers to the Trade at Low Figures,

200 bbls. N. O. Molasses;
100 bbls. N. O. Sugar;
200 bags Rio Coffee;
50 bags Laguayra Coffee;
10 bags Old Government Java Coffee;
150 bbls., halves, quarters and kits, No. 1, 2 and 3 Bay and Shore Mackerel;
200 bbls. Syrups and Golden Drips;
50 hhds N. O. Sugar.

ALSO, 100 CASES FINE

COGNAC BRANDY

IN GLASS, PINTS AND QUARTS.

250 Cases and Baskets Moet & Chandon's celebrated

CHAMPAGNE WINES.

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ONE, TWO AND THREE YEARS OLD,

Of the best varieties, at LOWEST PRICES.

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LACE, NOTTINGHAM, MUSLIN, ETC.
Lambrequins and Valences.
ALL KINDS CURTAIN MATERIALS AT WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.,
Importers, 447 BROADWAY, N. Y.

GERMAN SOAP.

25 boxes Proctor & Gamble's Mottled German Soap. Also, a full assortment of Colgate & Co.'s Toilet Soaps, Borden's Eagle Brand of Condensed Milk and Extract of Beef, Morton's Pineapple Cheese, just received and for sale at the Family Grocery of

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346 Liberty street.

AUCTION SALES.

A. LEGGATE, 159 Federal street, Allegheny.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.

WILL BE SOLD ON

THURSDAY, April 30,

AT 10 O'CLOCK, A. M.,

At the residence of the late Mrs. CHAMBERS, on the corner of Benton and Day alley, between Resaca and Monterey streets, Second ward, Allegheny, comprising in part Hair Seat Chairs, Rockers and Sofas, Cane Seat Chairs and Rockers, Enclosed Wash Stands, Walnut Bedsteads, Card Table, Ingrain and Rag Carpets; Feather Beds and Bedding; Looking Glasses, Cooking Stove and Kitchen Utensils.

A. LEGGATE, Auct.

FOR SALE.

Valuable Timber, Coal and Iron Lands in Pennsylvania.

The undersigned offer for sale that valuable tract of land in Clearfield county, Pennsylvania, on the West Branch of the Susquehanna River, (township of Covington and Krathaus,) known as the Krathaus Estate and containing above 5,000 acres.

The property is heavily Timbered with White Pine and White Oak, watered by never-failing streams; affording facilities for the erection of Grist and Saw Mills, and it is extremely valuable for lumbering purposes.

Abounding with inexhaustible beds of the finest Bituminous Coal, Iron Ore, Limestone, Slate, Fire Clay, &c., the value of its mineral resources is beyond computation. A railroad from Bellefonte, runs to within nine miles of Krathaus, and other roads and branches are projected which will approach it still nearer. The advantages of Karthaus, for the manufacture of iron on a basis of economy, is unsurpassed if equaled in the State of Pennsylvania.

Professor Johnson, in a Geological Report on this Estate, says: "A position for the manufacture of iron on a large scale is chiefly found in the abundance of all the materials and their immediate proximity to each other, and to a stream which supplies a competent water power for driving machinery."

A portion of the land is well adapted to agricultural purposes. There are on the estate a Stone Dwelling, also a Frame Dwelling, &c.

For further information apply to, or address

GEORGE F. THOMAE,
78 Wall street, New York, or
JOHN S. REESE,
MW 71 South street, Baltimore.

FOR SALE—A FINE

TWO-STORY BRICK DWELLING,

Situated in Saltsburg, on West Pennsylvania Railroad, within two minutes walk of the Station, and on the finest street in the place, either for business or residence. The house is 44 feet front, contains 9 large rooms, has an ample hall, and is in the best of repair; all necessary outbuildings conveniently arranged and a splendid well of water. The Lot is 80 by 180 feet. The grounds are planted with choice Fruit Trees, and there are fine Shade Trees in front of house. For information apply to

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OUR FIVE STORY BRICK BUILDING with FOUR LOTS attached, containing Commodious Buildings for Office, Warehouse, Blacksmith Shop, etc.; also, with the above ONE ENGINE, 80 H. P., FLY-WHEEL, and 3 BOILERS, ONE LINE OF SHAFTING, etc., etc.

The above property is well adapted for manufacturing purposes, and in excellent condition, and next square to the Postoffice.

Terms—Part cash and reasonable time.

NORWAY IRON MANUF'G. CO.,
Corner Fourth and Clay streets,
Wheeling, W. Va.

ADJOURNED

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

The subscriber will offer at PUBLIC SALE on the premises, at Enan Valley Station, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, that very desirable Real Estate, late the property of Benjamin Ramage, deceased, on which is erected a large

STORE ROOM, WAREHOUSES

And other buildings for the accommodation of a large country trade. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M., on

THURSDAY, APRIL 30.

JOS. KIRKPATRICK, Administrator.

STOCK SALES.

BANK, TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD STOCKS, MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION CO., $5,000 CITIZENS' PASSENGER RAILWAY BONDS—TUESDAY EVENING, April 28th, at 7½ o'clock, will be sold on second floor of Commercial Salesrooms, 106 Smithfield street,

20 shares Iron City National Bank;
20 shares Tradesmens' National Bank;
10 shares Keystone Savings Bank;
20 shares Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Co.;
20 shares Allegheny Valley Railroad Co;
80 shares Monongahela Navigation Co.
4 shares National Refining and Storing Co.
$5,000 Citizens' Passenger Railway First Mortgage 7 per cent. Bonds.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer,

J. S. BONNET..........J. JAMIESON,

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STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AND AUCTIONEERS,

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms. Particular attention paid as heretofore to the sale of Real Estate at Private Sale. Sales of Real Estate in the country attended.

Office, 115 FOURTH STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

POLITICAL.

☞ FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER,

PHILIP HOERR,

Of Lower St. Clair Tp., late of Co. B, 62d P. V.

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention. d*

☞ FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

LEVI BIRD DUFF,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

☞ ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY

JOHN W. RIDDELL,

Will be a candidate for Assistant District Attorney, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention.

☞ FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

WILLIAM C. MORELAND,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

☞ CONGRESS—22d DISTRICT.

THOMAS HOWARD, Esq.,

Is a candidate for Nomination by the Union Republican Congressional Convention.

☞ ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

J. B. FLACK,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

☞ FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY

General A. L. PEARSON,

Subject to the decision of the Union Republican County Convention.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned having formed a copartnership on the first day of April, 1868, under the name and style of

J. H. & C. B. DAVIS,

for the purpose of carrying on the Brass Foundry and Finishing, Steam Pipe Fitting and all manufactured work for Plumbers and Gas Fitters, at Nos. 54, 56 and 58 Ferry street.

JOSEPH H. DAVIS,
CHARLES B. DAVIS.

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Built Expressly for the Trade.

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CITY OF LONDON,	CITY OF NEW YORK,
CITY OF WASHINGTON,	

Sail from Pier 45, North River, New York

EVERY SATURDAY,

And Every Alternate Monday.

Speed and Accommodation Unsurpassed.

Price of First Class Passage, payable in gold,

New York to Liverpool	$100
New York to London	105
New York to Paris	115

Return Tickets good for 12 Months, on any vessel of the Line, are issued at

REDUCED RATES.

Passage by Monday Steamers, via Halifax,

To Liverpool, $90. To Halifax, $20,

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Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.

Cabin plans may be seen and berths secured on application to

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70 FITH STREET, (Chronicle Building), nearly opposite Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WANTED—A PURCHASER.—Five Thousand to Ten Thousand DOLLARS can be realized within the next three months by purchasing a State Right for a new machine for Grinding the Cutters of Mowing and Reaping Machines. For illustrative and descriptive circular address MELLEN & DOANE, office No. 33 Reynolds Block, Chicago, Ill.

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NEW OPERA HOUSE.

WM. HENDERSON..........LESSEE.
M. W. CANNING..........MANAGER.
T. E. HANN..........STAGE MANAGER.

First appearance this season of the young Tragedian,

MR. EDWIN ADAMS,

Supported by the accomplished artiste, Miss AUGUSTA DARGON.

MONDAY EVENING, April 27, 1868, will be presented O'Keefe's delightful comedy of

WILD OATS.

Rover..........Mr. Edwin Adams.
Lady Ainsworth..........Miss Augusta Dargon.

To conclude with the roaring farce of the

LOTTERY TICKET.

☞ Return to regular prices.

Saturday Afternoon, Grand Family Matinee.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.

GREAT VARIETY COMBINATION.

FRED. AIMS..........Manager.
GEO. H. BARTON..........Stage Manager.

ANOTHER ENTIRE CHANGE.

HOUSES CROWED. PEOPLE DELIGHTED.

JOHNNY HART in new and laughable acts; M'LLE. DEVERE, the beautiful Premier Danseuse; M'LLE AUGUSTA LAMERAUX, in her most fascinating Dances; OSCAR WILLIS, BOB HART, with the entire Dramatic Company and Monster Variety Combination. Remember the Matinee Saturday Afternoon.

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Comprising WORKS OF ART and GREAT NATURAL LIVING CURIOSITIES.

FRANKLIN HALL, FIFTH STREET,

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Cards of Admission 25 cents. Doors open from 8 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M.

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OF

Haymakers in Costume,

AT

Academy of Music,

ON

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MAY 2d.

Tickets 50c; Children 25c. Doors open at 1½ o'clock; performance to commence at 2.

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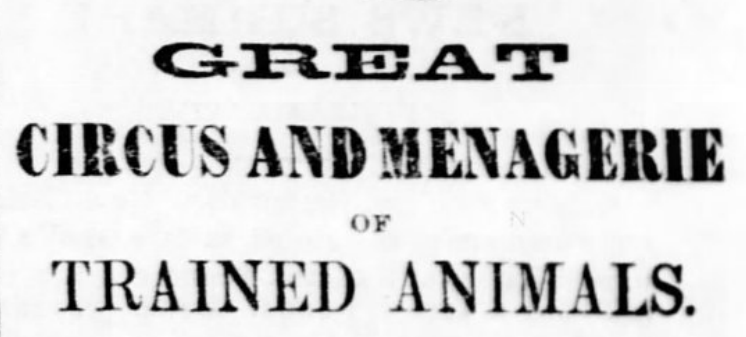

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CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE

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The management is enabled to present this season a style of

SPECTACULAR SPLENDOR

Never before consummated by tact or liberality,

A DISPLAY OF PAGEANTRY

Which, while developing the almost

Inexhaustible Resources

OF THE

"STANDARD SHOW,"

Sustains the reputation so honestly acquired and proudly maintained by Messrs. THAYER & NOYES. Don't fail to witness the

GRAND PROCESSION.

THE FETE OF VERSAILLES.

The courtly meeting of Royalty and Power on the

FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD,

King Henry VIII, of England, Francis I, of France. Processions of

KNIGHTS AND DAMES,

Days of Tilt and Tourney. The

CAR OF AURORA,

At a cost of $10,000. Representations of the people of all nations—Europe, Asia, Africa and America

THE GENIUS OF LIBERTY,

A Rolling Mass of Magnificence.

A LINE OF GORGEOUSNESS ONE MILE LONG.

POWER SUBSERVIENT TO BEAUTY.

LION PROSTRATE AT WOMAN'S FEET.

A HUGE MONSTER

Taken from his Den, Mounted upon a pedestal, and carried in

TRIUMPH THROUGH THE STREETS,

Revival of a Taste for the Beatiful.

A PERIOD OF CHIVALRY—A MODERN PARADE,

Replete with Ancient Grandeur: Meeting of the Monarchs; the White and Black Knights attired in Suits of Real Armor; Ladies of the Court in Royal Robes.

THE ORIENTAL FEATURE,

THE ELEPHANT,

Bedecked in Eastern Trappings, and bearing on its back THE INFANT PRINCESS.

THE WILD BEAST DEN,

Thrown open to the Public. Prof. WHITE and his GROUP OF LIONS—the largest and finest ever seen in any Menagerie.

For full particulars of this

QUADRUPLE COMBINATION

See the Pamphlets, Descriptive Bills, &c., of the Animals, Performers, &c.

Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M. Performance commences at 2 and 8 P. M.

WILL EXHIBIT IN

Birmingham, Thursday, April 30.

ALLEGHENY,

Friday and Saturday, May 1 and 2

PITTSBURGH,

RED LION LOT—SIX DAYS ONLY,

COMMENCING

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JAMES JAKWAY, Contracting Agent.
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63 DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY.

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REMOVAL.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

MUSIC, MUSIC BOOKS, TRIMMINGS AND BEST ITALIAN STRINGS.

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MELODEONS AND CABINET ORGANS,

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All Musical Instruments repaired with neatness and dispatch.

FURNITURE,

AT

J. W. WOODWELL & SONS,

Wholesale and Retail Warerooms

97 AND 99 THIRD STREET,

BETWEEN MARKET AND WOOD STS.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFICE OF THE TREASURER ALLEGHENY CO.,
PITTSBURGH, April 1st, 1868.

IN PURSUANCE OF THE TWENTY-FIRST SECTION of an act relating to Allegheny county, approved the 1st day of May, 1861, and of the amendment to said section, approved the 30th day of March, 1866, I hereby give notice that the Duplicates of the several Wards, Boroughs and Townships, will be open, and I will be prepared to receive the COUNTY, STATE, POOR, WORKHOUSE AND BOUNTY TAXES FOR 1868, on and after the first day of May, 1868. Said taxes can be paid at this office until the first day of August, with a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENT. discount for prompt payment, to any persons paying the *whole amount* of their taxes.

There will be no deduction allowed during the month of August. There will be TEN PER CENT. ADDED to all taxes remaining unpaid on the first day of September, 1868.

J. F. DENNISTON,
Treasurer of Allegheny County.

W. J. M'KNIGHT & BRO.,

DRUG AND NEWS DEALERS,

MOORHEAD HOUSE, BROOKVILLE, PA.,

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW GLASS.

A large and varied stock always on hand.

Newspapers, Periodicals and Books, both Foreign and American, furnished at publishers' prices.

The PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL delivered to subscribers on the arrival of the mail.

ADMINISTRATION. — LETTERS of Administration upon the estate of Mrs. HARRIET WINEBIDDLE, late of Liberty township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them immediately for payment, and all persons indebted will make payment to A. H. GROSS, at his office, in East Liberty.

EVALINE GROSS, Administratrix,
A. H. GROSS, Administrator.

Liberty Township, January 4, 1868. M

The Daily Commercial

American Repudiation in Germany.

The following is a translation made for the Commercial, of a part of an article on this subject, which appeared in a German journal, the [illegible] of March 30.

Having mentioned the several forms of repudiation recommended by prominent American politicians, and also having quoted the advice not long ago given to the bondholders by the New York Times, the writer proceeds:

"So, then, in America, people are said to hold on to abstract principles, when they desire contracts to be maintained and stipulated interest to be paid! This used to be called opposition to word-breaking and repudiation. And history, we fancy, will continue so to call it. Repudiation is indeed an ugly word, but it is the right designation of the thing, when the debtor takes advantage of his power to deprive the creditor of his own. Whether he robs him of the whole principal, or withholds from him the interest, or only a part of the interest, makes no essential difference, but a mere difference of degree. With respect also to the moral judgment of the case, it doesn't matter whether the robbery is perpetrated in the form of a reduction of interest, or of a taxation of the coupons; at the most, it might be said, that a reduction of interest is more open, and therefore less contemptible.

"The argument that the bondholders ought not to be the only untaxed class of citizens, is manifestly the most piratic attempt to hang a small moral cloak around a crying wrong. This pretence might be urged if the express promise had not beforehand been made to the money-lender, that he should not be taxed. If the borrower had not given this promise, he would not have received the loan, or would have received it only on less favorable terms. And, besides, are then the creditors of the Union 'a class of citizens?' Among them notoriously are found hundreds of thousands of non-Americans, particularly very many Germans, who, confiding in the honesty of the Republic, trusted it with their money. These non-Americans are absolutely under no obligation to contribute to the forces of the Union, and if the Union is in a position to draw upon them, that is simply because it once solemnly promised never to do so, and because these foreigners, relying on the promise, placed themselves in its power. What the United States do with their domestic creditors, it is not our affair to combat, though we think that the pledged word ought to be kept with their own citizens also, and though it seems very doubtful to us whether these domestic creditors are really [illegible]. One belief is, that they are required to pay income tax as well as other people. Be this, however, as it may, in any case the [illegible] of the loans is an incontestable moral prohibition of the coupon tax, and [illegible] part of the burdens of American citizens are to be imposed on the foreign creditors. If it is done, it is manifest robbery under the ugly form of a breach of trust. The defenders of the measure are mistaken if they believe that the holders of the bonds would quietly and in resignation submit to the robbery. Of course they could not maintain their rights by force; they would, however, raise a cry which would re-echo on both sides of the ocean, and not only the public opinion of Europe, but also the conscience of the American people themselves will say—they are right!

"Everybody remembers a public dinner which was last year held in an important German city for the celebration of an American anniversary, and which afforded an opportunity to a distinguished American citizen, in elegant language, to protest against the shame which certain repudiation propositions might bring upon his country. The echo of the honorable words heard on that occasion, has not yet died away, and, in Germany at least, we cannot believe that in the short time since then the morality of the American people has sunk so low, as a portion of the American press appears to assume. The Germans have been often enough scolded at by the English journals for their readiness to take American bonds. 'The Yankees will cheat you!' has been again and again the cry of the Times and its sympathizers. The [illegible] of past times was rummaged in order, from the example of single States, to obtain proof that the American looks upon fulfilling promises and paying debts, as weakness and stupidity. The German capitalists, however, were not to be thus led astray. They distinguished between the aggregate of the great American nation and single unworthy members of the nation—who generations ago once gave the example of a shameless violation of right. They were confident that the nation itself would jealously maintain its honor—and we are convinced that they have not yet become wavering in that belief.

"In this matter, however, not alone the interests of the creditors are concerned. Something higher is at hazard, and that is the good repute of free institutions, the honor of self-government. How would the entire reactionary party of Europe exult, should the report reach them, that the great and glorious Republic beyond the ocean has completely 'sanctioned' its [illegible]? How the event would be utilized to pour scorn on the hopes of humanity in a future of grand popular freedom! What delight to catch the followers of Washington in the same evil ways as the most corrupt financial administration of the most corrupt European courts of the most corrupt times! How pointedly it would be shown that the Republicans, examined in the light, surpass former absolutism in evil. The latter absolutism, when real insolvency had come to pass, only then brought into play the partial state bankruptcy. But the United States with all their financial difficulty, are still far from this lamentable necessity. They cannot say, non possumus, their crime would be found of free will and without conscience.

"And even therefore we hold it to be impossible. However threatening may be the swell of the chorus which demands repudiation in the form of coupon tax, or reduction of interest, we regard the ignominy as impossible. In the United States it has often happened that the nation has quietly and in silence permitted the clamor of immoral agitators to continue until the agitators seemed to have almost gained their end, and then in the decisive hour—with a mighty 'No!' the nation rescued the good name of the country. This they will do again, when the repudiators can no longer be borne with."

Traditions Exploded.

THE COLOSSUS OF RHODES.

Dr. Octave Delepierre, the learned Secretary of Legation to the King of Belgians, has this week published a book entitled "Historical Difficulties and Contested Events," of which, as destined to lead to much controversy among European scholars, I hasten to send you an account.

The first delusion to which he addresses himself is the Colossus of Rhodes. In the elementary works in use in the English, and, I think, the American, schools, the Colossus of Rhodes is represented as a statue with gigantic limbs, each leg resting on the enormous rocks which face the entrance to the principal port of the Island of Rhodes, and ships in full sail passed easily, it is said, between its legs. This is the narrative of the historian Rollin, of several French dictionaries and even of some encyclopedias. The real truth about the Colossus, according to Dr. Delepierre, is that about the year 300, before Christ, the Rhodians, after successfully defending themselves against a year's siege, commanded Chares to erect a memorial statue to the honor of their deity, and this statue was erected on an open space of ground near the great harbor, where its fragments were seen and admired by travelers for many years after its destruction. Toward the end of the second century after Christ the Colossus was reconstructed under the Emperor Vespasian, but of smaller dimensions. The fable of the ancient statue, between whose gigantic limbs ships in full sail were believed to have passed, originated apparently at the time of the Crusades, when the inhabitants of Rhodes amused themselves by relating to the new-comers all sorts of incredible stories of their past grandeur.

BELISARIUS.

The romantic tale of Belisarius, the conqueror of the Vandals, deprived of his sight by the Emperor Justinian, and compelled to beg his bread in the streets of Constantinople, was mentioned by no contemporary historian, but it has been repeated age after age, and Marmontel's novel propagated the fiction in every language of Europe. The real fact, as recorded by Gibbon, is that Belisarius was guarded for a year as a prisoner in his own palace. His innocence of the treason of which he had been suspected became then acknowledged, and his freedom and honors were restored; but death removed him within a year of his liberation. He was never blind or a beggar.

THE ALEXANDRINE LIBRARY.

Whether the Alexandrian Library contained 54,000 volumes or 400,000, it is tolerably certain that this immense collection made by the Ptolemies was not, as is commonly supposed, destroyed by the Arabs in the seventh century, but became a prey to the flames when Julius Cæsar who was besieged in that part of Alexandria, in which the museum stood, ordered the fleet to be set on fire. One story has it that the books were ordered to be distributed in the various baths at Alexandria to be burnt in the stoves, and that they lasted six months; but it would have puzzled the Egyptians to heat baths with parchment. Another fiction was that at the taking of Babylon the books were thrown into the river Euphrates, and the number was so great that they formed a bridge over which foot passengers and horsemen went across.

WILLIAM TELL.

The tale of William Tell is pronounced to be nothing more nor less than a Northern saga that has been adopted and repeated from generation to generation. The revolution which took place in Switzerland in 1307 gave rise to the legend of the Swiss hero, and, from that time to the present writers have continually endeavored to expose its unsound basis, but the public, equally pertinacious, have insisted on believing in its truth. The story was not known until two centuries after the supposed event, and the chronicles of the Middle Ages, so eager after extraordinary feats and interesting news, are entirely ignorant of it. Tell's lime tree in the centre of the market-place at Altdorf, and his cross-bow preserved in the arsenal at Zurich, are not more valid proofs than the pieces of the true cross which are exhibited in a thousand places.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

IF YOU FEEL SICK AND DO NOT know what is the matter with you, try [illegible] Pills. They must do good, and will save expensive doctor's bills. Price 25 cents per box.

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WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN
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Office, No. 9 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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E. R. WILSON,
118 WOOD STREET,
SECOND DOOR ABOVE FIFTH ST.,
DEALER IN
HATS, CAPS, FURS,
AND
STRAW GOODS.

1868. APRIL. 1868.

WHOLESALE.

R. H. PALMER,
84 Wood Street,
HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF
MEN'S AND BOYS' HATS,
ALL THE LATE STYLES OF
Ladies' Bonnets, Misses' Hats,
RIBBONS
AND
MILLINERY GOODS.

Having a resident buyer in the East our facilities for securing the
LATEST NOVELTIES
IN MARKET,
Are unsurpassed by any other house in the West.

NEW GOODS
RECEIVED DAILY.

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BEN FRANKLIN Insurance Company,
OF ALLEGHENY, PA.

A HOME COMPANY, managed by Directors well known to the community, who will by fair dealing merit a share of your patronage.

HENRY IRWIN, President.
GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.
DIRECTORS: [illegible]
Office in Franklin Savings Bank Building, No. [illegible], Allegheny.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.
OF THE
CITY OF ALLEGHENY.
Office, in the Allegheny Trust Co.'s Building.
FIRE INSURANCE ONLY.
W. W. MARTIN, President;
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.
DIRECTORS: [illegible]

ALBANY CITY Insurance Company.

STATEMENT OF ITS CONDITION
On the 1st day of January, 1868.

Cash Capital	[illegible]
Surplus	[illegible]
Total Assets	[illegible]

INVESTED AS FOLLOWS: [illegible]

JOHN V. L. PRUYN, President.
JAMES HENDRICK, Vice President.
GEO. T. HANFORD, General Agent.
W. A. YOUNG, Secretary.
S. V. A. McHARG, Assist. Secretary.
G. M. BARNES, Inspector of Agencies.
DIRECTORS: [illegible]

A. A. Carrier & Bro.,
AGENTS,
63 Fourth Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MONONGAHELA
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH. INCORPORATED [illegible].
CASH CAPITAL [illegible]
Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office, No. 98 WATER STREET.
WM. A. CALDWELL, President. [illegible]
DIRECTORS: [illegible]

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH—Office, corner of Market and Water streets, second floor. [illegible]
DIRECTORS: [illegible]

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, northeast corner Wood and Fifth streets. [illegible]
DIRECTORS: [illegible]

WESTERN INSURANCE CO.
OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEX. NIMICK, President. [illegible]
DIRECTORS: [illegible]
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

W. G. ANDERSON,
[illegible]
Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of CIGARS, of the very best brands, TOBACCO, SNUFF, &c.
Also, ALL THE LATE PERIODICALS OF THE DAY. Orders for the PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL received and promptly attended to.

CARPETS.

CHINA MATTING
CARPETS,
A VERY SUPERIOR QUALITY OF
White, Fancy Striped and Check
MATTINGS.
JUST IMPORTED.
All Wool Ingrains,
IN BRIGHTEST COLORS.
Prices the Lowest in this Market.

McCALLUM BROS.,
51 FIFTH STREET,
ABOVE WOOD.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED
BY STEAMER COLORADO,
Of our own Direct Importation, the Newest and Choicest Patterns of the celebrated John Crossley & Sons'
ENGLISH TAPESTRY,
AND
BODY BRUSSELS,
FOR PARLORS AND HALLS,
With Stair Carpets to Match.

McFARLAND & COLLINS,
71 and 73 Fifth St., Second Floor.

SPRING STOCK
OF
CARPETS.

WE HAVE IN STORE THE MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS WE HAVE EVER OPENED, EMBRACING THE NEWEST STYLES AND DESIGNS OF THE BEST FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTED AND SELECTED WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE PITTSBURGH MARKET. MANY OF THE PATTERNS ARE CONFINED TO OUR HOUSE EXCLUSIVELY FOR THIS CITY. WITH THE ADVANTAGES OF DIRECT IMPORTATION WE ARE NOW ABLE TO OFFER EARLY THE NEWEST AND CHOICEST PATTERNS OF BRUSSELS FROM THE MOST CELEBRATED ENGLISH LOOMS, AND AT PRICES WITHIN THE REACH OF ALMOST EVERY HOUSEHOLDER. A SPECIAL LOT [illegible] OF ENGLISH INGRAINS OF EXTRA QUALITY, AND IN RARE AND BEAUTIFUL DESIGNS, WILL BE FOUND ESPECIALLY CHOICE AND DESIRABLE FOR CHAMBERS.

Our stock of Common all wool Carpets, purchased before the carpet weavers' strike, will be sold at the same rates as previous to the last advance, and will furnish Carpets to the multitude at the lowest cash prices since the war. A good Carpet for 25 cents a yard.

N. B—Those having parlors or drawing rooms to furnish are specially invited to examine the unusually large number of Patterns particularly adapted to that purpose, which we offer in Wilton and Tapestry Velvets and Brussels, at Low Prices.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Street.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO TURNPIKE AND PLANK ROAD COMPANIES.

The undersigned Appraisers, appointed by and in accordance with the act of the Legislature of the State of Pennsylvania, approved April [illegible], 1867, [illegible]

W. WARD,
W. W. [illegible],
ALEXANDER GORDON,
Commissioners.

Pittsburgh, April 23, 1868.

AN ORDINANCE
Relative to the Pittsburgh and Minersville Railway Company.

SEC. 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, [illegible]

JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. [illegible],
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

CITY OF PITTSBURGH
Water Loan.
Proposals for Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

[illegible]

By order of the Finance Committee.
THOMAS STEEL, Controller.

NOTICE.
FIFTH STREET SIDEWALK EXTENSION.
Iron Curb and Sidewalks.

[illegible]

R. J. MOORE, City Engineer.
THOS. N. MILLER, President.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, April 25, 1868.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing [illegible]

R. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, April 24, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR THE removal of the CITY WEIGH SCALES [illegible]

R. J. MOORE,
City Engineer.

FOR SALE—FREE—A second hand Double Cylinder Taylor Press, size of bed 33 by 46. Address this office.

FURNISHING GOODS.

LADIES' UNDERWEAR.
A VERY COMPLETE STOCK OF
CHAMISE, SKIRTS,
DRAWERS,
Night Dresses, Dressing Sacques
SKIRT SHIELDS,
JUST RECEIVED.

BATES & BELL.

PERFECT FITTING
KID GLOVES.
"A. C. C." "H. S. K."

We invite attention to our Kid Glove department, which is now complete with every color and shade, in addition to our own Special Importation of the celebrated

A. C. C. (Jouvin) Kids,

We have secured the exclusive sale of the
HARRIS SEAMLESS KIDS,
The best Gloves and most perfect fit.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,
19 FIFTH STREET,
Now offer the most elegant line of
HAMBURGS.
Ever opened in Pittsburgh, to which they especially invite the attention of their customers. The designs are entirely new and original, and about one-fifth less than regular prices.

MACRUM & CARLISLE
19 FIFTH STREET,
Have just opened all shades of
BULLION AND HISTORI FRINGES.
BUGLE GIMPS AND FRINGES.
At very low prices.

TRIMMINGS AND NOTIONS.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
ARE NOW OPENING
ANOTHER SPLENDID LINE
OF
NEW GOODS,
RIBBONS,
Straw and Millinery Goods,

Bonnet Trimmings and Ornaments; Bonnet Silks, Satins, Velvets.
Flowers in all the Novelties. Blonds, Malines, Crapes, Nets, Ruches, Tarletans.
Black and Colored Laces and Veil Nets.
Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons, Trimming Edgings and Laces.
Hats and Bonnets of every style.
Sundowns and Shaker Hoods.
Notions—a most complete assortment.
White Goods—a choice Line.
Embroideries, Edgings, Insertings, Frillings.
Hosiery and Gloves in great variety.
Corsets and Hoop Skirts—the best makes.
Furnishing Goods; Underwear.
Hair Nets, Braids and Coils, Beltings, Head Bands.
Parasols and Dress Fringes and Trimmings.
We offer the largest stock to be found in the city, and unequalled in choice, variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian Novelties, at

NOS. 77 AND 79 MARKET ST.

DRUGGISTS.

CHROME YELLOW
FOR
HAM PACKERS.
FOR SALE BY
HARRIS & EWING,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
COR. OF LIBERTY AND WAYNE STS.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

W. H. BRILL & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
PARK & BRILL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, have just furnished a complete stock of everything suitable for Druggists, Physicians and Country Dealers. Prescriptions and Recipes filled with the utmost care. [illegible] No. 77 FEDERAL STREET, [illegible] Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania Depots, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

30,000 FRANCS!
HERRING'S PATENT CHAMPION SAFES,
AWARDED THE PRIZE MEDALS AT WORLD'S FAIR, London; WORLD'S FAIR, New York; EXPOSITION UNIVERSELLE, Paris.
AND
WINNER OF THE WAGER
OF
30,000 Francs!
($6,000 IN GOLD.)

At the recent International Contest in the Paris Exhibition. The public are invited to call and examine the report of the Jury on the merits of the great contest, and see the official award to the Herring's Patent over all others.

Herring, Farrel & Sherman,
No. 251 Broadway, cor. Murray st., New York.
FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philada. HERRING & CO., Chicago. HERRING, FARREL & SHERMAN, New Orleans.

PRODUCE IN STORE AND ARRIVING. [illegible] bushels Chopped Corn and Oats, [illegible] bushels Sifted Corn Meal, [illegible] pounds Prime Oats, [illegible] bushels Ear Corn, [illegible] bushels Shelled Corn, 100 barrels Family Flour, 100 barrels Rye Flour, [illegible] bushels Clover Seed, [illegible] bushels Prime Timothy Seed. With full Stock of Groceries in store and for sale by
H. RIDDLE,
No. 183 Liberty street.

DRY GOODS.

CARR, M'CANDLESS & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
94
WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

BUYERS of DRY GOODS are invited to examine the Most Complete Stock ever brought to this Market.

Many of our Most Popular Styles are not to be found elsewhere, being Controlled Entirely by Us. The Entire Stock having been purchased at the Lowest Rates.

WE CHALLENGE
COMPETITION.

Prints,
Delaines,
Armures,
Col'd Alpacas,

Col'd Wool Delaines,
French Ginghams,
Scotch Ginghams,
Domestic Ginghams.

Cloths,
Doeskins,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Tweeds,
Cottonades,
Pant Linens, &c.

HOUSEKEEPERS' GOODS

Sheetings,
Shirtings,
Tickings,
Checks,
Quilts,
Coverlets.

A Large and well selected Stock of

NOTIONS,

OF ALL KINDS.

Hosiery, Gloves, &c.

CASH BUYERS will find rare inducements.

DRY GOODS.

87 MARKET ST.
FULL LINES OF
BLACK ALPACAS;
COLORED ALPACAS;
STRIPED MOHAIRS;
LISLE POPLINS; CHENE MOHAIRS;
FRENCH POPLINS;
BLACK SILKS;
WHITE PIQUES; COLORED SILKS;
COLORED PIQUES;
PERCALES;
LAWNS, CHINTZES.

ALL NEW GOODS and latest styles at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

THEO. F. PHILLIPS,
87 MARKET STREET,
(Late J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.)

NEW DRESS GOODS

WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET,
Are now opening some choice styles of Ladies' and Children's
DRESS GOODS,
WHICH THEY OFFER AT LOW PRICES.

SPRING STOCK,
AT THE
DRY GOODS
JOBBING HOUSE
OF
DUNCAN & HUGUS
53 and 55 Wood Street.

Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
PRINTS,
TICKINGS,
Cottonades, Cassimeres,
CHECKS,
GINGHAMS,
White Goods,
NOTIONS, &c., &c.

DUNCAN & HUGUS

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
NO. 115 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH,
WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
AT LOWEST EASTERN PRICES.

M'ELROY,
DICKSON,
& CO.,
DRY GOODS
JOBBERS.
NO. 51 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

MILLINERY GOODS.

WHOLESALE
Millinery and Straw Goods.
J. D. BERND,
Fifth and Market Sts., Second Floor.
Specialties,
Novelties,
Scarcities,
RECEIVED FRESH DAILY.

BREWERS.

JOS. SPENCER....JAS. M'KAY....ROBT. LIDDELL.
PHŒNIX STEAM BREWERY.
SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS,
OF ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

MERCANTILE BROKERS.

DAV. CRAWFORD,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
In PIG METAL, BLOOMS, ORE, WROUGHT SCRAP IRON, FIRE BRICK and CLAY, &c.
Warehouse and Office, Nos. 366 and 368 PENN STREET. Storage Furnished. Consignments solicited.

WINDOW SHADES,
CURTAIN TASSELS,
GIMPS and CORDS,
AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At KELTY'S Curtain Store,
447 BROADWAY, New York.

MANUFACTURERS.

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,
FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS,
SANDUSKY ST., Allegheny city, Pa., manufacturers of Steam Engines, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY
AND
PIPE WORKS,
Cor. CARROLL AND SMALLMAN STREETS,
Ninth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
William Smith,
MANUFACTURER OF
CAST IRON BOWL PIPE.
For Gas and Water Work. My Pipe are all cast vertically in Pits, in Dry Sand, in Twelve Feet Lengths. Also a full assortment of General Castings for Gas and Water Works. I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

L. O. LIVINGSTON. W. H. BURT. W. A. ROBINSON, Jr.
LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Iron Founders.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Fine Light Castings,
ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
For Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Agricultural Implements, Cotton and Woolen Mill Machinery, &c., &c.
All Job Work Promptly Attended to.
Office and Works—WASHINGTON AVENUE, near Outer Depot, Allegheny city, Pa.

THE KNAP FORT PITT FOUNDRY CO.
CHARLES KNAP, President;
JOS. M. KNAP, Vice President;
O. METCALF, Secretary and Treasurer;
N. K. WADE Engineer;
J. G. KNAP, General Manager.
DIRECTORS—Jas. B. Murray, of Lyon, Shorb & Co.; A. E. W. Painter, of J. Painter & Sons; C. E. Herron, of Spang, Chalfant & Co.; Thos. S. Blair, of Shoenberger & Co.; Wm. Metcalf, of Miller, Barr & Parkin.
Manufacturers of
Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery; Retorts and Castings of every description. Ernest's Nail Machines.

PITTSBURGH FLINT GLASS WORKS—Established 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,
Factory, BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham.
Warehouse, 21 and 23 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS, | B. BAKEWELL, Jr.
B. R. CAMPBELL | J. W. PAUL.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

ESTABLISHED 1830.
GLASS. GLASS.
PHŒNIX, SLIGO, PITTSBURGH
AND
EMPIRE GLASS FACTORIES.
WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WINDOW GLASS AND DRUGGISTS' GLASSWARE.
Also, WINE, PORTER AND MINERAL WATER BOTTLES.
Office, 18 and 20 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
P. S.—We make a specialty of the manufacture of FRUIT JARS, making the Cork, Tin Top, and the most desirable Self-Sealers in the market.

JAS. B. LYON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF FINE PRESSED
FLINT GLASSWARE.
WAREHOUSE, NO. 116 WATER ST.,
FIVE DOORS BELOW MONONGAHELA HOUSE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH
LAMP AND GLASS COMPANY.
NO. 83 WOOD STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.
JOHN H. BOYTS & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO JOHN ROSS & CO.,)
Manufacturers of all kinds of
LAMPS, LAMP BASES, CHIMNEYS, LANTERNS, &C.
Also, dealers in everything pertaining to the Lamp Trade. TUMBLERS, TABLE WARE, WINDOW GLASS, and everything in the Glass Line.

WM. BOLMES..........JAMES IRWIN,
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL OF VITRIOL AND AQUA AMMONIA.
Office, No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

VOIGT, MAHOOD & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO L. H. VOIGT & CO.,
PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
257 LIBERTY STREET,
RECEIVE AND SELL

Flour,	Eggs,
Grain,	Beans,
Butter,	Tallow,
Cheese,	Grease,
Oil Barrels,	Refined Oil,
Timothy,	Flaxseed,
Pork,	Green Fruits,
Bacon,	Dried Fruits,
Lard,	Potatoes,
Feathers,	Brooms,
Crude Oil,	Hominy,
Clover,	Grass Seed,

AND PRODUCE IN GENERAL.

Purchase on orders, at Lowest Market Price, all kinds of
PITTSBURGH MANUFACTURED GOODS,
And every description of Merchandise.
FRESH BUTTER and EGGS received daily.

T. C. JENKINS.
CHECKERED FRONT,
273 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
AND
WHOLESALE DEALER IN FLOUR AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.
Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors.

WHITE LEAD.

S. BEYMER, Late of B. L. Fahnestock & Co.
R. F. BAUMAN, CHAS. F. WELLS, Late of B. L. Fahnestock, Fortune & Co.

BEYMER, BAUMAN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE LEAD
DRY AND IN OIL,
Red Lead, Potters' Lead, Zinc
PAINT AND PUTTY,

BEYMER, BAUMAN & CO. PURE WHITE LEAD. PITTSBURGH.

OFFICE AND *WAREHOUSE,* 26 WOOD ST. Pittsburgh. Factory, corner of BIDWELL ST. AND OHIO AVENUE, Allegheny.

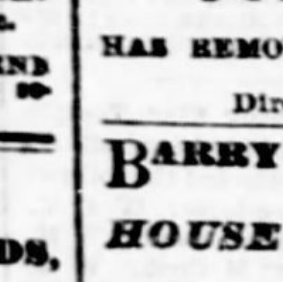
The following notice of guarantee, bearing our written signature, is attached to every keg of the above Brand:
REWARD—We will give TWENTY DOLLARS IN GOLD for each and every ounce of ADULTERATION found in White Lead (of our manufacture), bearing our name. We guarantee *Strict Purity,* and a degree of *Fineness* and *Whiteness Unequalled* by any other brand.
BEYMER, BAUMAN & CO.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO. PURE WHITE LEAD. PITTSBURGH.

WHITE LEAD,
RED LEAD,
LITHARGE
AND
ZINC.

DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.,
WHITE LEAD WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE AND ZINC.
Office, 9 SMITHFIELD ST., Monongahela House.

SCALES.



FAIRBANKS'
STANDARD
SCALES,
OF ALL KINDS. ALSO,
Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Copying Presses, &c.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
Cor. WOOD and SECOND STREETS, Pittsburgh.
Be careful to Buy Only the Genuine. Scales Repaired Promptly.

PAINTERS.

REMOVED.
JOHN F. CLULEY
HAS REMOVED TO 134 SMITHFIELD ST.
Directly opposite the old stand.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS
NO. 18 SMITHFIELD STREET.
1y28-1y

MANUFACTURERS.

IRON WORKS.
AMERICAN IRON WORKS.

JONES & LAUGHLINS,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AMERICAN AND CLAIR BAR, HOOP,
SHEET AND PLATE IRON.

BRIDGE IRON;
ANGLE AND T IRON;
GUARD IRON;
COAL SCREEN IRON;
T RAILS, 16 and 30 inch to yard;
TRAM RAILS, punched and countersunk;
BOILER, BRIDGE AND TANK RIVETS;
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES;
SHIP AND BOAT SPIKES;
RAILROAD SPIKES;
RAILROAD FISH BARS AND BOLTS;
RAILROAD CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
STREET CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
COAL-PIT CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
PATENT COLD ROLLED SHAFTINGS;
PATENT COLD ROLLED PISTON RODS;
MOWER AND REAPER BARS.

WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE:
120 WATER AND 120 FRONT STS.
BRANCH OFFICE:
NOS. 22, 24 AND 26 FRONT STREET,
1y CHICAGO, ILL.

Mackintosh, Hemphill & Co.
Founders and Machinists,
IRON CITY WORKS,
COR. PIKE AND O'HARA AND PIKE AND WALNUT STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES,
ROLLING MILL ENGINES,
SAW, GRIST AND PLANING MILL ENGINES.
ROLLING MILL AND OTHER MACHINERY.
CASTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.

MONONGAHELA IRON WORKS.
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS;
THIMBLE SKEINS AND PIPE BOXES;
WAGON AND SKEIN BOLTS;
COACH AND LAG SCREWS;
SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS;
CAST AND WROUGHT IRON WASHERS;
MACHINE AND PLOW BOLTS;
WROUGHT IRON HINGES;
TUYERE IRONS;
BRIDGE BOLTS AND CASTINGS;
ROOF AND TRUSS BOLTS;
COAL CAR WHEELS AND AXLES;
BARGE AND COAL CAR BOLTS;
STOVE AND SAW RODS;
R. R. SPLICE BARS AND BOLTS, &c.
A full assortment of standard sizes kept in stock.
WORKS:
SOUTH END OF BIRMINGHAM BRIDGE,
WAREHOUSE:
WATER AND MARKET STS., PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.
A. GARRISON..JOHN H. RICKETSON..WM. HOLMES.
A. GARRISON & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO BOLLMAN, GARRISON & CO.,
Founders and Machinists,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED ROLLS, all sizes,
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
For IRON, STEEL, BRASS, COPPER, ZINC, SILVER, GOLD, PAPER and INDIA RUBBER WORK. ALSO,
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Office and Warehouse—209 LIBERTY STREET.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank Works.

CARROLL & SNYDER,
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER
STEAM BOILERS.

CHIMNEYS,	OIL STILLS,
BRITCHES,	OIL TANKS,
FIRE BEDS,	AGITATORS,
ASH PANS,	SETTLING PANS,
STEAM PIPE,	CONDENSERS,
SALT PANS,	PRISON DOORS,
IRON BRIDGES,	GASOMETERS,

STEAM BOILERS.

Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

JOHN M. COOPER..........HENRY BIR
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BRASS FOUNDERS,
Steam and Gas Fitters,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PUMPS AND BRASS WORK
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION; DEALERS IN
Gas Fixtures and Tubing
OF ALL KINDS.
Cor. of Pike and Walnut Sts.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Call and examine our Steam Pump before purchasing elsewhere. It is plain and substantial; equal if not superior to any Pump now in use.

A. BRADLEY..........W. VANKIRK.
BRADLEY
STOVE WORKS.
MANUFACTURE EVERY VARIETY OF
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING
STOVES,
Among which are the celebrated NATIONAL, TALISMAN, TROPIC and EUREKA—Coal Cook Stoves. Also, VETERAN, POMONA and IRONSIDES—Wood Cook Stoves,
Grate Fronts, Fenders, &c.
Agents for Lotze's celebrated HOTEL and FAMILY RANGES.
Office: Corner of SECOND and WOOD STREETS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

LAKE SUPERIOR COPPER MILLS AND SMELTING WORKS.
PARK, McCURDY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
SHEATH, BRAZIERS AND BOLT COPPER, PRESSED COPPER BOTTOMS, RAISED STILL BOTTOMS, SPELTER SOLDER, &c.
Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Fire, &c. Constantly on hand Tinner's Machines and Tools.
Warehouse, 140 FIRST and 120 SECOND STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. 3p

ENGINES, BOILERS, CASTINGS.
ATLAS WORKS,
Morton St, Ninth Ward, Pittsb'gh.
THOMAS N. MILLER . . . . . President.
THESE WORKS ARE AMONG THE
LARGEST IN THE WEST,
And are now prepared to furnish ENGINES, of every description, BOILERS, TANKS and STILLS, ROLLING MILL, and HEAVY MACHINERY CASTINGS.
Sheet Iron Work, General Repairing, &c., &c.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.,
Pittsburgh Novelty Works,
CORNER OF GRANT AND FIRST STREETS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
FAIRBANK'S PATENT PLATFORM AND COUNTER SCALES.
JANUS FACED PATENT DOOR LOCKS AND LATCHES.
PAINT AND COFFEE MILLS, MALLEABLE IRON, &c.

LYON, SHORB & CO.,
SLIGO IRON WORKS,
WAREHOUSE, NO 121 WATER STREET
PITTSBURGH PA

PENNSYLVANIA
IRON WORKS.
EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,
Warehouse—No. 165 FIRST STREET,
(Opposite Monongahela House),
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. W. AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

From January 19th, 1868, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, North Side, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Exp.	2:13 a m	Chicago Ex...	2:43 a m
Cleveland Ex.	2:13 a m	Cleveland Ex.	2:43 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	6:13 a m	Chicago Ex...	10:58 a m
Cl & Whg M'l	6:28 a m	Wheeling Ex.	11:08 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	Chicago Ex...	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex...	9:43 a m	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	4:03 p m
Pitts & Cl'd Ex		Erie&Ygn Ex.	6:13 p m
via Youngs'n	9:43 a m	Chicago Ex...	6:58 p m
Cl. & Whg. Ex.	2:13 p m	Cl. & Whg. Ex.	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex...	2:28 p m	Pitt&Cl'd Ex.	
Whg & ErieEx	4:33 p m	via Youngs'n	9:28 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
N Br'tn Acc...	8:58 a m	N.Brt'n Acc...	7:03 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:13 a m	N.Brt'n Acc...	8:28 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	11:53 a m	Wellsville Ac.	9:58 a m
RochesterAcc.	1:33 p m	N. Castle Acc..	10:13 a m
Wellsville Acc	3:43 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	9:13 a m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	1:18 p m
N.Brt'n Acc...	5:33 p m	N.Brt'n Acc..	2:43 p m
N.Brt'n Acc...	6:28 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	4:23 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Acc.	7:28 p m

2:28 P. M. Chicago Express leaves daily.
10:58 A. M., Chicago Express arrives daily.
F. R. MYERS, Gen'l Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, COLUMBUS AND CINCINNATI RAILROAD. *Panhandle Route.*

CHANGE OF TIME. On and after SUNDAY, December 8th, 1867, Trains will leave and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:

PITTSBURGH TIME.

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail Express	2:15 a m	3:55 p m
Fast Line	9:40 a m	7:05 p m
Fast Express	2:50 p m	10:55 a m
Mixed Way	6:10 a m	6:50 p m
M'Donald's Ac'n No. 1.	11:10 a m	2:30 p m
Steubenville Accom'n...	3:55 p m	9:30 a m
M'Donald's Ac'n No. 2.	5:20 p m	8:20 a m

SPECIAL NOTICE—Sunday Express leaves at 2:50 p. m., arriving in Cincinnati at 6:30 a. m. next morning.
The 9:40 a. m. Train leaves daily, Sundays and Mondays excepted.
JOHN H. MILLER, General Eastern Agent,
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after OCTOBER 6, 1867, trains arrive at and depart from the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Mail Train	1:30 a m	Day Express	3:00 a m
Fast Line	1:50 a m	Wall's No. 1	6:20 a m
Wall's No. 1	6:20 a m	Mail Train	8:20 a m
Brinton No. 2	7:50 a m	Wall's No. 2	9:50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8:50 a m	CincinnatiEx	11:15 a m
Cincinnati Exp	9:10 a m	Wall's No. 3	11:30 a m
Johnstown ac	10:15 a m	Johnstown Ac.	2:50 p m
Phila. Express	1:50 p m	Wall's No 4	3:30 p m
Wall's No. 3	1:30 p m	Phil. Express	4:10 p m
Wall's No. 4	2:50 p m	Wall's No. 5	4:50 p m
Wall's No. 5	5:50 p m	Wall's No. 6	6:05 p m
Wall's No. 6	7:00 p m	Fast Line	7:20 p m
Altoona Ac. and Emig't train	10:20 p m	Wall's No. 7	10:50 p m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:00 p. m.
Cincinnati Express leaves daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.
Philadelphia Express and the Altoona Accommodation and Emigrant Train arrive daily. Cincinnati Express arrives daily except Monday. All other trains daily except Sunday.
For further information, apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding that amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
Gen'l Supt., Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after November 1st, 1867, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad, will arrive at and depart from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny city, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Sharpsbg No 1.	6:25 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No 1.	8:15 a m	Freeport No 1.	9:05 a m
Express	10:10 a m	Sharpsbg No 1.	11:20 a m
Sharpsbg No 2.	1:25 p m	Express	1:50 p m
Freeport No 2.	4:15 p m	Harmersville	3:55 p m
Mail	6:05 p m	Freeport No 2.	6:05 p m
Harmersville	7:10 p m	Sharpbg No 2.	7:30 p m

Above trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday at 7:40 a. m., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 a. m. Returning leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 p. m., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:45 p. m.
Commutation Tickets—For sale in packages of twenty, between Allegheny City, Chestnut street, Herr's, Bennett, Pine Creek, Etna and Sharpsburg, and good only on the trains stopping at Stations specified on tickets.
The Trains leaving Allegheny City at 6.50 a. m. make direct connection at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler and Hannahstown. Through Tickets may be purchased at the Office, No. 3 St. Clair Street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.
For further information, apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.
The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for wearing apparel, and limit their responsibility to ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS in value. All baggage exceeding this amount in value, will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE
TO THE EAST.
SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINE
Between Pittsburgh and New York, via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown and Easton.
NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK.
SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.
Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh, daily (except Sundays) at 3:10 and 11:25 A. M., 4:20 and 7:30 P. M. On Sundays at 11:25 A. M.
Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station of CENTRAL RAILROAD OF NEW JERSEY, FOOT OF LIBERTY STREET, at 9.00 A. M., 5:00 and 8:00 P. M.
Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN,
General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
Only Direct Route to the Oil Regions, Running Through to Venango City
Without Change of Cars, connecting with Trains East and West, on the Warren and Franklin Railroad and Atlantic and Great Western Railway. Shortest and quickest route to Oil City and Franklin, and all points in the Oil Regions.
On and after APRIL 26th, 1868, Passenger Trains will leave from and arrive at the Depot, corner of Canal and Pike streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Venango City	7:00 a m	6:15 p m
Express to and from Venango City	10:40 p m	12:25 a m
Brady's Bend Accom'n	3:00 p m	10:20 a m
Soda Works Accom'n	5:30 p m	7:55 a m
First Hulton Accom'n	8:50 a m	11:40 a m
Second Hulton Accom'n	12:00 m	3:55 p m

Church Train leaves Soda Works at 8:05 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh, at 9:50 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 1:10 p. m., arriving at Soda Works at 2:55 p. m.
H. BLACKSTONE, Superintendent.
W. F. HOPE, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
On and after THURSDAY, March 5, 1868, the Trains will leave the Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
M'Keesport Accommod'n	11:00 a m	8:05 p m
Express to and from Uniontown	3:00 p m	10:00 a m
West Newton Accom'n	4:00 p m	8:35 a m
Braddock's Accommodation	6:15 p m	7:50 p m
Night Accommodation to McKeesport	10:30 p m	6:40 a m
Sunday Church Train to and From West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For tickets apply to J. R. KING, Agent.
WM. B. STOUT, Sup't.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
CAST STEEL.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Cor. Penn and Harrison sts., Fifth ward,
PITTSBURGH.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
Manufacturers of every description of
STEEL.
BEST TOOL CAST STEEL,
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW STEEL,
PATENT ROLLED SAW PLATE,
RAILWAY SPRINGS, AND SPRING STEEL,
ELLIPTIC AND SIDE SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c.
83 WATER and 100 FIRST ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
STEEL.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,
120, 122 and 124 SECOND, and 119 and 121 FIRST STREETS, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS,
(ESTABLISHED IN 1845.)
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
Manufacturers of Every Description of
STEEL,
Best Refined TOOL STEEL.
Mill, Mulay, Circular, Gang and Cross Cut
SAW PLATES.
Spring, Cast and German Plow and Blister Steel. Shovel, Hoe, Fork, Rake and Toe Calk Steel. Locomotive and R. R. Car Springs; R. R. Spring Steel and Frog Points, Cast Steel Finger Bars, Sickle Steel, Spring, Steel Tyre, Plow Wings, etc., Oil Drill Steel.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Cor. ROSS and FIRST STS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HARDWARE.

HARDWARE.
BUILDERS' HARDWARE,
CABINET MAKERS' HARDWARE,
MACHINISTS' TOOLS;
JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
Hardware,
CORNER OF WOOD AND SECOND STS.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMPERIAL
FRENCH VINEGAR.
This Vinegar is a *SUPERIOR ARTICLE,* and is *WITHOUT A RIVAL* in the world. It received the GOLD MEDAL at London in 1862, and at PARIS in 1867 for its general excellencies. It is Imported only by
BOLLMAN, BECK & CO.,
No. 307 LIBERTY STREET.
For sale at all first class Grocery Stores. One trial will demonstrate its first-class merit. Pronounced the best in the world. It is early destined to supplant all other Vinegars.

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

COUNCILS.—City Councils meet this afternoon.

RAIN.—A drizzling rain fell during the first part of Sunday, and in the afternoon and evening it was quite cool.

[illegible]

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

Meeting of the Association—The Proposition of Allegheny Councils—Action of the Association on the Site Not Changed.

The Executive Committee of the Allegheny County Soldiers' Monumental Association held a meeting on Saturday afternoon at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 25 Fifth street. The meeting was quite large and the proceedings were conducted with considerable spirit. James Park, Jr., Esq., was called to preside.

After the transaction of some miscellaneous business, a communication was received from the Clerk of Select Council of Allegheny City, enclosing the following resolution passed by Allegheny Councils at their last meeting:

Resolved, By the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, that permission is hereby granted to the committee having in charge the erection of the Soldiers' Monument to place said monument on any part of the common grounds of this city that they may select, [illegible]

The communication was received and referred to the Committee on Location.

[illegible]

PITTSBURGH AND TEMPERANCEVILLE PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY.

Meeting at the Board of Trade Rooms—Officers and Directors Elected.

Mention has previously been made of an act of Assembly, approved on the 7th of March last, authorizing the construction of a passenger railway from Pittsburgh to Temperanceville. The proposed railway is to run from the Custom House to the old Stone Tavern on the Washington Pike, a distance of about three miles. Should the stock be taken as rapidly as is expected, the road will be constructed during the present season.

The incorporators and friends of the enterprise held a meeting at the Board of Trade Rooms Saturday afternoon for the purpose of organizing. [illegible]

Anniversary of the Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh.

The Jubilee Anniversary—being the fifty-fifth annual meeting of the Young Men's Bible Society of Pittsburgh will be held at the Second Presbyterian Church, Penn street (Dr. Howard), this evening. The exercises will be unusually interesting, and a large audience will doubtless be in attendance. [illegible]

Serious Railroad Accident—Warning to Boys.

[illegible]

Funeral of Rev. Charles Walther.

[illegible]

Man Killed at Port Perry—A Distressing Scene.

[illegible]

Fatal Accident—Young Man Killed by a Street Car.

[illegible]

Important to Housekeepers.

[illegible]

The Case of the Hackman—Note from Alderman Owston.

[illegible]

Burglaries at Sewickley.

[illegible]

Building, Improvements, &c.

[illegible]

The Championship Sculling Race—Selection of Referee and Judges Postponed.

[illegible]

"Sniffs" Arnold Again Arrested.

[illegible]

Immense Quantity of Lumber.

[illegible]

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN ALLEGHENY.

Sykes's Tannery Burned—Loss, $50,000—Insurance, $20,000—Eight Men Injured.

A destructive fire occurred on Spring Garden Run, Eighth ward, Allegheny City, (formerly Duquesne Borough,) yesterday morning. Shortly after five o'clock flames were discovered issuing from the rear of the tannery owned by Henry Sykes. A large number of laboring men reside in that vicinity, and they turned out as soon as the alarm was raised. An alarm was sounded from box 56, corner of Chestnut street, about half-past five, but as the box was a considerable distance from the scene of the fire, it was some little time before the Fire Department was notified, but as soon as they were they turned out promptly, the General Grant steamer being the first on the ground. The rear part of the building was soon enveloped in flames, and an effort was made to save a large quantity of leather stored in the third story. [illegible]

THE INJURED.

Two brothers, named Henry Keeling and Lewis Knoch, were seriously perhaps fatally injured by jumping from the window. [illegible]

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The Rule on the City Regulator—Answer Filed—Sentences in the Criminal Court—Trial Lists for To-day.

Court of Common Pleas—Judges Sterrett, Stowe and Mellon.

[illegible]

Criminal Court—Full Bench.

[illegible]

District Court—Judge Williams.

[illegible]

Real Estate Sales.

[illegible]

Proposed Regatta on the 4th of July.

[illegible]

Police Intelligence.

[Before Mayor Blackmore.]

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Hugh Hagan made information before Mayor Blackmore on Saturday, charging James Dunn with assault and battery. The parties reside in the Fifth Ward, and the defendant, it is alleged, struck Hagan in the face with his fist, without any provocation whatever. The offense was committed on Saturday morning.

THREATS OF VIOLENCE.

Winifred Golding lodged complaint before Mayor Blackmore, on Saturday, against Dennis Golding, who he alleges threatened to commit an aggravated assault and battery upon him. The threat was made in the store of the latter, on High street, Third Ward, on Saturday morning. A warrant was issued.

[Before Mayor Drum, of Allegheny.]

OBSTRUCTING THE RAILWAY TRACK.

The Conductor of car No. 42, on the Troy Hill Passenger Railway, has entered suit before the Mayor of Allegheny against a man named Michael Hall, for obstructing the track of the company. Hall is charged with refusing to quit the track with his wagon, thus detaining a car which was following behind him. The Mayor has the case under consideration.

STRUCK WITH A STONE.

Henry Powelson was arrested yesterday afternoon by officer Joseph Campbell, of the day police, on a charge of assault and battery, preferred by William Butcher. The prosecutor alleges that yesterday afternoon the defendant assaulted deponent's minor son on Liberty street, Allegheny, striking him with a stone, and injuring him quite severely. Powelson, at the time he committed the assault, was intoxicated. He is in the lock-up and will have a hearing this morning.

WIFE DESERTER ARRESTED.

Mr. McGonnigle, one of the Overseers of the Poor of Allegheny, on Saturday, instituted suit against a colored man named Alexander Boyd, for deserting his wife. Boyd's wife, it appears, after being deserted became sickly and applied to the Overseers of the Poor for aid. Boyd, who lives in the Third ward, was arrested by officer Campbell, and after a hearing was held to bail for trial.

Public Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—After a season of tragedy, we are to have one of comedy, and that popular young actor Edwin Adams, is to be the principal interpreter. Since his last visit to this city, Mr. Adams has fulfilled one of the most brilliant engagements of forty nights ever performed in San Francisco, and during the present season has everywhere met with marked success. He is a really talented artiste, and as "Rover," in "Wild Oats," which he performs this evening, is equal to Murdoch in his palmiest days. During his engagement a round of sterling plays will be presented, and in order that he may be fully and ably supported the management have engaged for leading lady Miss Augusta Dargon, an accomplished actress from the Eastern theatres.

THEATRE.—Leo Hudson has departed, and the management have returned to a complete dramatic and variety entertainment, announcing for this evening an extraordinary programme, in which Misses Devere, Lamareux, Sutherland and Messrs. Johnny Hart, Oscar Willis, Bob Hart and others, will take part. The entire dramatic company will also appear in a drama of interest. Manager Aiken is laboring hard to please the masses, and is meeting with success.

SABBATH SCHOOL UNION.—A union meeting of the Sabbath Schools connected with the First Presbyterian Church of this city took place yesterday afternoon in the church edifice, on Wood street. The exercises consisted of singing by the children and addresses by the Rev. S. F. Scovel, pastor of the church, and Rev. Alfred Taylor. It was announced that the regular anniversary meeting of the Sabbath Schools connected with the church will be held to-morrow evening.

Dr. Aborn, Eye and Ear Surgeon and Physician for Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Office 134 Smithfield street. tf

Castor and Cod Liver Oil, Etc., Without taste. Dunbar, Dick & Co.'s Soft Capsules. The best in use. Use no others. For sale by all first class druggists.

It is by Invigorating the Nerve Fluid

And strengthening the whole nervous system, that Neuralgia, Nerveache, and other painful nervous ailments are banished. Dr. TURNER'S TIC-DOULOUREUX or UNIVERSAL NEURALGIA PILL is an active auxiliary to the *nerve fluid*. Apothecaries have this medicine. Principal depot, 120 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON, MASS. Price, $1 per package; by mail, two postage stamps extra.

McClarran & McKennan, Agents, 85 Market street. eod

DEALERS in Combs and the Notion Trade generally, will find something of interest to them in our advertising columns this morning, under the head of "Caution." eod

Cane Fishing Poles.

Hooks, Night Seines, Staging and Fishing Tackle of all kinds at Thompsons, 240 Liberty street. MT

Fallacies of the Faculty.

The stomach is the ruling organ of the system. If the digestion is imperfect, every member, every gland, every muscle, every nerve and fibre is more or less out of order. All the fluids are depraved. The brain is clouded. The spirits are depressed. All dyspeptics know this to be the truth. It is not, however, half the truth. Columns would be required to enumerate the pains and penalties of dyspepsia, nor could any pen do them justice. Tens of thousands *feel* them; no man can describe them.

Can they be prevented? Can they be relieved? Can they be banished at once and forever? UNQUESTIONABLY THEY CAN. No dyspeptic has ever taken HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in vain. Believe no one who says the complaint is incurable. This great [illegible] will eradicate it—is eradicating it in thousands of cases over which medical practitioners have shaken their heads ominously, saying, "Nothing can be done."

The faculty has its fallacies. One of them is that indigestion is the most difficult of all the ordinary ailments of mankind to combat and subdue. This is a mistake. Nothing can be easier than to conquer it, if the true specific be administered. This vegetable combination which has become famous throughout the civilized world as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is an antidote to the disease which has never been known to fail, and fortunately it is everywhere procurable. If you wish to *feed* with the dyspepsia, try the pharmacopœia prescriptions. If you want to cure it and prevent its recurrence, take the Bitters daily. There is no dissent on the testimony in its favor. If there is a man or woman who has ever tried it for indigestion, without being benefited, the fact has not transpired. Universal, uncontradicted praise attaches its wonderful tonic virtues.

Similia Similibus Curantur.

PILES! PILES!! PILES!!! WHAT IS IT? HOW CURED!

Thousands of persons have Piles—suffer for years with the disease—yet few know what it is or how it is cured. Every case of Piles, whether manifested in the form of external tumors, frequent bleedings, or in violent itching and irritation, depends essentially upon congestion of the abdominal venous circulation. This produces the engorgement, dilation of the veins, formation of tumors, hemorrhages, pain and suffering; and the disease can only be fundamentally cured by medicines which, taken internally, relieve this venous congestion. Ointments, washes, and even injections are so ineffectual.

HUMPHREY'S HOMŒOPATHIC PILE SPECIFIC, a simple sugar pill, taken two or three times per day, cures the disease by curing the condition upon which the disease depends. Hundreds have been cured by it, even of the most obstinate cases. All will be promptly benefited by it. Price, 50 cents a box.

FAMILY CASES

of 35 large vials, morocco case, containing a specific for every ordinary disease a family is subject to, and a book of directions - - $10 00

Smaller FAMILY and TRAVELING cases, with 20 to 28 vials, from - - - $5 to 8

These Remedies, by the case or single box, are sent to any part of the country, by Mail or Express, free of charge, on receipt of the price. Address HUMPHREYS' SPECIFIC

Homœopathic Medicine Company,

Office and Depot, No. 562 Broadway, New York.

Dr. Humphreys is consulted daily at his office, personally or by letter, as above, for all forms of disease. d*

MARRIED:

[illegible]—NEELY—On Thursday evening, April 23d, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. J. Reid, Mr. L. S. [illegible] to Miss M. J., eldest daughter of James M. Neely, Esq., of South Pittsburgh.

DIED:

STERLING—At Philadelphia, on Friday morning, 24th inst., HENRY STERLING, Esq., formerly of Pittsburgh, in the eighty-fourth year of his age.

Funeral services at Rev. John McMillan's Church, Sandusky street, Allegheny city, on TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock. Funeral to proceed to the Allegheny Cemetery.

SNOWDON WORKS,

Brownsville, Pa.

J. N. SNOWDON,

MACHINIST,

ENGINE BUILDER

AND

STEAMBOAT CONTRACTOR.

Having Leased the well-known Works formerly carried on by John Snowdon & Sons, and possessing [illegible] BUILD STEAMBOATS EN[illegible] part of the Machinery. [illegible] the construction of

IRON VESSELS,

For which I am prepared to contract. Refer to the manufacturers and business men of Pittsburgh generally.

J. N. SNOWDON, BROWNSVILLE, PA.

HEADQUARTERS FOR WARM AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS,

Black or White Enameled, Square or Round, at BISSELL & CO.'S, No. 235 Liberty street.

WHEAT.

Choice No. 1 Spring Wheat,

In Store and to arrive, and for sale by

DANIEL WALLACE,
253 Liberty street.

LIME, LIME, LIME.

We are prepared to contract and deliver a No. 1 quality of Lime in any quantity at LOWEST MARKET RATES, [illegible] MANSFIELD COAL AND LIME CO., Office South End Monongahela Bridge.

7,000 CANE FISHING POLES— [illegible]

JAMES BOWN,
136 Wood street.

JAMES T. BRADY & Co.

(Successors to S. JONES & Co.)

Cor. Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

7-30'S CONVERTED

INTO THE

New 5-20 Coupon Bond

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

☞ Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the purchase and sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

Bankers,

AND DEALERS IN

Government Securities,

Cor. Fourth and Smithfield Streets,

BUY AND SELL ALL ISSUES OF

U. S. BONDS,

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES AND GOLD.

SEVEN-THIRTIES

Converted into 5-20 Bonds at Market Rates.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY EVENING, April 25.

There was a marked improvement in trade the past week. Business was more active, and the tone of the market was hopeful and confident. Money is daily working easier. The banks are discounting pretty liberally absorbing all paper which is strictly of a commercial character. Their action in this respect affords considerable relief to the outside market. Still there is an active and unsupplied demand for loans. The oil dealers are more pressed than any other class. Immense quantities of oil in bulk or tanks are held over for higher figures, which has locked up a very large sum of money and materially lessened the ability of the banks to render assistance to others. The recent advance in Government bonds has tempted holders, in many cases, to sell, and invest the proceeds in mortgages, which has been commanding of late pretty remunerative prices, say from 10 to 12 per annum.

—The amount of fractional currency issued during the week is $407,000; amount shipped, $644,088, including $50,000 to the United States Depository in Pittsburgh; amount of National Bank currency issued, $120,930; amount in circulation, $299,797,0000; fractional currency destroyed, $539,400.

—Gold in New York to day is less active, in consequence partly of the speculators having sold out and partly of the more pacific tone of the European news, and of the increasing ease in the foreign exchanges. The carrying rate for gold is 2@5 per cent., with some apparent increase in the supply of cash gold. The Government is reported to have sold over $200,000 this morning. The following were the quotations during the day: 10:00, 139½; 10:55, 139; 11:45, 138⅞; 12:30, 139; 2:00, 139; 3:00, 139, closing firm at the last figure.

—Governmdats are active. The five-twenty bonds, which are available in foreign markets, are lower, while those whose sale is confined to the home markets are a fraction higher.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co., report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

United States 6s, 1881, 112¾; United States 5-20s, '62, 111¾; do '64, 110¼; do '65, old, 110¼; new '65, 108⅜; do '67 109; 7-30s, 107¼; 10-40s, 102⅜. Gold, 139⅜.

Messrs. James T. Brady & Co., bankers, corner of Fourth and Wood streets, furnish the following quotations for gold and government securities:

Gold, 139⅜; U. S. 6s, 1881, 112⅞; U. S. 5-20s, 1862, 111⅝; do 1864, 110⅛; do 1865, 110¼; U. S. 10-40s, 102¾; U. S. 5-20s, January and July, 1865, 108⅛; do 1867, 109; June 7-30, 107¼; July 7-30s, 107¼; May Compounds 1865, 118¼.

—Railroad shares opened without animation, but the quotations were well sustained, closing at an advance, especially Erie and New York Central. The following table, reported by J. W. Kennedy, broker, shows the comparative range of prices for a week past:

[illegible]

—The earnings, expenses and rate of dividend of the Pennsylvania Central Railway Company, upon whose passenger and freight charges there is no restriction, except that imposed by competition with other lines, were as follows in each of the last three years:

[illegible]

In 1864 the earnings were $14,759,058, and the expenses were $10,693,944, leaving the net earnings $4,065,114. The percentage of expenses was 72.6, and the rate of dividend 10 per cent. It has been said of this road that it is one of the best constructed, best managed in the country, and yet its expenses average seventy-five per cent of its gross receipts.

—The Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company earned for the third week in April:

[illegible]

—The new five cent coins from the Mint in Philadelphia are the size of the present piece; the three cent and one cent pieces are somewhat smaller. The devices on all of them are alike—on one side the head of the Goddess of Liberty, surrounded by the words "United States of America," on the other side are the Roman numerals I., III. and V.

—The balance sheet of the Treasury Department will at the end of this month present a much more cheerful aspect than it did at the close of the month of March. The drafts upon the Treasury from the Navy and War Departments for the twenty-three days of the present month, amount to but four million seven hundred thousand dollars, and it is estimated that the aggregate of all drafts for April upon the Treasury to supply the demands of the Navy and War Departments will not exceed seven millions of dollars.

—The public debt statement for this month will show a reduction of the liabilities of the Government of $10,000,000.

—The receipts from customs still come in encouragingly, and have reached $11,400,000 for the twenty-three days ending yesterday. During the same period the receipts for internal revenue amount to $5,900,000.

—In New York, the loan market is quiet at 6@7 per cent. The supply of available capital is abundant, and currency continues to flow this way from the country. In discounts little is doing. There is a short supply of first-class paper offering, as a very salutary disposition is evinced by the merchants to do business on short credits. Choice names pass at 7@8. Those less in favor are quoted at 9@11.

In Philadelphia, the money market is steadily working easier—say 6@7 per cent. on call and 7 to 9 for trade paper—and though the movements of the immediate future are uncertain, the return of currency from the interior in the present stimulate a disposition on the part of the banks to branch out a little, at least so far as to meet the current demands of trade.

Provisions at Cincinnati.

During the past week, as we learn from the circular of G. W. Phillips, Jr., there has been a steady improvement in the prices of provisions, and all articles have materially advanced, the market closing very firm at the quotations given below. The demand has been mostly consumptive, though some speculative operations have been made, and the feeling of holders is, that still higher prices will be realized; but there should, and perhaps will be, a stopping point sooner or later to this advance, as in this prolific country a substitute can always be found for high priced provisions. It might, however, be inferred from the large imports previously, and the small ones of this week, that country points are nearly cleaned, and that stocks are being concentrated in cities and in strong hands, who will be able to maintain prices, and a decline may not be expected except it be temporary.

Mess Pork has advanced fully $1 ₱ bbl since my last, closing firm at $28 for city, and $27 50 for choice country brands. Old is getting scarce, and not to be had under $27.

Rumps are about done, and now held at $22@25 as to quality. Prime mess and prime in this market are fancy articles, and prices entirely nominal.

Lard has advanced to 18c, with few sales, and keg to 19c. The stock of steam and lower grades is so much reduced that it is useless to give quotations. Prime stearine has advanced to 17½c.

Bulk meats in good demand at 12¾, 14¾, 15½ and 16½c for shoulders, sides, clear rib and clear sides, all loose. Hams 15½c. Sweet pickled hams 16c.

Bacon is held higher, but is not proportionately as high as the bulk. I quote shoulders 13½c; sides 15½c; clear rib 16½c; clear 17½c, all packed.

Plain hams 17½c; sweet pickle hams 18@18½c, and sugar cured 19@20c, all canvassed and packed. At the close ½@¼c more was asked for shoulders and sides. Plate beef scarce and in demand at $23; held at $23 50@24.

Dried beef 19@20c.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
SATURDAY EVENING, April 25, 1868. }

During the past week there has been little of special interest to report in the general markets. There is more animation in some branches, but buyers are cautious and are not disposed to make purchases beyond their immediate wants. The demand for flour has been very active and higher prices are realized. Corn is in light supply and held at stiffer rates. Oats are in better supply and drooping. Rye is scarce, in demand and higher. The receipts of wheat are next to nothing and prices are tending upward. Bacon, lard and other products of hogs have been very active and still tending upward. Butter is in better supply and drooping. Eggs are firm at 22@23c. Flour is coming in to a larger extent, but with the exception of oats the receipts of produce are very light. Since our last we note the following: Flour 2,074 bbls; apples 87 bbls; cheese 9 boxes; corn 965 sacks; wheat 157 sacks; barley 70 sacks; rye 651 sacks; oats 1,491 sacks; butter 22 packages, and bulk meats (loose) 5,025 pieces.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

APPLES—Sales at $4@6 ₱ bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Choice roll butter commands 48@50c ₱ ℔, and a fair article, 43@45c ₱ ℔. It is expected that prices will be considerably lower in the course of another week.

EGGS—Holders are firm at 23c ₱ doz. Sales of 15 bbls at this figure reported.

APPLE BUTTER.—Sales of 10 kegs apple butter at $1 00 per gallon.

BACON, LARD, ETC.—The market continues active and we quote sugar cured hams at 19½c; do canvassed 20½c; shoulders 14@14½c; rib sides 16½c; clear sides 18½c; lard 18¼@18¾c, and dried beef 23@24c, ₱ ℔.

MESS PORK—Market active at $28 50 ₱ barrel.

LARD OIL—We quote extra No. 1 at $1 48, and No. 2 at $1 20 ₱ gallon.

DRIED FRUIT—Sales of 30 bbls dried peaches at 12½c ₱ ℔, and 25 bbls apples at 7c ₱ ℔.

POTATOES—Sales of peachblows were made at $1 35 ₱ bushel, in sacks, and at $4 00 ₱ barrel.

SALT—Small jobbing lots at $2 00 ₱ bbl.

FEED—The Pearl Mill prices are for bran $1 70; ship-stuffs $1 85, and middlings $2 30 ₱ hundred.

HAY—Sales on the wharf of 90 bales at $25@26 ₱ ton; 4 tons do at $24, and a few loads of loose timothy at $28@30 ₱ ton, as to quality.

GRAIN—Sales 600 bush ear corn, to arrive, purchaser furnishing sacks, at $1 ₱ bush. From store we quote shelled corn at $1 05 ₱ bush, with but a light supply in store. Rye is in demand, scarce and higher. Sales in small lots at $1 85, and 400 bush at $1 90 ₱ bush. On the wharf 200 bush oats sold at 80c ₱ bush; 700 bush at 78c per bush, and 41 sacks in depot at 78c ₱ bush. Barley is scarce and nominally $2 50 ₱ bush. Wheat is scarce and millers readily pay for red winter $2 60, and for white wheat $2 70 ₱ bush.

CORN MEAL—From store we quote at $1 10@1 15 ₱ bush.

RYE FLOUR—We quote at $9 50 ₱ bbl.

FLOUR—The market has been excited all the week, and a material advance has taken place in the Western markets, and in all localities in this section of the country. Farmers who have not disposed of their wheat are holding for higher figures, or until the next crop is sure of safety. In this market flour has not yet reached the advance that has been made in Chicago. During the past week one of our houses has not been able to fill orders, owing to the increased demand, and the large freight offering at the West has made it difficult to get on stocks in time. We note an advance in the Pearl Mill prices, which are now as follows: Extra Family Lacock, wholesale, $12 70; retail $13 20 in barrels, and in sacks ₱ barrel, wholesale, $12 40, and retail ₱ sack of 49 ℔s, $3 20. Double extra Family Pearl Mill, wholesale, in bbls, $13 30, and retail $13 80; in sacks, ₱ bbl, wholesale, $13 00, and ₱ sack of 49 ℔s retail, $3 45 each. We annex a schedule of prices of reliable brands of flour—well known to all our dealers.

T. C. Jenkins's prices, wholesale flour dealer, Checkered Front, No. 273 Liberty street:

Dayton Snow Flake White winter	$13 00
White River, Winter	12 00
Jenkins's Lilly and Favorite, winter	11 75
Crossett's ... $11 50 Emerald	11 25
Medium Brands	$10 00@10 50

Sole agent for Crossett's and Ford's Flour in this market.

Flour higher and excited, owing to the advance in Wheat and increasing demand for Flour.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, April 27, 1868. }

The following are the receipts of crude oil for the past week and from the first of January; also, the exports of refined and crude by the Allegheny Valley Railroad and the Pennsylvania Central, together with a comparison table with 1867:

	Crude Rec'ts by river and rail.	Exp'ts per Penn'a Central.	Exp'ts per Alle. Val. Railroad.
Monday, April 20	9,550	332	1,218
Tuesday, April 21	27,626	175	....
Wednesday, Ap. 22	10,528	261	2,897
Thursday, Ap. 23	6,220	243	1,769
Friday, April 24	3,569	383	1,438
Saturday, April 25	6,220	323	1,398
Total for week	63,514	1,737	8,790
Since January 1	294,578	10,713	68,085
To April 25	358,091	12,470	76,875
Same time 1867	416,257	15,501	99,875

BUSINESS—The market during the early part of the week was dull and devoid of activity. Both sides appeared inclined to hold off. Toward the close an improvement was perceptible in both the raw and the manufactured article. Prices were materially better with the advantages decidedly in favor of holders. The advance was a general one both here and in the East.

CRUDE—The week's receipts by river and rail were 63,513 bbls against 41,761 bbls for the previous week, showing a slight increase for the present week. The entire receipts from all sources from January 1st to date were 358,091 bbls; for the same period in 1867 the receipts were 416,257 bbls; decrease this year 58,166 bbls.

EXPORTS—The week's exports by rail were: Pennsylvania Central, 1,737 barrels; Allegheny Valley, 8,790. Total, 10,527 barrels, against 9,126 for the previous week, showing an increase of 1,421 barrels. The exports from January 1st, to date, were: 89,345 barrels; for the same period in 1867, the exports were 116,986 barrels; deficiency this year 27,658 barrels.

SALES—The week's sales were as follows: Crude—24,100 barrels; refined 8,500 barrels; total, 32,600 barrels, against 35,781 barrels for the previous week; deficiency this week, 3,181 barrels.

Saturday's operations: The market was steady with a good inquiry. Oil City is again excited. Dispatches say: Market strong with an upward tendency. On the creek sales were made at $3 10; on the cars at the mouth, $3 15@3 40 was demanded. A Philadelphia dispatch says: Market quiet; easier for future delivery; spot oil strong at 26@26½c, May, 26½, 26½c, June, 26@27c, July 27½c. Crude including packages, 16½@17c. In our own market, the only sale of Crude reported was 1,800 barrels bulk, spot, [illegible] spot oil firm at [illegible].

REFINED OIL—May delivery was steady at 26½c, June, 27c. We are reported sales of 5,000 barrels standard white, Philadelphia, as follows: 1,000 barrels September, 28½c; 1,000 barrels October, 28½c, and 1,000 barrels November, 28½c ₱ gallon; 2,000 for May 26½c.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

Lockhart, F & Co.	3,140	Buffum, K & Co.	5
W. McCutcheon	5	Fisher Bro.	1,030
Mawhinny & E.	1,300	Mawhinny & Bro.	1,800
Total			7,280

Oil Shipped East from Duquesne Depot.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co, 48 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
Hutchinson Oil Ref Co, 112 bbls ref to Warden, Frew & Co, Philadelphia.
G W Hebdship, 55 bbls ref, to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.
H M Long & Co, 56 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Buffum, Kehew & Co, 150 bbls ref, 51 do tar, to W P Logan, & Bro, Phila.
Montzheimer, Koehler & Co, 363 bbls ref. to Waring, King & Co, Phila.
Braun & Wagner, 300 bbls ref, to Waring, King & Co, Phila.
Forsyth, Bro & Co, 446 bbls Ref. to Warden & Frew, Philadelphia.
McKelvey & Bros, 224 bbls ref, to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.
Nat. Ref. & St. Co. 650 bbls ref to F A Dilworth, Philadelphia.

PETROLEUM MARKETS.

PHILADELPHIA.

During the past week, according to the report of the *Price Current*, there has been a decided improvement in the market for both crude and refined, and under an increased demand from the "shorts," who are anxious to close contracts before the end of the month, we advance our quotations 1 cent ₱ gallon. The sales comprise 3,300 bbls crude at 15½@16¼ cents early in the week, and since at 17@17¼ cents—closing at the latter rate; 1,000 bbls do, deliverable first half of May, at 16½ cents, b o; 4,000 bbls in bulk at 11½@12 cents; 8,000 bbls refined S W on the spot at 25½@25¾ cents, early in the week, and since at 25¾, 25½@26 cents; closing at 26 cents; 3,000 bbls do do for the balance of the month at 25½@26 cents, b o; 2,000 bbls S W for May at 26 cents, b o; 8,000 bbls last half of May at 26¼ cents, b o; 1,500 bbls do do do at 27c, b o; 1,200 bbls do do do on secret terms; 2,000 bbls S W for June at 26½ cents, b o; 1,500 bbls do do at 27 cents, b o; 2,000 bbls S W for July at 27 cents, b o; 2,000 bbls do do, last half of month at 28 cents, b o; 1,000 bbls for August at 28 cents, b o; 1,000 bbls S W for December at 28 cents, b o; 1,000 bbls do do at 28½ cents; 1,000 bbls August to December at 28½ cents, b o; 2,500 bbls (500 bbls last half of each month) August to December at 29 cents, b o; 1,000 bbls August to September at 29 cents, b o; and small lots of free at 30@35 cents—closing to-day at 26@26¼ cents for S W for April; 26½ cents for May; 27@27½ cents for June; 28 cents for July; 28½ cents for August, and 29 cents for September. Residuum commands $3 50@3 75, and benzine 12@13 cents. Lubricating oils are in better demand. Sales of Mount Farm at 30 cents; Volcanic at [illegible] cents; American Natural at [illegible] cents, and Longmoor at 25@35 cents.

The receipts during the week were 5,600 bbls crude and 6,120 bbls refined, and the exports 20,000 gallons benzine, and 719,313 gallons refined. Total export since January 1, 1868, 7,480,169 gallons, against 5,038,971 gallons same time in 1867. There are now loading for foreign ports thirty vessels with petroleum.

NEW YORK.

The market for crude has ruled dull, and, says the *Shipping List*, prices are a shade lower. We quote at the close 12½c in bulk, and 17c in shipping order. Sales 2,000 bbls in bulk at 12@12½c. Refined in bond is in demand, but holders having advanced their prices, transactions have been restricted. We quote standard White 27c bid and 27½c asked; sales 3,000 bbls S W at 26½@26¾c; 2,000 do, 27½c, S O, twenty days; 300 do, in bulk, 21c; 1,500 do, S W, on private terms; 2,000 do, S W, May, in bulk, and 2,000 do, June, on private terms; and 2,500 do, August to December, 500 each month, 29½c, B O. Free is in fair demand, with sales of 300 bbls, S W, at 33½c.

Receipts since January 1st—

1868 .... bbls 223,134 | 1867 .... bbls. 301,002

Export since 1st January—		1868.	1867.
From New York	galls.	12,302,522	8,070,697
From other ports		7,821,506	5,910,289
Total	galls.	20,124,028	13,980,986
Same time, 1866	galls.		14,576,359
Same time, 1865			3,282,411

There are now loading with petroleum for Europe eighteen vessels.

IRON MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

There has been more doing in Scotch pig, but the market, according to the *Shipping List* of Saturday, is weaker, and prices have fallen off a little, with sales 350 tons Glengarnock, from yard, part if not all $40 50@41; 100 do Summerlee, to arrive, $41; 50 do, Eglinton, here, $39; 100 do Coltness, and 200 do Gartsherrie, both to arrive on terms not made public. American remains inactive, but previous prices are pretty generally asked—$39 for the best No. 1, and lower rates for secondary brands, sales 200 tons No. 1 Crane, and 1,000 do No. 2 Thomas, on terms not transpired. Of other kinds, we notice 500 tons new American Rails and 50 do old Rails, on terms we did not learn. Bar from store, is hardly so active, and prices are without change.

PHILADELPHIA.

Pig metal is in limited demand, and the supply is light. Sales of 400 tons No. 1 Anthracite at $38@39; 200 tons No. 2 at $36@37; and grey Forge at $34@36. A sale of 600 tons Lebanon White Iron at $29 on the furnace banks, and 150 tons do Forge, here, at $34. Manufactured iron is steady at former rates; in Scotch pig there is nothing doing. Blooms are inactive. Nails are selling at previous quotations.

Lumber in Water.

A number of rafts have arrived on the Allegheny river, but prices as yet are nominal, ranging as a general thing for boards at $17@23 00, and for timber at 10@14c per cubic foot, as to quality. There is an active demand for boards.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, April 25.—Cotton firm at 31½@32c; receipts 105 bales; exports 66 bales. Flour dull and nominal. Bacon shoulders 13¾c; clear sides 18½c. Bulk shoulders 12½c; clear sides 16¼c. Lard unchanged. Corn 97c. Oats 75@78c. Bran $34.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, April 25.—Cotton active; middlings 32c; sales 3,500 bales; receipts 1,194 bales; exports 2,000 bales. Sugar and molasses nominal and unchanged.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE REMOVED MY

Banking and Exchange Office

TO THE CORNER OF

FIFTH AND WOOD STREETS,

Rooms formerly occupied by the National Bank of Commerce.

PH. R. MERTZ.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 139@139¼.

NEW YORK, April 25—P. M.

MONEY

Easy at 6@7 ₱ cent., the latter being the general rate the latter part of the day, and before the close it was impossible to lend balances at 5 ₱ cent. Prime paper passes freely at 7@8 ₱ cent.

STERLING

Dull at 109¾@110 for prime bills.

GOLD

Opened at 138⅞, and closed at 139@139¼. Loans were made at 4@2 ₱ cent. per annum, and 1-32 ₱ cent. for carrying to Monday, but last transactions were flat.

BANK STATEMENT.

Loans	$252,314,617	Dec	$1,506,369
Specie	14,934,547	Dec	1,842,095
Circulation	34,227,624	Inc	9,043
Deposits	34,227,624	Dec	1,525,034
Legal Tenders	53,866,757	Inc	3,033,097

The Assistant Treasurer to-day sold a moderate amount of gold, and was bidding 107 for 7-30 notes, but large lots could be sold at a higher on the street, which prevented the treasury from getting any. Exports of gold to-day $191,675; for the week $1,867,291.

GOVERNMENTS

Strong and active for 5-20s of '67, 10-40s and 7-30s. Henry Clews & Co. furnish the annexed 4:30 prices: Coupons '81, 112⅞@113; do '62, 111¾@111⅞; do '64, 110⅛@110¼; do '65, 110⅛@110¼; do new, 108⅜@108½; do '67, 109@109⅛; 10-40's, 102¼@102⅜; 7-30's, 107⅛@107¼.

STOCKS.

The Railway market was buoyant, active and higher. Central sold up to 126½, with heavy dealings. Erie touched 71½. Western shares all firm and generally higher, particularly Northwestern preferred and Wabash. Border State bonds steady. Miscellaneous and Express shares steady. The borrowing demand for New York Central was very active throughout the day, owing to the large uncovered short interest in stock, and loans were flat.

5:30 PRICES.

Canton 48¾@49; Cumberland 32@33; Wells Express 28@28¼; American 59@59½; Adams 61¼@61½; United States, 59¾@60; Merchants' Union 31½@31¾; Quicksilver 26½@26¾; Mariposa 7@8; Pacific Mail 93⅝@94; Atlantic Mail 30@33; Western Union Telegraph 37@37½; Erie 70¾@70⅞; do preferred 74@75; Hudson 136@136½; Harlem 120@128; do preferred 120; Reading 90⅞@90¾; Ohio and Mississippi 31¼@31½; Wabash 50@51; St. Paul, 63@63½; do preferred 76@76¼; Michigan Central 115⅛@115¼; Michigan Southern 89@90; Illinois Central 143@144, Pittsburgh 81½@81⅝; Toledo 104½@104¾; Rock Island 94¼@94½; Northwestern 61⅞@62; do preferred 74⅝@74¾; Fort Wayne 102¾@103; Hartford and Erie 14½@15; Chicago and Alton 127, Missouris 87⅞; New Tennessees 67¼.

MINING SHARES.

Dull. Quartz Hill $1 10.

RECEIPTS AT THE SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts at the Sub Treasury to-day $1,888,513; for the week $10,595,993; payments to-day $,802,574; for the week $8,502,649; balance $108,848,822.

Imports of the week—dry goods $1,137,146; general merchandise $4,419,368.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, April 25, 1868.

FLOUR—In good shipping demand and firmer; sales at $8 62½@11 15 for spring extras.

WHEAT—In good speculative and fair shipping inquiry, and ½@1c higher; sales of No. 1 at $2 17½@2 18, and No. 2 at $2 04¾@2 07¼, closing steady and firm at $2 07 for No. 2.

CORN—Fairly active; sales of No. 1 at 85½@86½c; No. 2 at 83½@84c; new at 83¾@84½c, and rejected at 81¼@83¾c, closing at 86¼@86½c for No. 1, and 84@84½c for rejected.

OATS—Quiet and 1c lower; sales at 61¾@62½c for regular and fresh receipts, closing at 62¼c for regular.

RYE—Steady and quiet at $1 87@1 90 in store.

BARLEY—Inactive and nominally unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Firmer; mess pork active and 50@75c ₱ bbl higher; sales at $27 75@28 00; mess ordinary sold at $27 00. Lard quiet and firmer and ⅛c higher; sales at 17½c. Dry salted shoulders 11¾@12c; sweet pickled hams steady and firm at 16¾@17c.

LIVE HOGS—Opened more active and closed dull and easier; sales at $9 25@9 45 for light to good smooth lots.

BEEF CATTLE—Dull; sales at $6 12½@7 50 for medium to fair.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, April 25.—Cotton a shade firmer; sales 4,700 bales at 31½@33c for middling uplands, chiefly at 33c, closing quiet, with no buyers over 32½c. Flour—Receipts 7,300 bbls; quiet and without change, low grades heavy, sales 7,500 bbls. California quiet; sales 750 sacks; unchanged. Rye flour firmer, sales 350 bbls at $8 30@9 30. Corn meal quiet; sales 650 bbls Brandywine to arrive at $6 50. Whisky nominally unchanged. Receipts of wheat 7,300 bushels; a shade firmer and quiet; sales 23,000 bushels at $2 53 for No. 2 spring in store; $2 63 for No. 1 do delivered; $2 90 for Amber State and Michigan, and No. 2 spring to arrive on private terms. Rye very scarce and firmer; sales 600 bushels State in lots at $2 25@2 35; 15,000 do western to arrive on private terms. Barley and Barley Malt quiet and unchanged. Receipts of Corn 8,260 bushels; Corn dull and a shade easier; sales 41,000 bush $1 14@1 18 for new mixed western afloat; $1 18 for old do delivered; $1 14½@1 18 for new white western and southern. Receipts of Oats 7,360 bushels; more active and easier; sales 5,000 bushels at 84½@85c for western in store; 86½@87½c for do afloat. Rice quiet at 10½@11½c for Carolina. Coffee firm; sales 1,900 bags Rio on private terms. Sugar firm; sales 650 hhds Cuba 10½@12½c. Molasses steady; sales 140 hhds Cuba at 55c. Hops quiet at 10@55c for Americano. Petroleum firm at 12¼c for crude and 26½@27c for refined bonded. Coal unchanged. Leather—Hemlock sole quiet very firm at 27@28c for Buenos Ayres light weights. Wool without decided change; sales 380,000 ℔s at 45@55c for domestic fleece; 31@58c for pulled. Pork decidedly firmer and in fair demand; sales 3,350 bbls at $28 25@28 87 for new mess, closing at $28 87 cash; $27 00@27 50 for old do, closing at $27 28 regular; $22 75@23 25 for prime; $25@25 50 for prime mess. Beef firm; sales 455 bbls at $15@20 50 for new plain mess; $20 50@25 45 for new extra mess. 210 tierces at $35@39 for prime mess and $41@44 for India mess. Beef hams nominal. Cut meats steady and less active; sales 320 packages 13@13½c for shoulders; 16@18c for hams; middles firmer; sales 180 boxes at 14½c for Cumberland cut; 15½c for short ribbed; 17½c for short clear. Lard quiet and steady; sales 490 bbls at 18@18⅝c; small lots at 18⅛@18¾c. Butter steady at 30@40c for Ohio and 50@55c for State. Cheese firm at 13@17c. Freights to Liverpool are quiet without decided change.

LATEST—5 P. M.—Flour closed quiet and a shade easier for low grades. Wheat very firm and quiet, and with some export demand for No. 2 spring to arrive. Rye scarce and very firm, with small sales of western at $2 28@2 30, and something doing in western to arrive on private terms. Oats dull and heavy at 84½@85c for western in store. Corn dull at $1 15@1 17 for new mixed western afloat, and $1 18@1 18½ for old mixed western delivered. Pork quiet and firm at $28 87½@29 00, cash and regular, for new mess. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats firm with a fair demand. Bacon quiet and firm at 14½c for Cumberland cut. Lard quiet at 18⅝@18¾c for fair to prime steam and kettle rendered. Eggs firm at 24c.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, April 25.—Flour and Wheat firm, but prices unchanged. Corn in demand and prices higher; ear 91@92c; shelled 94c. Oats firmer, supply light and prices higher, closing at 80c for No. 1. Rye firm but quiet; No. 1 held at $2 10. Barley unchanged and firm. Cotton firmer, holders asking 31c, but this rate being above the views of buyers, there was nothing done. Tobacco firm and demand good. Whisky unchanged. Provisions firmer but the demand is not active. Mess pork $28. Lard held at 18c, but there was not much demand, and not enough done to establish quotations. Bulk meats held firmly at 12¼@15c for shoulders and sides, but these rates were ¼c above the views of buyers. Bacon firm but quiet; shoulders 13¾c; clear rib sides 16¼@16½c, and clear 17¼@17½c, the outside rates being those asked; a good demand for sugar cured hams at 19½@20c. Butter dull at 30@35c for white, and 38@40c for choice yellow. Eggs firmer and in demand at 21@22c. Groceries unchanged and firm. Linseed Oil $1 14 and dull; Lard Oil $1 40@1 45. Beef Cattle scarce and in demand at $5 50@8 50. Hogs firm at $8@10 for fat. Gold firm at 138⅞ buying.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 25.—The dry goods market closed very dull but firmer for heavy brown sheeting, with a tendency toward higher rates. Appleton, Indian Head, and all the standard makes of this class are worth 18½c, although a few can be had yet, of Appleton brand, at 18c. Stark A sheetings were selling this forenoon at 17½c, but are now worth 18c. Jobbers are selling goods to-day at prices lower than they can replace them. All standard prints are steady at 14@15c. Delaines remain depressed, and some of the mills are putting their machinery on other goods, as they are losing money. Cotton and wool being on the rise, goods must rise, as stocks are smaller than generally believed.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, April 25.—Flour market firm and steady; XX spring $10@12; XX red winter $12@14; XXX white $13 50@15 50. Wheat market firm with a moderate demand; No. 1 red held at $2 65; no transactions reported in No. 2 red or spring. Corn in better request, mostly for future delivery; sales at 98c for No. 1 shelled on spot; 98c buyers balance of the month; 98c seller May. Oats held firm and in good demand; No. 1 State from store 76c. Rye nominal. Barley—there is considerable inquiry. Petroleum firm and active; bonded oil is stiff at 22@23c; free oil in fair request for the local and western trade at 32@34c.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, April 25.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton firm at 30c. Hemp unchanged. Flour dull and unchanged; very little doing. Wheat active and stiff at $2 60@2 80 for winter; $2 05@2 15 for spring. Corn dull and lower at 85@87c. Oats firm at 70@73c. Rye steady at $1 82@1 85. Barley $2 60@2 70. Provisions firm and tending upwards. Pork—sales at $28. Bacon shoulders 13½@13¾c; clear sides 17¾@18c. Lard firm at 18c for prime kettle. Live stock unchanged. It has rained all day.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, April 25.—Tobacco quiet; sales 165 hhds: $6@13 for lugs to medium leaf. Superfine flour $8 50@8 75. Cotton, middling, 31@32c. Wheat $2 50@2 65. Oats 78@80c. Corn 88@90c. Rye $2 10@2 15. Lard 18@18½c. Mess pork $28@28 25. Bacon shoulders 13½c; clear sides 17½@18c. Whisky—raw, free, $2 20.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, April 25.—Flour more active; choice Wisconsin and Iowa $9 62@10 25; medium $8 75@9 50; common $8 75@9 00. Wheat dull at $2 14½@2 15 for No. 1 spring; $2 04 for No. 2. Corn quiet and nominal at 84c for new shelled. Oats declined 1c. 62¼@63c for No 2.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—Cloverseed $5 00@6 00; Flaxseed $2 90. Flour very firm and active. Wheat in good demand; Red $3 00; White $3 15@3 25. Rye $2 10@2 20. Corn in good demand; sales 5,000 bushels yellow at $1 23; mixed western $1 22. Oats steady at 85c for heavy western. Provisions unchanged.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, April 25.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm; red $2 90@3 15. Corn dull at $1 08@1 10; yellow firm at $1 20@1 22. Oats dull; Western 85c. Rye firm at $2 10@2 17. Pork firm; mess $28 25@28 50. Bacon quiet and unchanged. Lard firm at 18¼@19½c.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, April 25—Flour steady. Wheat nominal. Corn quiet; sales 4,400 bushels new western in lots at Railroad elevator at $1 03; 2 cars new Toledo at $1 04, transferred. Oats quiet; sales 2,600 bushels western at 76c. Barley dull. Pork firm and unchanged. Seeds dull.

IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Pitts., Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Ninnick & Co, 53 cars pig metal; Bryant & Caughey, 28 cars pig iron; J Wood, Son & Co, 19 cars pig iron; Robinson, Rhea & Co, 1 do do; T C Jenkins, 300 bbls flour, 10 boxes cheese, 3 sks rags, 1 keg lard; B L Fahnestock & Co, 250 pigs lead; D Wallace, 330 bbls flour; H Schmelback, 2 cars middlings; Park, Bro & Co, 331 pcs steel, 6 bdls do; J Henkle, 100 bbl flour; M McWhinney & Co, 50 wheels; Ralya & Robinson, 1 pc machinery; H Rea Jr, 1 hlf bbl butter, 1 do onions; McCullough, Smith & Co, 34 sks rags; J Keppart, 4 grindstones; White, Bro & Co, 2 boxes hatchets; Fahnestock, Hazlett & S, 3 cars beach wood; Graff & Reiter, 5 bbl eggs, 22 bxs cheese; Pitt Paper Manufacturing Co, 91 rolls roofing paper; W J Steel & Bro, 1 bbl eggs; J Loughridge, 16 bxs 6 bdls frames; F W C Fields, 18 sks glue scraps; Coalman, Rham & Co, 31 bdls scrap iron; H E Weimer, 1 bx wraps, 1 bbl do; Graff, Hughes & Co, 1 bbl fenders; Thos Hare & Bro, 6 bdl poles; Godfrey & Clark, 1 bale rags; E W Tabor, 1 car hay; J B Canfield & Son, 15 bxs cheese; A Hooveler & Co, 4 sks tanner scraps, 1 do ox tails; Wm Cooper & Co, 10 bxs cheese; Wm Barker, Jr & Co, 6 sxs wool; J S Dilworth & Co, 1 bbl fish; C B Leech, 19 bbls rye flour; J C Klein, 150 dozen hdls; J H Lauffman & Bro, 20 bdls forks; Nanz & H, 2 cars lumber; Fry, Semple & Co, 43 bdls pearls; Meanor & Harper, 81 sks oats; M P Adams, 1 car staves; Lippincott & Bakewell, 1 c saw; W H Graff & Co, 3 bbl g apples; Jas Lippincott, 1,312 bacon shoulder; McClure & McKee, 100 bbls flour; E B Thomas, 100 do do.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Stewart & Laugenheim, 1 car middlings; Superior Iron Co, 4 cars lime stone; Z Gillespie & Co, 1 car stone; P Peterson, 3 stones, 6 grates, 2 fire backs; Wm Martin, 1 case boots and shoes; G W Hubley, 1 box smoothing irons, 1 small box; J B Jonns, 1 car scrap iron; W P Townsend, 4 casks, 1 bx rivets; Reymer, Bauman & Co, 14 sks bbl vinegar, 1 bbl cider; H Gerwig, 8 bales twine; F Altrate & Co, 2 cars stone; S C McMaster, 1 car hay; M Weil, 50 bbl cider; C Lotz, 1 car staves; J Irwin, 9 bxs trees; McIntire & McNish, 1 car stone; Bunte & Co, 1 do do.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Shoenberger & Blair, 3 cars Mormoria ore, 4 cars Canada do; Graff, Bennett & Co, 4 cars Champ ore; Lloyd & Black, 2 do do; J L L Knox, 1 car stone, Van Gorder & Sheppard, 12 sacks potatoes, 80 jugs molasses; Burgan & Co, 1 car lumber; Springer, Harbaugh & Co, 216 green hides; Union Iron Mills, 2 cars pig iron; Cambria Iron Co, 1 do do; D Harbaugh & Co, 112 green hides; J D Springer, 1 g saw; Wm McCully, 10 bbls glass; W U Telegraph Co, 6 coils wire; Reymer, Bauman & Co, 1 bbl putty; J A Tuttle, 1 melodeon; C Gliss, 1 cask ware; Jones M & Co, 6 bbls knobs; J Daub, 2 bbls d peaches, 2 kegs lard; Fleming & Torrance, 1 bx scraps; T C Jenkins, 50 jugs molasses; Lippincott & Bro, 1 saw; Thomas Braden, 5 mowes, 5 poles, 5 f bars, 5 bdls; J B Canfield & S, 9 bbls p ash; Rose & Ewing, 13 sks oats; J M Seibert, 5,500 feet scantling; Wm McCutcheon, 50 bbl c oil.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Ralya & Robertson, 14,000 feet lumber, 1 lot staves; Stewart & Laugenheim, 100 bbls flour; R & W Jenkinson, 1 bbl tobacco, 1 keg do; Adair & Shearer, 1 car stone; Lewis, Bailey, Dalzelle & Co, 1 bbl iron; J Scott, 30 bbls glass ware; R Steuens, 1 bx mdse; James Craig, 40 jugs molasses.

Pitts. Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad.

Graff & Reiter, 2 bbl potatoes; J B Canfield, 100 bbls flour; J J Pettit, 1 bbl eggs, 1 bx 1 bbl rags; W H Cohen, 1 bbl eggs; J S Newman, 1 bbl vinegar; W H Graff & Co, 11 kits butter; McHenry & Hood, 20 sks rye; Logan, Gregg & Co, 1 box hard ware; F Sellers & Co, 3 pkgs; C H Love, 13 sks oats; T Hare & Bro, 1 bx h ware; Voigt, Mahood & Co, 8 bbl green apples; Graff & Reiter, 2 bbl potatoes; J Woodwell & Co, 2 bxs tools; Stewart & Laugenheim, 220 sacks flour, 9,000 bbls mill feed; C C Smith, 4 cars staves; G Eberhart, 1 car do; J D Odell, 4,600 feet lumber; R Robinson & Co, 10 bbl vinegar; S B Floyd & Co, 1 car middlings; M P Adams & Bro, 1 car staves.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Shoneberger & Blair, 2 cars lime stone; McKnight & Co, 2 cars pig cars iron; P, Ft W & C R R, 244 rails railroad iron; H Woodsides, 2 cars pig iron; B Pfaum, 20 sheep pelts, 1 sk tails; A Boeshive, 5 calves, 6 sheep; Kiel & Ritchart, 18 sks rye; A McClintock, 2,000 hoops; Carroll & Snyder, 1 bx, 1 keg rivets, 1 forge; McCullough, Smith & Co, 2 bbl rags; D E Saxton, 12 bdl trees; J Schwabm, 4 bbl eggs; P S Miller, 4 sacks potatoes, 8 acks wool; Monongahela House 7 pkgs marketing; various owners, 3 cars marketing.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

C P Markle, 82 bdls straw paper; C P Markle & Co, 61 bdls printing paper; Fulton, Bollman & Co, 182 coils rope 30 bales oakum; W F Armstrong, 102 bdls sheet iron; S M Wickersham, 11 tons pig iron; Page, Zellers & Duff, 1 car sand; A & D H Chambers, 1 do do; A Hoveler & Co, 26 bxs bones; Miller & Bro, 6 cars iron, 12 bolts; Christ Ulempting, 26 bbl bones; W Cooper, 17 empty bbls.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Brownsville and Geneva U. S. Mail Line.

Reymer & Bros, 1 bbl mdse; Arrison & Co, 2 boxes butter, 1 do beans, 5 do eggs, 1 do chickens, 9 sacks rags, 1 do onions; L Vogle, 1 box mdse; Graff, Hughes & Co, 2 bbl coal; R Mitchell, 80 bdls straw boards; R Stevenson, 1 cook stove and fixtures; G W Hoover, 300 feet lumber; J L Moorhouse, 10 barrel eggs; R C Schmertz, 168 bxs w glass; J Knox, 1 bbl sundries.

Brownsville & Geneva by Peeple's Line.

McHenry & Hood, 58 sks oats; John Havre, 232 do do; W G Bane, 25 bales hay, 20 sks wool; Dillinger & Stevenson, 13 do oats; M W Rankin, 4 bbl eggs, Lorenz & Whitman, 167 bxs w glass.

Wheeling.

PER STEMER INGOMAR.—H Williamson, 120 sks corn; George McCandless, 1 horse; H Ansnuts, 2 bbl cider, 1 keg wine, 1 bx sundries, 1 pkg lard, 1 do m molasses; Carr, McCandless & Co, 3 bxs rags; Head & Metzgar, 1 bbl dried peaches, 1 do vinegar, 1 box bacon; McBane & Anjer, 3 bbl d apples; McCullough Smith & Co, 13 sks rags; W Flacus & Son, 4 sks cow tails; Graff & Reiter, 5 kegs apple butter; J R Lindsay, 1 anvil; J K Dunham, 3 bbl wine; C H Paulson, 1 bx mdse; B D Moore, 29 oil bbls; Rose & Ewing, 31 bales hay; McHenry & Hood, 12 sks barley, 4 do rye; James Owens, 50 sks potatoes, 14 bales hay.

Parkersburg.

PER STEAMER GREY EAGLE.—Morrison & Devol, 1 bbl eggs, 328 sks corn; Jas Glenn, 12 sks barley; Westley Wilson, 50 bbls crude oil; J & W Fairley, 122 bales hay; Jas Collins, 43 sks oats; R Presser, 100 bbls ale, 2 do porter; Head & Metzgar, 9 pkgs eggs, 2 bxs butter; VanGorder & Shepard, 5 bbls eggs; H Riddie, 3 bbls eggs; Munhall & McGraw, 5 bbls whisky; T J Richardson, 1 do do; M Willioms, 110 oil bbls; Thos Musgrave, 100 do; Casland & Toule, 1 bx tiles; Palmer & Phillips, 10 doz chairs; J Brunhard, 8½ do; Godfrey & Clark, 650 sks rags, McCullough, Smith & Co, 21 do do; Graff, Bennett & Co, 2,800 circular fire brick; Voight, Mahood & Co, 13 bbls potatoes, 3 bbls eggs, 5 do dried apples, 1 bx butter; Bennett & Fawcett, 10 casks earthen ware; Clark & Co, 21 do do.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Wheeling.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., April 26, 1868.

Saturday's port list: Arrived—Express from Parkersburg; Robert Moore and Grey Eagle from Pittsburgh. Departed—Express and Grey Eagle for Parkersburg; Moore for Portsmouth; Hudson for Cincinnati. Sunday: Arrived—Rebecca from Parkersburg; St. Marys from Cincinnati; Julia from Zanesville. The Delaware passed down. Departed St. Marys and Julia for Pittsburgh. The Armenia arrived from St. Louis and laid over to patch a burnt boiler. River seven feet six inches and falling. Weather clear and pleasant. H.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., April 25, 1868.

River stationary at six feet. Weather cool and it is raining. Mc.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., April 26, 1868.

River on a stand at six feet. Weather clear and pleasant. Mc.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., April 25, 1868.

River on a stand at two feet. Weather cloudy, damp and cool. W.

MORGANTOWN, W. VA., April 26, 1868.

River on a stand at two feet. Weather clear and cool. W.

Greensboro.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., April 25, 1868.

River at a stand with about six feet water in the channel. Weather cool and raining. C.

GREENSBORO, PA., April 26, 1868.

River about on a stand, with scant six feet water. Weather pleasant and clear. C.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, April 25.—River falling slowly, with nine feet two inches in the canal. Weather cloudy and wet.

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED.

Arrived.

Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
E. Bennett	Cox	Geneva.
Chieftain	Hendrickson	Geneva.
Fayette	Donaldson	Geneva.
Ingomar	Kemple	Wheeling.
Kate Putnam	Lighner	St. Louis.
Julia No. 2	Coulson	Zanesville.
St. Mary's	Sweeney	Cincinnati.
Ida Rees	Rees	Emlinton.

Departed.

Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
E. Bennett	Cox	Geneva.
Elector	Phillips	Geneva.
Franklin	Cormack	Geneva.
Grey Eagle	Brennan	Parkersburg.
Delaware	Calhoun	Nashville.

MONONGAHELA MARKS—Five feet two.

ALLEGHENY MARKS—Six feet four—falling.

MATTERS AND THINGS ALONG THE WHARF.—Business in the vicinity of the landing on Saturday was very dull. The shipments were of a limited description. The only departures outside the regular packets was the Delaware, for Nashville. The St. Mary's, Captain Sweeney, is announced for Cincinnati at noon—a fine opportunity to persons going that way. The punctual steamer, Julia No 2, will be found at the landing; she will return to Zanesville at 4 P. M. Tuesday. The Argosy leaves for Cincinnati on Wednesday. The New York is announced for Nashville; the Lorena for Saint Paul. The Glendale, Captain Hare's pet, is announced for St. Louis and Missouri river. The Wild Duck and barges is announced for St. Louis. The Kate Putnam came in from St. Louis with a good trip.

THE fine packet Kate Robinson takes her departure on Thursday for Cincinnati and way points.

THE fine side wheel packet Ingomar, Capt. Kemple, takes her departure this day at 11 A. M., for Wheeling and intermediate points.

CAPT. ANAWALT, with his Wild Duck and barges, is receiving for St. Louis, and is announced for St. Louis on Thursday next.

THE United States Mail Line for Brownsville leave daily at 8 A. M. and 4 P. M., the morning boat going through to Geneva. Our old friend Cox still walks the deck of the Elisha Bennett.

THE People's Line Packets leave their wharf-boat daily at 5 P. M., for Monongahela City, Brownsville and Geneva. These boats have unsurpassed accommodations, and are in charge of careful and attentive officers.

THE first-class packet Leonora, Captain S. Shuman, is announced for St. Louis and St. Paul, in connection with the Northern Line, and is announced for Saturday at 5 P. M. This boat has very superior accommodations, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers.

THE magnificent passenger packet St. Mary's, Capt. Sweeney, takes her departure this day at 12 M for Cincinnati and all way points. For special accommodations and attention the officer of this boat stands A No. 1. Persons who have traveled on her speak in flattering terms of her appointments.

THE first class passenger steamer Glendale, Capt J. M. Hare, is announced for St. Louis and Missouri river direct, and will go through without reshipping. This boat is well found in every respect, and is in charge of officer that would make a less worthy boat popular. Captain James Mellon, who presides in office, stands at the head of the profession.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.—Arrived—Victory, from New Orleans; Tacony, from Tennessee river; Nightingale, from Cincinnati; Peter Balen, from Dubuque. Departed—Itasca and Savanna, for St. Paul; Urilda, for Fort Benton; Turner, for Omaha; Great Republic, for New Orleans; Rubicon for Vicksburg; Melnotte, for Cincinnati; Ida, for Arkansas river. River falling slowly, and all the upper streams declining.

The Messenger took at Winona 4,000 sacks wheat for Cincinnati, and 1,000 pigs lead for Pittsburgh.

Barge transportation on the Mississippi is continually growing in importance. In the St. Louis *Democrat* of Wednesday, we find the following editorial:

Our commercial column to-day records a fact of especial importance—not in itself, but as the foretaste and precursor of much that is to come. A party of St. Louis men, consisting of Messrs. E. O. Stanard, A. W. Fagin, Alex. H. Smith & Co., and Henry C. Yeager & Co., shipped yesterday, from St. Louis to New York, by river, 25,000 bushels of wheat at 30 cents a bushel—all costs of transfer, handling, trimming, &c., at New Orleans, and towage at New York included. The wheat was purchased for $2 05, and was insured by the Citizens' Insurance Company for $1 40 net per hundred. This is the first direct shipment of wheat in bulk to New York, but by no means the last. "What man has done, man can do." As for corn, the problem is already solved. The new York *Tribune* mentions the receipt by Walbridge & Co. of 100,000 bushels of corn via New Orleans, in eighteen days, total cost of transportation three cents per bushel, and adds, "the time might have been a little shortened, but not much, had the grain been transmitted by railroad at a higher cost."

Thus we hear from both ends of the line at once. But this is not the best. It is well to be independent of the railways between St. Louis and New York, but it is still better to be independent of New York. Wherever St. Louis pleases she can emancipate herself from that dependence. A strong party is now formed in this city, in connection with a party in Liverpool, to undertake the shipment of grain from this city direct to Liverpool, at such rates as to command plenty of business. Of course if St. Louis can ship to New York by river and ocean cheaper than transportation can be obtained by any other route, it can also ship to Liverpool with equal or greater advantage. But shipments to Liverpool open the way for larger direct importation from Liverpool. Some of our merchants observing that freights to New Orleans from Liverpool were actually lower than from Liverpool to New York, have begun to receive their cargoes direct from England. Will any dry goods dealer tell us why he cannot do the same thing at profit?

Saturday's Cincinnati *Gazette* furnishes the following: The J. N. McCullough will be here Saturday, to return to Pittsburgh Sunday, which will be her regular day of departure from here every week.

A dispatch was received yesterday, announcing the burning of the steamer Starlight, at Algiers, opposite New Orleans, yesterday morning, and saying she was a total loss. She was insured in this city for $12,000, in the Enterprise, Citizens', Boatmen's, Eureka, Crescent, Germania, Queen City and Merchants' offices; was owned by Gen. F. Davidson and others, of this city, and valued at $18,000.

The Westmoreland had 20 members of the St. Charles (New Orleans) theatrical company as passengers, *en route* east.

The Westmoreland, one of the best boats we have in the New Orleans trade in charge of competent officers, is receiving for return trip, and has already made some heavy engagements. She will depart at an early day.

The steamer built from the ruins of the Pine Bluff, which we mentioned yesterday, is called the Europa.

The St Marys, for Pittsburgh, had all the freight she wanted, when she left last evening, including about 1,000 sacks grain.

FOR SALE.

THE STAUNCH TOWBOAT LARK,

Built in 1865, now in complete running order, and is one of the best Towboats of her size on the river. Apply to

CAPT. A. JACOBS, Brownsville, or
J. C. DOANE,
144 Water street, Pittsburgh.
tf

GEO. H. GHRIEST .... AND. J. HASLETT,

GHRIEST & HASLETT,

FORWARDING and COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND

General Steamboat Freight Agents.

tf Office: Corner Water and Market streets.

JAS. H. HOLMES,

GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENT,

OFFICE, 36 MONROE STREET,

WHEELING, W. VA.

AUCTION SALES.

AT NOS. 55 AND 57 FIFTH STREET.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY

Closing Out Auction Sal

ELEGANT SILVERWARE,

FRENCH CLOCKS, PARLOR ORNAMENTS,

ON

TUESDAY, APRIL 28, AT 2 AND 7
O'CLOCK, P. M., AT

MASONIC HALL AUCTION ROOM

55 AND 57 FIFTH STREET.

Special attention is asked to this sale by those desiring either a complete or partial Silverware Furnishment, being the largest and finest lot ever offered at sale in this city. The Goods are late and recherche styles and patterns, manufactured exclusively for customer sales by one of the most reliable Eastern Houses, and guaranteed TRIPLE PLAT. In the assortment may be found choice tete sets, elegant and varied tea sets, urns, dinner, tea and pickle castors, cake, card and fruit baskets, stands and servers; with an endless variety of other articles.

SMITHSON, VANHOOK & McCLELLAND,
Auctioneers.

RIVER PACKETS.

Allegheny River.

Allegheny River Packet Line.

LEAVES EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., from the foot of Irwin street,

This Line is composed of the following Boats:

IDA REES No. 2, R. REES, Master, W. [illegible] STEWART, Clerk.

ECHO No. 3, E. GORDON, Master, A. D. BU[illegible]SELL, Clerk.

The above Boats were built expressly for the Trade, have superior accommodations and attentive officers.

Monongahela River.

TO ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.

PEOPLE'S LINE.

1868. 1868.

The new and elegant Sidewheel Passenger Packets,

CHIEFTAIN .... CAPT. J. L. HENDRICKSON.
ELECTOR .... CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH DAILY AT 5 P. M.

Wharfboat, foot of Grant street.

☞ No Commission on Eastern Freight.

WM. G. BARR,
AGENT.
R. R. ABRAMS,
General Superintendent, Brownsville, Pa.

Pittsburgh and Wheeling.

Fare Reduced. Regular Packet Between Pittsburgh and Wheeling.

The fast running side-wheel steamer INGOMAR, Captain FRED. KIMPLE, leaves Pittsburgh every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M. Returning—Leaves Wheeling every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 7 o'clock A. M.

Cabin Passage—From Pittsburgh to Wheeling, $1 00; from Pittsburgh to Long Reach, $2 00; from Pittsburgh to Marietta and Parkersburg, $3 00.

All Freight carried at reduced rates.

This steamer connects at Wheeling with the U. S. Mail Steamer EXPRESS.

For further information apply on Board, or to

JOHN FLACK,
Agent, Pittsburgh.
BOOTH, BATTELLE & CO.,
Agents, Wheeling.

Marietta and Parkersburg.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING,

Marietta and Parkersburg Line.

1868. 1868.

Leave Company's Wharfboat, foot of Wood street, Daily at 12 M.

MONDAYS AND THURSDAYS.
J. N. M'CULLOUGH .... GEO. D. MOORE, Master.
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.
BAYARD .... A. S. SHEPHERD, Master.
WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE .... C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by

tf JAMES COLLINS, Agent.

Muskingum River Packet Line.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.

Leaves Pittsburgh Every TUESDAY—4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville Every FRIDAY—8 A. M.

The new and splendid passenger steamer JULIA No. 2, Captain WM. COULSON, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

Portsmouth.

For Gallipolis and Portsmouth.

EVERY FRIDAY—4 P. M.

The new and splendid passenger steamer ROBERT MOORE, W. H. KERR, Commander, will leave as announced above.

Freights receipted through to Chillicothe.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

JOHN FLACK, Agent.

Cincinnati.

FOR CINCINNATI.

THURSDAY PACKET, AT 12 M.

The new and splendid side-wheel Steamer

J. N. McCullough,

G. D. MOORE, Commander.
D. MOORE, Clerk.

The above magnificent Steamer will leave as announced above.

For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to

BARNES & COLLINS, Agents.

For Cincinnati.

EVERY WEDNESDAY—4 P. M.

The fine passenger steamer ARGOSY, L. VANDERGRIFT, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

BARNES & COLLINS, Agents.

REGULAR CINCINNATI PACKETS.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Big Sandy, Ironton, Portsmouth, Maysville and Cincinnati.

The splendid side-wheel steamers

ST. MARYS .... T. C. SWEENEY, Master
EVERY MONDAY, AT 4 P. M.
ST. CHARLES .... C. A. DRAVO, Master.
EVERY FRIDAY, AT 5 P. M.

The above elegant side-wheel steamers will leave regularly as announced, connecting at Cincinnati with Packets and Railroads to Louisville, Nashville Memphis New Orleans and St. Louis. Also to the Upper Mississippi and Missouri rivers.

Freight or passengers receipted through either by rail or river.

Especial attention given to Orders and Way Business.

BARNES & COLLINS,
GHRIEST & HASLETT, Agents.

Louisville.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

THURSDAY, 30TH INST—4 P. M.

The splendid steamer KATE ROBINSON, R. ROBINSON, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

Nashville.

For Louisville, Clarksville and Nashville

MONDAY, April 27—4 P. M.

The fine passenger steamer NEW YORK, H. C. RICHMOND, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
GHRIEST & HASLETT, or
JAMES COLLINS, Agents.

St. Louis.

For St. Louis and Missouri River, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas City, Atchison, St. Joseph and Omaha.

TUESDAY, April 28

The steamer GLENDALE, J. M. HARE, Master, will leave for the above and intermediate ports.

For freight or passage apply on board.

PITTSBURGH AND ST. LOUIS BARGE LINE.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

THURSDAY, April 30.

The Tow Boat WILD DUCK and Barges, J. W. ANAWALT, Commander, will leave as announced above.

For freight only apply on board.

J. W. ANAWALT.
C. BARNES, Agent.

St. Paul.

For St. Louis, Dubuque, St. Paul and intermediate ports, in connection with the Northern Line.

TUESDAY, 28TH INST.

The splendid passenger steamer LORENA, S. SHUMAN, Commander, will leave as above.

For Freight or passage apply on board or to

FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents

St. Louis Advertisement.

1868. 1868.

NORTHERN LINE,

FROM

ST. LOUIS TO ST. PAUL.

One of these elegant Steamers leaves St. Louis daily for St. Paul and all intermediate points on the Upper Mississippi River. Through receipts for Freight and Passengers given by Pittsburgh Line Boats, connecting with Northern Line at St. Louis, thus enabling consignors to get their freight through without delay and at lowest rates.

J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
JOHN FLACK, Agents, or
R. C. GRAY.

LIPPINCOTT & BAKEWELL
PATENT GROUND
TEMPERED
CAST STEEL

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE IN PACKAGES OF ONE HUNDRED EACH.